

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.7631, 8.9350, 0.3055)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.7631, 8.9350, 0.3055)
contains.

XYZ(6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	505A00
RGB	80, 90, 0
RGB Percent	31%, 35%, 0%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6470, 1.0000
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 1.00, 0.65
HSL	67°, 100%, 18%
HSV	67°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735
YIQ	76.7500, 22.9300, -30.1100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

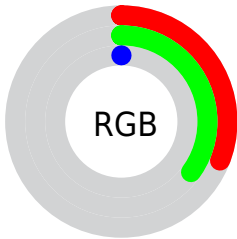
Format	Color
RYB	0, 90, 10
Decimal	5265920
CIELab	36.02, -14.99, 43.13
CIElCh	36, 45.661, 109.166
Yxy	9.0178, 0.4013, 0.5196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283456000 (0xFF505A00)
YUV	76.7500, -37.8377, 2.8502
Hunter-Lab	30.0297, -11.1546, 18.3089

Details

The XYZ color **6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **1.9708, 0.8029, 9.7245**, and the grayscale version is **7.0729, 7.4413, 8.1035**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.5834, 23.9375, 7.2027**, and **1.5035, 2.1681, 0.3392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.9646, 9.0182, 1.3736**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.0990, 9.0818, 1.6373**.

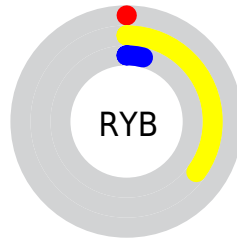
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (35%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (4%)

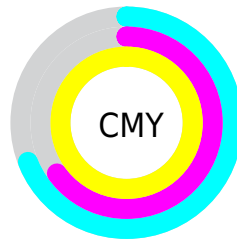


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.9644, 9.0178,
1.3735

6.9644, 9.0178,
1.3735

161.9187,
183.5106, 111.7323

3.4860, 4.7528,
0.1209

19.6070, 23.9309,
7.2438

1.4157, 2.1030,
0.0000

29.5019, 35.3478,
12.9206

0.2673, 0.6663,
0.0000

42.2663, 49.9174,
20.9832


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


58.2656, 68.0242,
31.8501


77.8651, 90.0525,
45.9400


101.4302,


116.3868, 63.6713


 129.3263,
147.4113, 85.4625


 6.9644, 9.0178,
1.3735


 6.9644, 9.0178,
1.3735


 6.9646, 9.0182,
1.3736

 7.0990, 9.0818,
1.6373

 7.2453, 9.1503,
1.9567

 7.4216, 9.2309,
2.4277

 7.6311, 9.3250,
3.0671

 7.8765, 9.4336,
3.8887

■ 8.1602, 9.5576,
4.9052

■ 8.4844, 9.6980,
6.1280

■ 8.8509, 9.8555,
7.5675

■ 9.2618, 10.0309,
9.2335

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.5936, 9.0178, 1.2271



6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735



5.1883, 9.0178, 2.9150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735



5.5829, 9.0178, 26.0973



14.8115, 9.0178, 12.9161

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735



1.9708, 0.8029, 9.7245

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.1748, 9.0178, 23.2514



6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735



7.6241, 9.0178, 33.1411

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735



4.5154, 9.0178, 15.6111



10.4078, 9.0178, 31.8884



14.5298, 9.0178, 5.6725

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735



4.5495, 9.0178, 5.3926



10.4078, 9.0178, 31.8884



14.4557, 9.0178, 16.1768

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.9646, 9.0182, 1.3737



14.7837, 16.9400, 10.4952



4.3144, 2.3692, 0.2300



3.5363, 4.0786, 2.3956



46.7556, 49.1905, 53.5685



4.1094, 4.3234, 4.7081

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.9646, 9.0182, 1.3737



12.1357, 15.7514, 2.4007



4.3840, 7.6879, 1.2529



2.4782, 2.6752, 2.5121



10.5175, 13.6434, 2.0791



57.1319, 74.4734, 11.3636

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.9708, 0.8029, 9.7245



3.3951, 1.3773, 17.0091



3.3671, 1.5226, 9.7899



2.2424, 2.2923, 2.8987



2.9497, 1.1977, 14.7278



15.7432, 6.3476, 80.6312

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

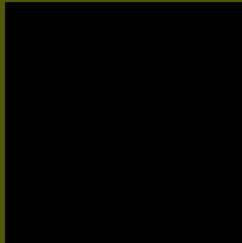
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735

Protanopia

8.0724, 8.9838, 1.3086

Deuteranopia

9.0183, 8.8976, 1.6940



Tritanopia

8.9463, 9.1051, 10.9588

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735

Protanomaly

7.6246, 8.9900, 1.3334

Deuteranomaly

8.1549, 8.9039, 1.5760

Tritanomaly

7.7225, 8.8358, 5.1694

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735

Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

Achromatomaly

6.7136, 7.8760, 4.0721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 90, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 90, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 90, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 90, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 90, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 90, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 90, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 90, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 90, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 90, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.9644, 9.0178, 1.3735 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 90, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 90,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor