

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.0871, 10.0370, 8.6178)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.0871, 10.0370, 8.6178)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(6.0909, 10.0386,
8.6378)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00664D
RGB	0, 102, 77
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 30%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6000, 0.6980
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.25, 0.60
HSL	165°, 100%, 20%
HSV	165°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378
YIQ	68.6520, -52.7670, -29.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

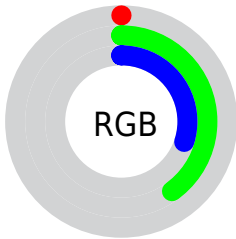
Format	Color
RYB	0, 58, 102
Decimal	26189
CIELab	37.91, -32.29, 7.01
CIELCh	38, 33.044, 167.744
Yxy	10.0386, 0.2459, 0.4053
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216269 (0xFF00664D)
YUV	68.6520, 4.1156, -60.2078
Hunter-Lab	31.6837, -21.1316, 6.0147

Details

The XYZ color **6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **5.6552, 2.8951, 1.1806**, and the grayscale version is **5.5997, 5.8914, 6.4157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **17.8473, 25.9197, 23.8010**, and **1.5937, 2.7481, 1.8853** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.0912, 10.0390, 8.6380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.3089, 10.1408, 9.1180**.

Distribution



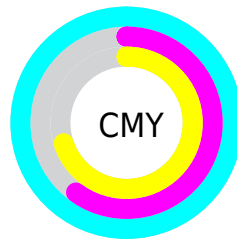
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.0909, 10.0386,
8.6378

6.0909, 10.0386,
8.6378

154.5963,
190.9473, 190.7699

2.9416, 5.4246,
4.4121

17.8428, 25.8681,
23.7661

1.1230, 2.4985,
1.8540

27.1761, 37.8523,
35.5058

0.0442, 0.8759,
0.4633

39.3014, 53.0620,
50.5873

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


54.5842, 71.8817,
69.4291


73.3897, 94.6957,
92.4497


96.0833, 121.8883,


120.0676


 123.0304,
153.8441, 152.7016


 6.0909, 10.0386,
8.6378


 6.0909, 10.0386,
8.6378


 6.0912, 10.0390,
8.6380

 6.3089, 10.1408,
9.1180

 6.5713, 10.2653,
9.6179

 6.9247, 10.4363,
10.1403

 7.3785, 10.6586,
10.6856

 7.9412, 10.9367,
11.2545

■ 8.6204, 11.2744,
11.8475

■ 9.4227, 11.6752,
12.4650

■ 10.3545, 12.1423,
13.1077

■ 11.4217, 12.6788,
13.7759

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.8347, 10.0386, 4.8161



6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378



6.1660, 10.0386, 14.8819

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378



10.8364, 10.0386, 26.2166



12.5486, 10.0386, 4.3734

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378



5.6552, 2.8951, 1.1806

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.9669, 10.0386, 7.7486



6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378



12.8823, 10.0386, 20.7924

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378



8.7032, 10.0386, 26.7376



14.0973, 10.0386, 13.5963



10.4318, 10.0386, 3.0379

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378



6.6711, 10.0386, 19.7317



14.0973, 10.0386, 13.5963



13.1355, 10.0386, 5.2347

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.0912, 10.0390, 8.6380



16.3946, 20.4098, 21.7650



5.1650, 9.7163, 1.6032



3.7660, 4.7640, 5.0586



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.0912, 10.0390, 8.6380



10.6379, 17.5878, 14.9158



5.0175, 6.1977, 13.5027



2.8764, 3.1743, 3.4505



7.8072, 12.8865, 11.0124



40.3606, 67.0668, 55.5484

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.6552, 2.8951, 1.1806



9.8774, 5.0611, 1.8588



5.8382, 3.5418, 0.3760



2.8545, 2.8564, 3.1061



7.2485, 3.7124, 1.4410



37.5031, 19.2412, 5.9264

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

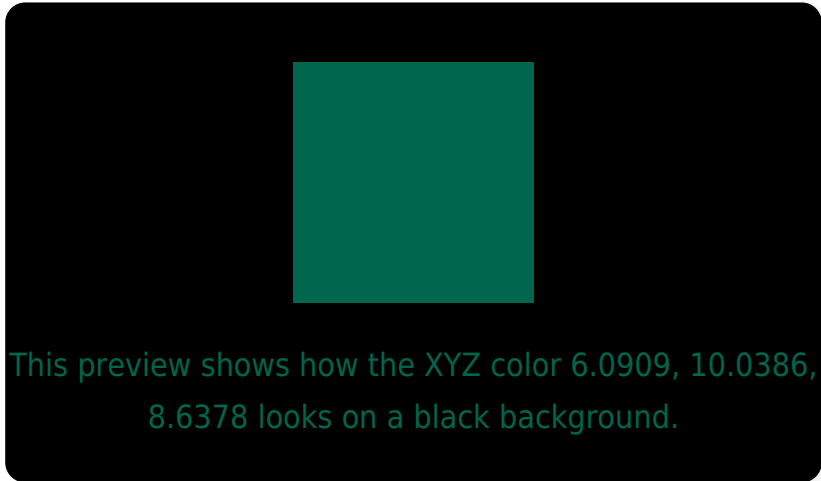
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.0909, 10.0386,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378

Protanopia

9.4290, 10.0326, 7.4008

Deuteranopia

10.1798, 10.0164, 9.1814



Tritanopia

7.5649, 10.0830, 15.1832

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378

Protanomaly

7.0688, 9.4471, 7.7542

Deuteranomaly

7.3895, 9.3235, 8.9996

Tritanomaly

6.8159, 9.8986, 12.3779

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378

Achromatopsia

5.6565, 5.9511, 6.4808

Achromatomaly

5.1508, 6.8882, 7.1890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 102, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 102, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 102, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 102, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 102, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 102, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 102, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 102, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.0909, 10.0386, 8.6378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 102, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 102,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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