

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.0485, 9.0060, 1.7978)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.0485, 9.0060, 1.7978)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E5E0D
RGB	62, 94, 13
RGB Percent	24%, 37%, 5%
CMY	0.7569, 0.6314, 0.9490
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.86, 0.63
HSL	84°, 76%, 21%
HSV	84°, 86%, 37%
XYZ	6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098
YIQ	75.1980, 6.9290, -31.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

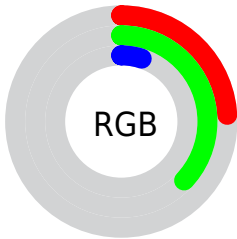
Format	Color
R_{YB}	13, 94, 45
Decimal	4087309
CIE _{Lab}	36.10, -24.79, 38.78
CIE _{LCh}	36, 46.025, 122.584
Yxy	9.0586, 0.3581, 0.5350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282277389 (0xFF3E5E0D)
YUV	75.1980, -30.6636, -11.5746
Hunter-Lab	30.0975, -16.7186, 17.5031

Details

The XYZ color **6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **3.2469, 1.6542, 10.7383**, and the grayscale version is **6.7768, 7.1297, 7.7642**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **17.8609, 24.1317, 8.5670**, and **1.1681, 2.1112, 0.3459** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **5.7843, 8.9218, 1.5207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.3792, 9.2136, 2.2219**.

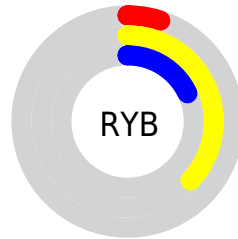
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (37%)

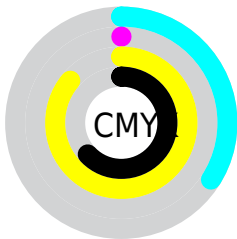
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (18%)

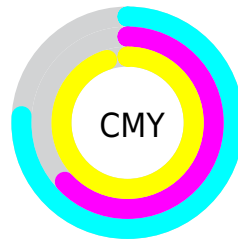


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.0620, 9.0586,
1.8098

6.0620, 9.0586,
1.8098

154.3465,
183.8144, 119.3498

2.9238, 4.7794,
0.4344

17.7836, 24.0091,
8.5140

1.1136, 2.1184,
0.0000

27.0977, 35.4492,
14.7710

0.0365, 0.6750,
0.0000

39.2012, 50.0450,
23.5226

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

54.4594, 68.1810,
35.1875

73.2376, 90.2416,
50.1841

95.9013, 116.6110,

68.9310

■ 122.8158,
147.6739, 91.8467

■ 6.0620, 9.0586,
1.8098

■ 6.0620, 9.0586,
1.8098

■ 5.7843, 8.9218,
1.5207

■ 6.3792, 9.2136,
2.2219

■ 5.6824, 8.8716,
1.4129

■ 6.7457, 9.3899,
2.8096

■ 7.1652, 9.5894,
3.5900

■ 7.6408, 9.8131,
4.5780

■ 8.1753, 10.0625,
5.7872

■ 8.7714, 10.3385,
7.2298

■ 9.4315, 10.6421,
8.9173

■ 10.1579, 10.9743,
10.8604

■ 10.9527, 11.3360,
13.0690

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.3735, 9.0586, 1.1471



6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098



4.7136, 9.0586, 4.3995

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098



6.3951, 9.0586, 30.3723



15.0554, 9.0586, 9.1955

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098



3.2469, 1.6542, 10.7383

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.2163, 9.0586, 18.6213



6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098



8.8508, 9.0586, 34.0859

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098



4.8751, 9.0586, 20.4888



11.7872, 9.0586, 28.9485



13.8855, 9.0586, 3.7440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098



4.3548, 9.0586, 8.0328



11.7872, 9.0586, 28.9485



14.9990, 9.0586, 11.9526

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.0622, 9.0590, 1.8100



15.2877, 18.0694, 12.4839



5.5917, 4.2143, 0.8997



3.6069, 4.3038, 2.8526



48.1978, 50.7079, 55.2208



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.0622, 9.0590, 1.8100



9.8359, 15.4750, 2.4686



4.4166, 8.2106, 1.7330



2.4212, 2.6458, 2.5094



7.8072, 12.2462, 1.9523



41.7339, 66.5354, 10.6430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.2469, 1.6542, 10.7383



4.7737, 2.0522, 18.6871



5.8703, 3.0066, 10.8611



2.2963, 2.3201, 2.9012



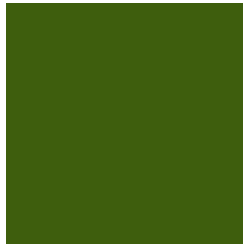
3.8053, 1.6388, 14.7679



19.8931, 8.4869, 80.8254

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

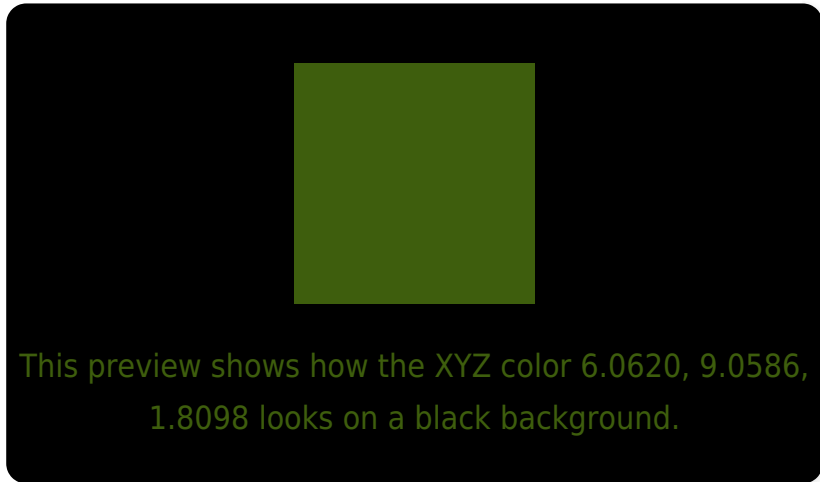
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098

Protanopia

8.1272, 9.0057, 1.5971

Deuteranopia

9.0769, 8.9210, 2.0026



Tritanopia

8.1011, 9.0023, 11.9003

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098

Protanomaly

7.2063, 8.8884, 1.6524

Deuteranomaly

7.6804, 8.7682, 1.9037

Tritanomaly

6.9942, 8.9229, 6.3547

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098

Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

Achromatomaly

6.1629, 7.5846, 4.3880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 94, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 94, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 94, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 94, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 94, 13) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 94, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 94, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 94, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 94, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 94, 13)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.0620, 9.0586, 1.8098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 94, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 94,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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