

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.6276, 2.9703, 20.4740)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.6276, 2.9703, 20.4740)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(6.6439, 2.9750,
20.6461)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	490080
RGB	73, 0, 128
RGB Percent	29%, 0%, 50%
CMY	0.7137, 1.0000, 0.4980
CMYK	0.43, 1.00, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	274°, 100%, 25%
HSV	274°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461
YIQ	36.4190, 2.4200, 55.2840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

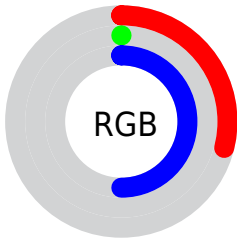
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 0, 128
Decimal	4784256
CIE _{Lab}	19.94, 51.04, -52.93
CIE _{LCh}	20, 73.528, 313.958
Yxy	2.9750, 0.2195, 0.0983
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282974336 (0xFF490080)
YUV	36.4190, 45.1494, 32.0815
Hunter-Lab	17.2482, 38.5728, -58.8965

Details

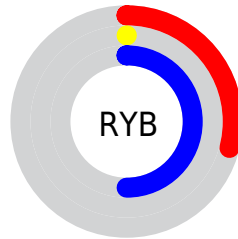
The XYZ color **6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **9.2947, 16.2506, 2.6468**, and the grayscale version is **1.6754, 1.7626, 1.9195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **18.9614, 11.1983, 45.4181**, and **1.6636, 0.6988, 7.2549** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.6440, 2.9750, 20.6462**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.2208, 3.4823, 20.7137**.

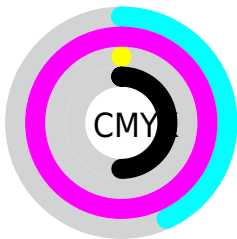
Distribution



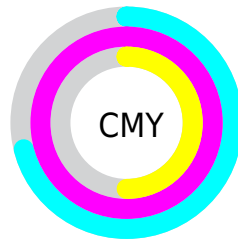
- Red (29%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.6439, 2.9750,
20.6461

6.6439, 2.9750,
20.6461

159.2813,
127.9833, 268.1107

3.2848, 1.1187,
12.6768

18.9650, 11.2170,
45.3709

1.3061, 0.0000,
7.0783

28.6578, 18.3714,
62.9636

0.1878, 0.0000,
3.4319

41.1924, 28.0607,
84.6011

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.3192

56.9342, 40.6691,
110.7020


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0774


76.2487, 56.5813,
141.6849

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


99.5011, 76.1814,


177.9683


 127.0568, 99.8539,
219.9707


 6.6439, 2.9750,
20.6461


 6.6439, 2.9750,
20.6461


 6.6440, 2.9750,
20.6462

 7.2208, 3.4823,
20.7137

 7.9132, 4.1647,
20.8089

 8.7704, 5.1193,
20.9480

 9.8084, 6.3768,
21.1360

 11.0409, 7.9635,
21.3773

■ 12.4803, 9.9028,
21.6758

■ 14.1377, 12.2159,
22.0349

■ 16.0235, 14.9223,
22.4579

■ 18.1472, 18.0402,
22.9478

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



3.9142, 2.9750, 32.2583



6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461



8.7299, 2.9750, 7.5843

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461



4.0925, 2.9750, 0.0000



0.3566, 2.9750, 6.8924

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461



9.2947, 16.2506, 2.6468

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.3735, 2.9750, 0.9836



6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461



1.9635, 2.9750, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461



6.8286, 2.9750, 0.0000



0.8526, 2.9750, 0.0000



0.8064, 2.9750, 19.6436

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461



9.0457, 2.9750, 2.5068



0.8526, 2.9750, 0.0000



0.3078, 2.9750, 4.1021

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.6441, 2.9751, 20.6462



24.6771, 21.2045, 38.7485



5.2848, 4.3355, 20.9804



5.5269, 4.6120, 9.0173



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.6441, 2.9751, 20.6462



11.5307, 5.1518, 36.3429



12.2600, 5.9324, 18.0990



4.3252, 4.3232, 5.4198



6.5896, 2.9508, 20.4722



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5917, 4.8651, 4.0479



16.8179, 8.5378, 6.7598



7.7660, 15.4571, 2.8193



4.3985, 4.3726, 4.9030



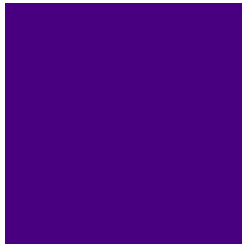
9.5115, 4.8243, 4.0172



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

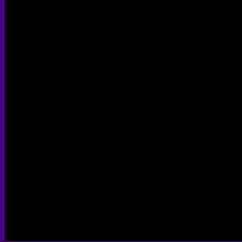
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.6439, 2.9750,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461

Protanopia

3.6904, 3.3011, 13.8073

Deuteranopia

3.1186, 3.2844, 10.1424



Tritanopia

3.4373, 3.3883, 3.9629

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461

Protanomaly

3.9491, 2.4583, 15.8891

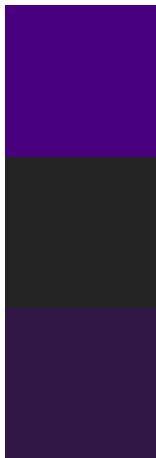
Deuteranomaly

3.5227, 2.3765, 13.3698

Tritanomaly

3.9883, 2.6512, 8.0861

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461

Achromatopsia

1.6769, 1.7642, 1.9212

Achromatomaly

2.6472, 1.6954, 5.8180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 0, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(73, 0, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 0, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 0, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 0, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 0, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 0, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 0, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 0, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 0, 128)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.6439, 2.9750, 20.6461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 0, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 0,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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