

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.4667, 4.1093, 4.8027)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.4667, 4.1093, 4.8027)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62233D
RGB	98, 35, 61
RGB Percent	38%, 14%, 24%
CMY	0.6157, 0.8627, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.38, 0.62
HSL	335°, 47%, 26%
HSV	335°, 64%, 38%
XYZ	6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716
YIQ	56.8010, 29.2020, 21.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

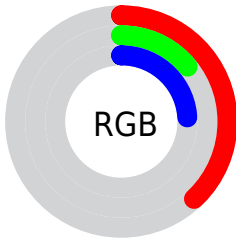
Format	Color
RYB	98, 35, 61
Decimal	6431549
CIELab	24.12, 31.35, -1.84
CIELCh	24, 31.407, 356.646
Yxy	4.1357, 0.4184, 0.2670
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284621629 (0xFF62233D)
YUV	56.8010, 2.0701, 36.1315
Hunter-Lab	20.3364, 21.2912, 0.0325

Details

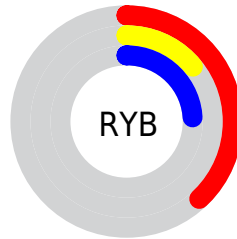
The XYZ color **6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **6.2308, 9.5606, 7.6486**, and the grayscale version is **3.8579, 4.0588, 4.4200**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.5625, 13.8485, 15.8820**, and **1.3842, 0.7000, 0.6783** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.0844, 3.5789, 4.0153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.9737, 4.8609, 5.8426**.

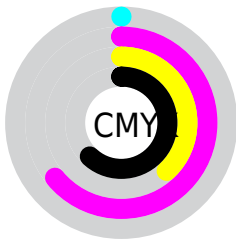
Distribution



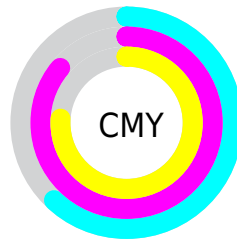
- Red (38%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (62%)





- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 6.4803, 4.1357,
4.8716


 6.4803, 4.1357,
4.8716


157.9136,
141.1266, 157.4698


 3.1827, 1.7498,
2.1147

 18.6350, 13.9180,
15.9747


 1.2511, 0.4556,
0.6245

 28.2229, 22.0831,
25.1580

 0.1461, 0.0000,
0.0000

 40.6381, 32.9434,
37.3204

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 56.2462, 46.8833,
52.8807

 75.4124, 64.2872,
72.2572

 98.5022, 85.5394,

95.8685

125.8808,
111.0245, 124.1332

6.4803, 4.1357,
4.8716

6.4803, 4.1357,
4.8716

6.0844, 3.5789,
4.0153

6.9737, 4.8609,
5.8426

5.7783, 3.1757,
3.2685

7.5709, 5.7662,
6.9328

5.5474, 2.8982,
2.6236

8.2780, 6.8632,
8.1466

5.4275, 2.7528,
2.2923

9.1006, 8.1620,
9.4882

10.0437, 9.6724,
10.9614

■ 11.1123, 11.4033,
12.5699

■ 12.3108, 13.3631,
14.3174

■ 13.6436, 15.5599,
16.2072

■ 15.1148, 18.0011,
18.2427

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.0052, 4.1357, 8.7880



6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716



6.1730, 4.1357, 2.2742

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716



3.0464, 4.1357, 0.9443



2.8669, 4.1357, 11.8163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716



6.2308, 9.5606, 7.6486

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.3104, 4.1357, 7.8525



6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716



2.3994, 4.1357, 1.9023

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716



4.0575, 4.1357, 0.7149



2.1569, 4.1357, 4.1536



3.8069, 4.1357, 13.8225

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716



5.5923, 4.1357, 1.3533



2.1569, 4.1357, 4.1536



2.6361, 4.1357, 10.5984

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.4804, 4.1359, 4.8717



16.7007, 15.5042, 17.8155



5.4598, 3.4524, 11.9337



3.8930, 3.5627, 4.1143



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.4804, 4.1359, 4.8717



10.3748, 5.8854, 6.3568



6.1078, 4.2528, 2.0895



2.6117, 2.6056, 2.9093



7.2067, 3.6575, 2.9421



38.0815, 19.3720, 13.5151

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.4804, 4.1359, 4.8717



10.3748, 5.8854, 6.3568



6.7903, 9.0241, 12.9390



2.6117, 2.6056, 2.9093



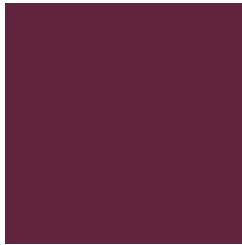
7.2067, 3.6575, 2.9421



38.0815, 19.3720, 13.5151

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

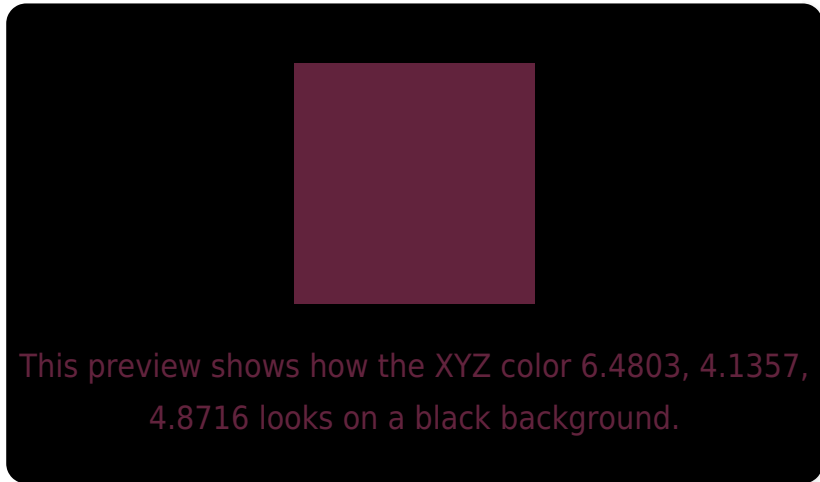
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716

Protanopia

4.3044, 4.3184, 7.2633

Deuteranopia

4.3412, 4.3217, 4.6084



Tritanopia

6.0732, 4.1596, 2.6733

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716

Protanomaly

4.7719, 4.0255, 6.3198

Deuteranomaly

4.8682, 4.0489, 4.6626

Tritanomaly

6.1773, 4.1494, 3.3811

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716

Achromatopsia

3.8890, 4.0915, 4.4557

Achromatomaly

4.5345, 3.8798, 4.5129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 35, 61) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 35, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 35, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 35, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 35, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 35, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 35, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 35, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 35, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 35, 61)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.4803, 4.1357, 4.8716 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 35, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 35,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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