

# Converting Colors

XYZ(6.5059, 12.8364, 2.7093)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(6.5059, 12.8364, 2.7093)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(6.4705, 12.7663,  
2.6954)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007512
RGB	0, 117, 18
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 7%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5412, 0.9294
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.85, 0.54
HSL	129°, 100%, 23%
HSV	129°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954
YIQ	70.7310, -37.9530, -55.5930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

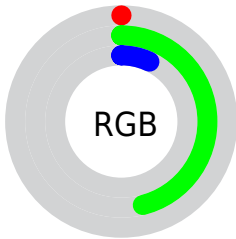
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 101, 117
Decimal	29970
CIELab	42.41, -47.60, 42.42
CIELCh	42, 63.759, 138.298
Yxy	12.7663, 0.2950, 0.5821
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220050 (0xFF007512)
YUV	70.7310, -25.9964, -62.0311
Hunter-Lab	35.7300, -30.2021, 20.5382

# Details

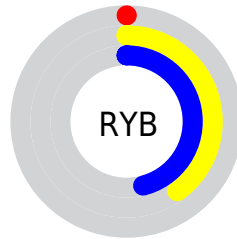
The XYZ color **6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **9.5885, 4.6829, 12.2024**, and the grayscale version is **5.9912, 6.3032, 6.8641**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.5726, 30.7822, 10.9239**, and **2.0072, 4.0143, 0.6691** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.4708, 12.7668, 2.6957**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.7175, 12.8825, 3.2252**.

# Distribution



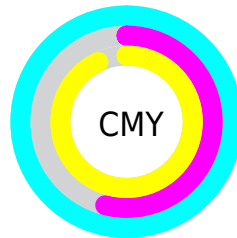
- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (7%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 6.4705, 12.7663,  
2.6954

■ 6.4705, 12.7663,  
2.6954

157.8312,  
209.4144, 132.3812

■ 3.1766, 7.2678,  
0.9411

■ 18.6152, 30.8833,  
10.8671

■ 1.2478, 3.6302,  
0.0000

■ 28.1967, 44.2706,  
18.1218

■ 0.1436, 1.4689,  
0.0000

■ 40.6048, 61.0563,  
28.0470

■ 0.0000, 0.2667,  
0.0000


■ 56.2048, 81.6248,  
41.0614


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 75.3621, 106.3604,  
57.5835


■ 98.4420, 135.6477,


78.0318


 125.8100,  
169.8709, 102.8249


 6.4705, 12.7663,  
2.6954


 6.4705, 12.7663,  
2.6954


 6.4708, 12.7668,  
2.6957

 6.7175, 12.8825,  
3.2252

 7.0709, 13.0487,  
3.9632

 7.5856, 13.2932,  
4.9305

 8.2784, 13.6242,  
6.1438

 9.1641, 14.0491,  
7.6186

■ 10.2558, 14.5743,  
9.3688

■ 11.5655, 15.2057,  
11.4074

■ 13.1042, 15.9487,  
13.7468

■ 14.8822, 16.8085,  
16.3984

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.4637, 12.7663, 0.8798



6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954



5.1604, 12.7663, 9.2035

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954



10.3586, 12.7663, 59.0940



23.1599, 12.7663, 7.1498

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954



9.5885, 4.6829, 12.2024

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.5849, 12.7663, 19.9725



6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954



15.2645, 12.7663, 57.0548

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954



6.9763, 12.7663, 44.3984



20.4003, 12.7663, 39.9012



19.3582, 12.7663, 2.0380



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954



5.1068, 12.7663, 18.0693



20.4003, 12.7663, 39.9012



23.7333, 12.7663, 10.4276

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.4708, 12.7668, 2.6957



20.5132, 27.1331, 20.1244



11.5567, 15.4013, 2.3637



4.5309, 6.1489, 4.3401



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.4708, 12.7668, 2.6957



11.5514, 22.8465, 4.6405



7.6679, 13.2457, 8.9994



3.6615, 4.1066, 4.0513



7.1249, 14.0640, 2.9478



34.5118, 68.4520, 13.2661



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5885, 4.6829, 12.2024



17.1297, 8.3694, 21.6408



7.7358, 3.9418, 2.4465



3.8036, 3.7487, 4.4925



10.5594, 5.1575, 13.4200



51.2022, 25.0310, 64.0535



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

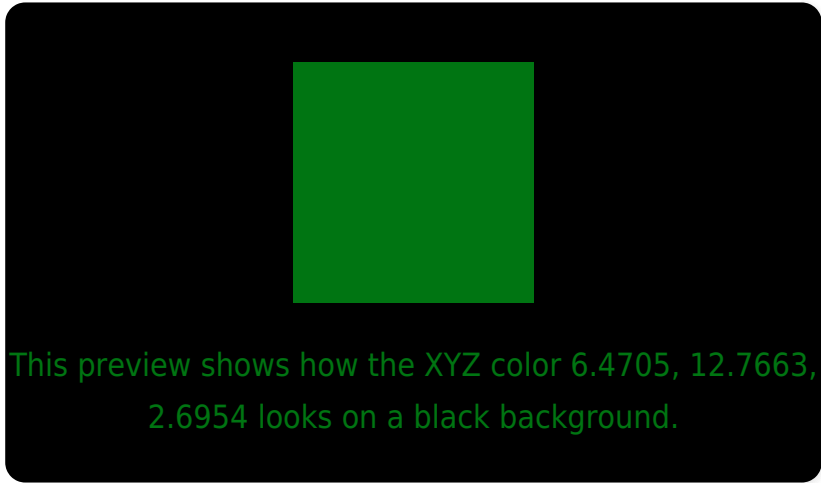
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

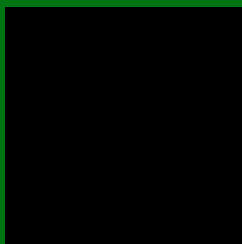
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.4705, 12.7663,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954

### Protanopia

11.4399, 12.6541, 2.2203

### Deuteranopia

12.7840, 12.6381, 2.9939



## Tritanopia

10.0053, 12.8983, 19.1018

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954



## Protanomaly

7.9127, 11.7203, 2.2971



## Deuteranomaly

8.3450, 11.4806, 2.7534



## Tritanomaly

7.8822, 12.4888, 9.9778

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954



## Achromatopsia

5.9891, 6.3010, 6.8618



## Achromatomaly

5.1917, 7.7853, 4.4779

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 117, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 117, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 117, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 117, 18) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 117, 18) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 117, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 117, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 117, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117, 18)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.4705, 12.7663, 2.6954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 117, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 117,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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