

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.7699, 4.4549, 8.9076)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.7699, 4.4549, 8.9076)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C2854
RGB	92, 40, 84
RGB Percent	36%, 16%, 33%
CMY	0.6392, 0.8431, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.09, 0.64
HSL	309°, 39%, 26%
HSV	309°, 57%, 36%
XYZ	6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862
YIQ	60.5640, 16.8680, 24.7080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

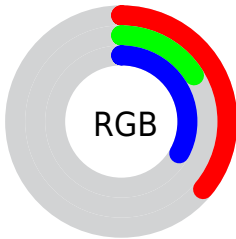
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 40, 84
Decimal	6039636
CIE _{Lab}	25.05, 30.33, -15.97
CIE _{LCh}	25, 34.279, 332.234
Yxy	4.4330, 0.3371, 0.2206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284229716 (0xFF5C2854)
YUV	60.5640, 11.5539, 27.5694
Hunter-Lab	21.0547, 20.5727, -10.2853

Details

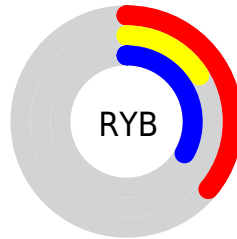
The XYZ color **6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **5.2360, 8.3191, 4.1264**, and the grayscale version is **4.3567, 4.5836, 4.9915**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.2944, 14.6300, 24.3612**, and **1.4049, 0.6820, 1.9770** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.4439, 3.8632, 8.5058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.1768, 5.1515, 9.2973**.

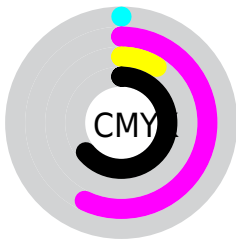
Distribution



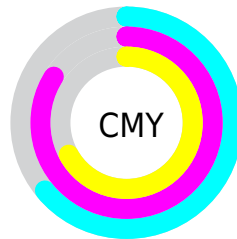
- Red (36%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.7727, 4.4330,
8.8862

6.7727, 4.4330,
8.8862

160.3477,
144.2044, 192.7134

3.3654, 1.9186,
4.5712

19.2237, 14.5805,
24.2525

1.3498, 0.5595,
1.9437

28.9982, 22.9824,
36.1410

0.2200, 0.0000,
0.5203

41.6258, 34.1155,
51.3910

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

57.4718, 48.3644,
70.4211

76.9017, 66.1133,
93.6498

100.2807, 87.7467,

121.4958

127.9742,
113.6489, 154.3774

6.7727, 4.4330,
8.8862

6.7727, 4.4330,
8.8862

6.4439, 3.8632,
8.5058

7.1768, 5.1515,
9.2973

6.1847, 3.4307,
8.1541

7.6606, 6.0276,
9.7404

5.9890, 3.1237,
7.8291

8.2286, 7.0704,
10.2173

5.8358, 2.8998,
7.5236

8.8850, 8.2880,
10.7292

5.7833, 2.8232,
7.4188

9.6334, 9.6881,
11.2774

■ 10.4777, 11.2778,
11.8633

■ 11.4210, 13.0639,
12.4880

■ 12.4667, 15.0528,
13.1524

■ 13.6179, 17.2508,
13.8579

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5.6590, 4.4330, 13.5204



6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862



7.1643, 4.4330, 4.5586

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862



4.1187, 4.4330, 0.6253



2.4631, 4.4330, 9.6165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862



5.2360, 8.3191, 4.1264

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.2097, 4.4330, 5.1053



6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862



3.0377, 4.4330, 0.9931

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862



5.4602, 4.4330, 0.8994



2.3969, 4.4330, 2.2415



3.1726, 4.4330, 14.0708

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862



6.9107, 4.4330, 2.6298



2.3969, 4.4330, 2.2415



2.3290, 4.4330, 7.9962

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.7728, 4.4332, 8.8863



15.4261, 14.2741, 18.6841



3.9003, 2.9141, 10.4823



3.8311, 3.5108, 4.6566



48.1978, 50.7079, 55.2208



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.7728, 4.4332, 8.8863



11.0996, 6.4593, 14.6575



5.9415, 4.1007, 4.5083



2.4033, 2.3769, 2.8343



8.3529, 4.0790, 10.6517



45.4780, 22.2315, 56.9438

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7728, 4.4332, 8.8863



11.0996, 6.4593, 14.6575



5.9317, 8.5974, 7.7904



2.4033, 2.3769, 2.8343



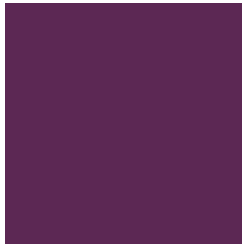
8.3529, 4.0790, 10.6517



45.4780, 22.2315, 56.9438

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

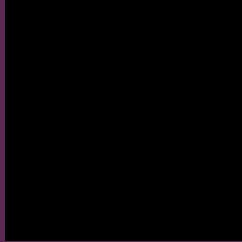
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862

Protanopia

4.9029, 4.5835, 12.6829

Deuteranopia

4.6247, 4.5342, 8.4160



Tritanopia

5.7013, 4.4365, 3.8047

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862

Protanomaly

5.1728, 4.2562, 11.1386

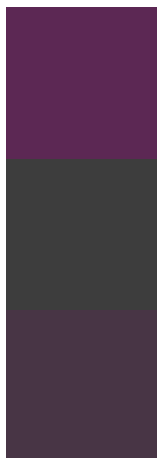
Deuteranomaly

5.1349, 4.2941, 8.5409

Tritanomaly

5.9836, 4.3708, 5.3788

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862

Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

Achromatomaly

5.0198, 4.3536, 6.2060

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(92, 40, 84) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 40, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 40, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 40, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 40, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 40, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 40, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 40, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 40, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 40, 84)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.7727, 4.4330, 8.8862 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 40, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 40,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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