

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.3295, 9.0193, 0.1058)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.3295, 9.0193, 0.1058)
contains.

XYZ(6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	495C00
RGB	73, 92, 0
RGB Percent	29%, 36%, 0%
CMY	0.7137, 0.6392, 1.0000
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 1.00, 0.64
HSL	72°, 100%, 18%
HSV	72°, 100%, 36%
XYZ	6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043
YIQ	75.8310, 18.2080, -32.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

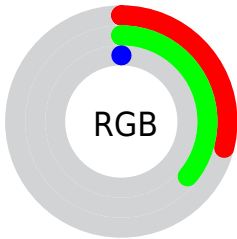
Format	Color
RYB	0, 92, 19
Decimal	4807680
CIELab	36.12, -19.41, 42.96
CIElCh	36, 47.139, 114.309
Yxy	9.0708, 0.3856, 0.5320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282997760 (0xFF495C00)
YUV	75.8310, -37.3847, -2.4828
Hunter-Lab	30.1178, -13.7390, 18.3179

Details

The XYZ color **6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **2.2006, 0.9114, 10.1858**, and the grayscale version is **6.9028, 7.2623, 7.9086**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.8443, 23.9915, 7.3790**, and **1.3537, 2.1482, 0.3433** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.5749, 9.0712, 1.4044**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.7716, 9.1667, 1.6768**.

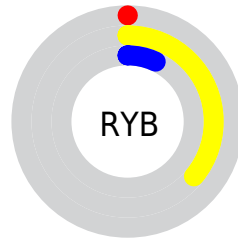
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (36%)

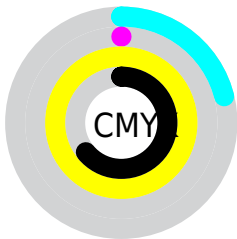
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (7%)

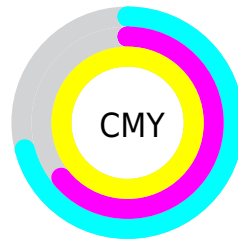


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.5748, 9.0708,
1.4043

6.5748, 9.0708,
1.4043

158.7054,
183.9052, 112.3072

3.2416, 4.7874,
0.1451

18.8259, 24.0324,
7.3368

1.2828, 2.1231,
0.0000

28.4744, 35.4794,
13.0573

0.1703, 0.6775,
0.0000

40.9588, 50.0831,
21.1720

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

56.6443, 68.2278,
32.0994

75.8964, 90.2980,
46.2581

99.0804, 116.6780,

64.0666

■ 126.5616,
147.7523, 85.9435

■ 6.5748, 9.0708,
1.4043

■ 6.5748, 9.0708,
1.4043

■ 6.5749, 9.0712,
1.4044

■ 6.7716, 9.1667,
1.6768

■ 6.9844, 9.2692,
2.0108

■ 7.2319, 9.3862,
2.5045

■ 7.5175, 9.5189,
3.1754

■ 7.8441, 9.6685,
4.0381

■ 8.2141, 9.8360,
5.1059

■ 8.6300, 10.0224,
6.3909

■ 9.0939, 10.2285,
7.9042

■ 9.6077, 10.4551,
9.6561

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.1709, 9.0708, 1.0788



6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043



4.9222, 9.0708, 3.3007

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043



5.8271, 9.0708, 28.6423



15.2280, 9.0708, 11.4993

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043



2.2006, 0.9114, 10.1858

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.8232, 9.0708, 22.0027



6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043



8.0945, 9.0708, 34.8209

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043



4.5611, 9.0708, 17.7562



11.0542, 9.0708, 31.8922



14.5736, 9.0708, 4.7604

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043



4.3810, 9.0708, 6.2412



11.0542, 9.0708, 31.8922



14.9730, 9.0708, 14.7046

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.5750, 9.0712, 1.4045



15.0306, 17.5079, 10.9531



4.6368, 2.7213, 0.2810



3.7158, 4.3661, 2.5810



48.1978, 50.7079, 55.2208



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.5750, 9.0712, 1.4045



11.4275, 15.8348, 2.4541



4.2955, 7.8961, 1.2978



2.4588, 2.6653, 2.5111



9.4688, 13.1027, 2.0300



51.1071, 71.3675, 11.0817

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.2006, 0.9114, 10.1858



3.7760, 1.5560, 17.8229



4.0726, 1.8764, 10.2734



2.2603, 2.3016, 2.8996



3.1408, 1.2962, 14.7368



16.5739, 6.7758, 80.6700

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

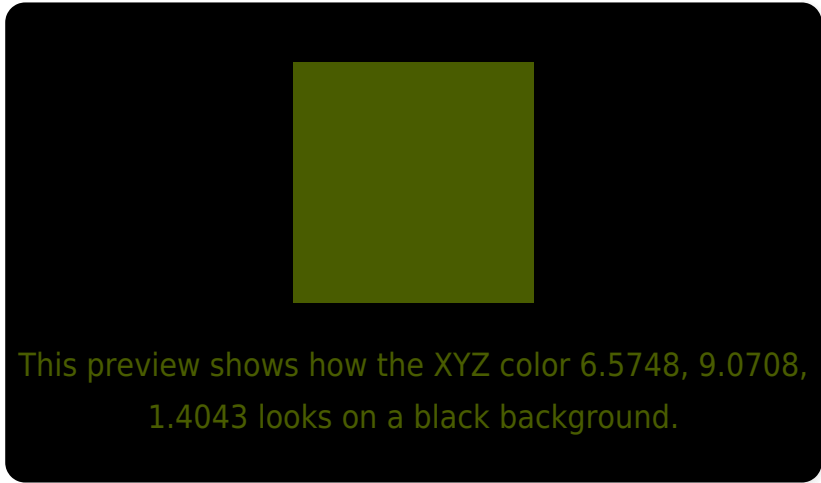
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

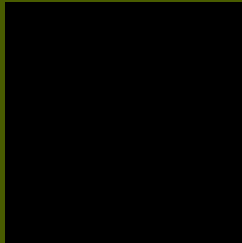
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043

Protanopia

8.0724, 8.9838, 1.3086

Deuteranopia

9.1070, 9.0511, 1.7974



Tritanopia

8.6529, 9.1776, 11.4406

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043

Protanomaly

7.5142, 9.0542, 1.3516

Deuteranomaly

8.0282, 8.9541, 1.6218

Tritanomaly

7.4210, 8.9149, 5.4673

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043

Achromatopsia

6.8694, 7.2272, 7.8704

Achromatomaly

6.4524, 7.7438, 3.9509

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 92, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 92, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 92, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 92, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 92, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 92, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 92, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 92, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 92, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 92, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.5748, 9.0708, 1.4043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 92, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 92,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor