

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.4266, 12.1990, 3.3872)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.4266, 12.1990, 3.3872)
contains.

XYZ(6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(6.4440, 12.2245,
3.3864)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D7220
RGB	13, 114, 32
RGB Percent	5%, 45%, 13%
CMY	0.9490, 0.5529, 0.8745
CMYK	0.89, 0.00, 0.72, 0.55
HSL	131°, 80%, 25%
HSV	131°, 89%, 45%
XYZ	6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864
YIQ	74.4530, -33.8740, -46.9140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

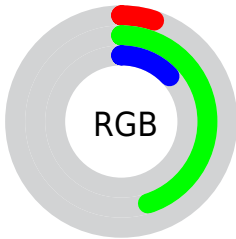
Format	Color
RYB	13, 98, 114
Decimal	881184
CIELab	41.57, -44.27, 36.36
CIELCh	42, 57.290, 140.599
Yxy	12.2245, 0.2922, 0.5543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279071264 (0xFF0D7220)
YUV	74.4530, -20.9293, -53.8943
Hunter-Lab	34.9636, -28.2876, 18.7319

Details

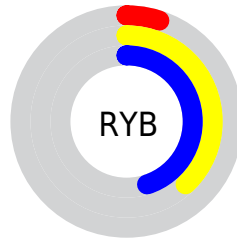
The XYZ color **6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **9.1492, 4.6916, 11.2498**, and the grayscale version is **6.6305, 6.9758, 7.5966**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.5284, 29.8938, 12.5781**, and **1.8334, 3.6668, 0.6111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.1897, 12.1063, 2.8079**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.8086, 12.3962, 4.1553**.

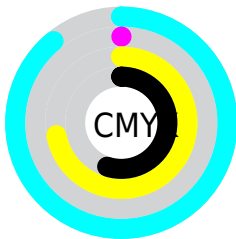
Distribution



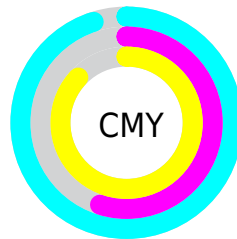
- Red (5%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 6.4440, 12.2245,
3.3864

■ 6.4440, 12.2245,
3.3864

157.6082,
205.8859, 141.1394

■ 3.1601, 6.8968,
1.2952

■ 18.5616, 29.9033,
12.5679

■ 1.2390, 3.3976,
0.0578

■ 28.1260, 43.0232,
20.4952

■ 0.1368, 1.3427,
0.0000

■ 40.5146, 59.5093,
31.2050

■ 0.0000, 0.1739,
0.0000

■ 56.0927, 79.7459,
45.1157

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 75.2258, 104.1175,
62.6460

■ 98.2792, 133.0084,

84.2143

■ 125.6182,
166.8031, 110.2393

■ 6.4440, 12.2245,
3.3864

■ 6.4440, 12.2245,
3.3864

■ 6.1897, 12.1063,
2.8079

■ 6.8086, 12.3962,
4.1553

■ 6.1571, 12.0910,
2.7407

■ 7.3250, 12.6414,
5.1299

■ 8.0086, 12.9681,
6.3239

■ 8.8725, 13.3828,
7.7496

■ 9.9286, 13.8913,
9.4184

■ 11.1876, 14.4991,
11.3408

■ 12.6596, 15.2111,
13.5268

■ 14.3538, 16.0318,
15.9860

■ 16.2791, 16.9657,
18.7273

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.0115, 12.2245, 1.2933



6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864



5.3508, 12.2245, 9.8897

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864



10.3535, 12.2245, 51.4524



20.8970, 12.2245, 6.7369

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864



9.1492, 4.6916, 11.2498

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.5039, 12.2245, 17.4409



6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864



14.6865, 12.2245, 48.6382

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864



7.2230, 12.2245, 40.2429



19.0127, 12.2245, 33.9530



17.5121, 12.2245, 2.2633

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864



5.3682, 12.2245, 18.0157



19.0127, 12.2245, 33.9530



21.4598, 12.2245, 9.5053

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.4443, 12.2250, 3.3867



19.8768, 25.5834, 20.2553



10.8601, 14.5232, 2.6116



4.4583, 5.8496, 4.4757



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.4443, 12.2250, 3.3867



10.7817, 21.2315, 4.6175



7.7072, 12.7302, 10.0372



3.3683, 3.7725, 3.7460



6.8486, 13.4570, 3.0236



33.8717, 66.9373, 13.7755

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.1492, 4.6916, 11.2498



15.5893, 7.6444, 18.4468



7.5570, 4.0547, 2.8653



3.4888, 3.4432, 4.1008



9.8967, 4.8511, 11.7979



49.0021, 24.0461, 57.2023

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

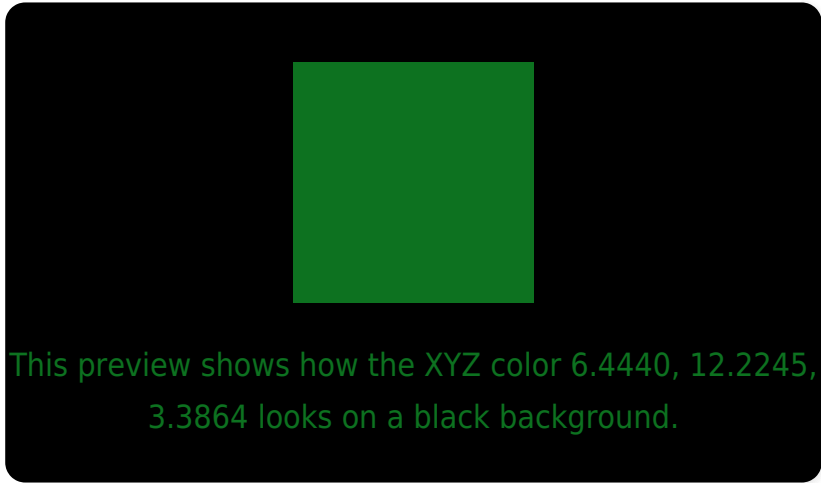
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

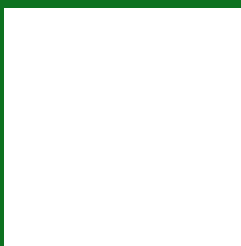
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.4440, 12.2245,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864

Protanopia

11.0077, 12.1342, 2.8606

Deuteranopia

12.1825, 12.0469, 3.6907



Tritanopia

9.4675, 12.1743, 18.0705

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864

Protanomaly

8.0737, 11.4852, 2.9537

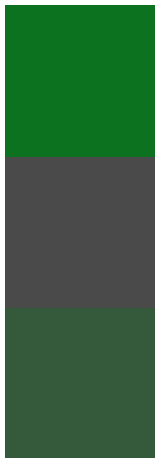
Deuteranomaly

8.4673, 11.2348, 3.4725

Tritanomaly

7.8015, 11.9505, 10.4898

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864

Achromatopsia

6.5089, 6.8478, 7.4573

Achromatomaly

5.7780, 8.1906, 5.4141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 114, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 114, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 114, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 114, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 114, 32) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 114, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 114, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 114, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 114, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 114,  
32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.4440, 12.2245, 3.3864 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 114, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 114,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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