

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.0884, 10.9766, 17.6052)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.0884, 10.9766, 17.6052)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.5059, 12.1522,
17.8169)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006D72
RGB	0, 109, 114
RGB Percent	0%, 43%, 45%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5725, 0.5529
CMYK	1.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	183°, 100%, 22%
HSV	183°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169
YIQ	76.9790, -66.5690, -21.5530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

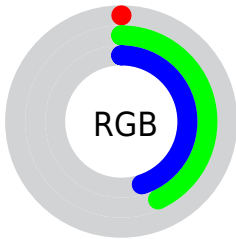
Format	Color
RYB	0, 56, 114
Decimal	28018
CIELab	41.46, -24.01, -10.33
CIELCh	41, 26.139, 203.275
Yxy	12.1522, 0.2211, 0.3158
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218098 (0xFF006D72)
YUV	76.9790, 18.2514, -67.5106
Hunter-Lab	34.8600, -17.4507, -5.9010

Details

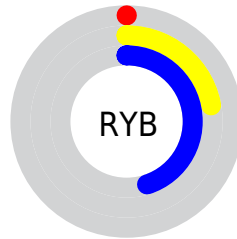
The XYZ color **8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.9940, 3.6863, 0.3432**, and the grayscale version is **7.0270, 7.3929, 8.0509**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.6884, 29.8207, 40.6366**, and **2.6521, 3.7308, 5.7346** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.5061, 12.1525, 17.8172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.7031, 12.3335, 17.8417**.

Distribution



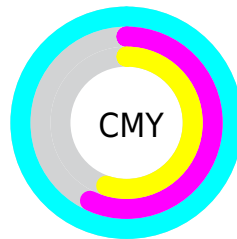
- Red (0%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.5059, 12.1522,
17.8169

8.5059, 12.1522,
17.8169

173.9342,
205.4103, 252.0383

4.4748, 6.8474,
10.6505

22.6204, 29.7720,
40.5348

1.9741, 3.3669,
5.7212

33.4346, 42.8558,
56.9234

0.6194, 1.3261,
2.6102

47.2406, 59.3014,
77.2232

0.0000, 0.1613,
0.8977

64.4037, 79.4932,
101.8526

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

85.2892, 103.8156,
131.2304

110.2626,

132.6530, 165.7748

139.6891,
166.3898, 205.9047

8.5059, 12.1522,
17.8169

8.5059, 12.1522,
17.8169

8.5061, 12.1525,
17.8172

8.7031, 12.3335,
17.8417

8.9625, 12.5471,
17.8693

9.3342, 12.8190,
17.9022

9.8312, 13.1560,
17.9410

10.4647, 13.5638,
17.9864

■ 11.2444, 14.0474,
18.0386

■ 12.1794, 14.6115,
18.0982

■ 13.2779, 15.2604,
18.1656

■ 14.5477, 15.9980,
18.2410

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.2856, 12.1522, 12.0426



8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169



9.4985, 12.1522, 23.5274

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169



14.7366, 12.1522, 20.5352



11.9839, 12.1522, 5.3174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169



6.9940, 3.6863, 0.3432

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.8782, 12.1522, 6.4869



8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169



15.5764, 12.1522, 14.4966

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169



13.0565, 12.1522, 25.3740



15.2462, 12.1522, 9.5095



10.1646, 12.1522, 5.7538

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169



10.5295, 12.1522, 26.0109



15.2462, 12.1522, 9.5095



12.6351, 12.1522, 5.5220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.5063, 12.1526, 17.8172



21.2637, 25.5936, 31.7948



6.0384, 12.0432, 2.1158



4.7901, 5.8425, 7.3450



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.5063, 12.1526, 17.8172



14.9234, 21.3070, 31.3016



4.3200, 3.7801, 16.4218



3.4630, 3.7913, 4.3035



9.4656, 13.5215, 19.8326



46.9829, 67.0176, 98.7386

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.7001, 4.6819, 14.8609



17.0332, 8.2220, 26.0503



8.5980, 6.8943, 0.8779



3.5084, 3.4511, 4.2039



10.7961, 5.2108, 16.5342



53.6948, 25.9232, 81.9137

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

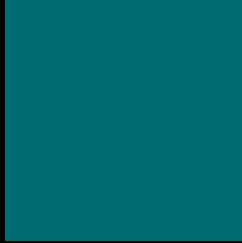
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

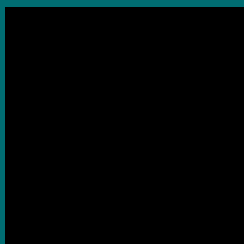
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

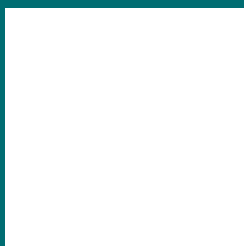
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.5059, 12.1522,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169

Protanopia

11.8060, 12.1314, 15.3550

Deuteranopia

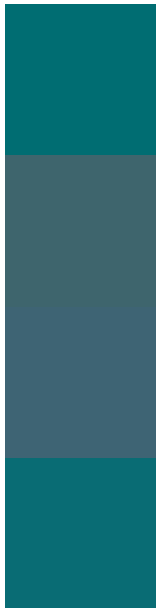
12.3401, 12.0654, 18.5081



Tritanopia

8.7546, 12.1028, 18.7043

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169

Protanomaly

9.4006, 11.4356, 16.1798

Deuteranomaly

9.6962, 11.3994, 18.2123

Tritanomaly

8.6276, 12.0442, 18.3930

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169

Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

Achromatomaly

6.6845, 8.5359, 10.9681

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 109, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 109, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 109, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 109, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 109, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 109, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 109, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 109, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 109, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 109,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 109, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 109,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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