

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.7784, 10.2002, 10.8100)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.7784, 10.2002, 10.8100)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(6.7918, 10.2061,
10.8445)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	186558
RGB	24, 101, 88
RGB Percent	9%, 40%, 35%
CMY	0.9059, 0.6039, 0.6549
CMYK	0.76, 0.00, 0.13, 0.60
HSL	170°, 62%, 25%
HSV	170°, 76%, 40%
XYZ	6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445
YIQ	76.4950, -41.7190, -20.3670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

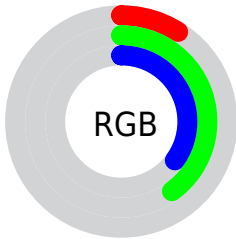
Format	Color
R_{YB}	24, 66, 101
Decimal	1598808
CIE _{Lab}	38.21, -26.18, 0.76
CIE _{LCh}	38, 26.190, 178.341
Yxy	10.2061, 0.2439, 0.3666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279788888 (0xFF186558)
YUV	76.4950, 5.6720, -46.0381
Hunter-Lab	31.9470, -17.9589, 2.2367

Details

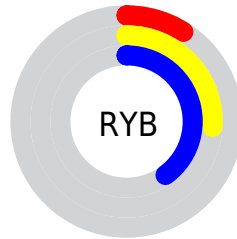
The XYZ color **6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.0277, 3.5538, 2.1189**, and the grayscale version is **6.9562, 7.3185, 7.9698**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.2090, 26.0408, 28.0587**, and **1.7091, 2.7206, 2.7206** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.5251, 10.0769, 10.4677**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.1499, 10.3827, 11.2346**.

Distribution



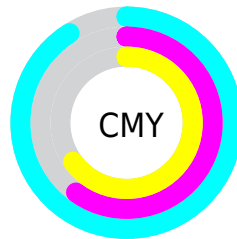
- Red (9%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.7918, 10.2061,
10.8445

6.7918, 10.2061,
10.8445

160.5051,
192.1368, 207.2966

3.3774, 5.5358,
5.8495

19.2620, 26.1824,
28.0045

1.3563, 2.5649,
2.6865

29.0485, 38.2573,
41.0066

0.2248, 0.9091,
0.9366

41.6898, 53.5691,
57.5148

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

57.5512, 72.5023,
77.9477

76.9981, 95.4413,
102.7238

100.3958,

122.7704, 132.2616

128.1097,
154.8741, 166.9797

6.7918, 10.2061,
10.8445

6.7918, 10.2061,
10.8445

6.5251, 10.0769,
10.4677

7.1499, 10.3827,
11.2346

6.3249, 9.9816,
10.1024

7.6075, 10.6101,
11.6379

6.2520, 9.9469,
9.9672

8.1725, 10.8928,
12.0549

8.8521, 11.2343,
12.4860

9.6526, 11.6379,
12.9317

■ 10.5800, 12.1068,
13.3923

■ 11.6398, 12.6437,
13.8680

■ 12.8373, 13.2514,
14.3591

■ 14.1773, 13.9324,
14.8660

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.1806, 10.2061, 6.8954



6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445



7.1037, 10.2061, 16.1634

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445



11.3329, 10.2061, 21.5289



11.5153, 10.2061, 4.9070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445



6.0277, 3.5538, 2.1189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8639, 10.2061, 7.2418



6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445



12.7503, 10.2061, 16.7721

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445



9.6065, 10.2061, 23.3099



13.3400, 10.2061, 11.3853



9.7953, 10.2061, 4.1463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445



7.6900, 10.2061, 19.6550



13.3400, 10.2061, 11.3853



12.0342, 10.2061, 5.4926

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.7921, 10.2065, 10.8447



16.9618, 20.1765, 22.4023



5.6225, 9.7880, 2.4573



4.0741, 4.9143, 5.4607



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.7921, 10.2065, 10.8447



10.9550, 17.1819, 17.5102



5.3531, 6.3884, 13.2633



2.8848, 3.1777, 3.4947



8.1849, 13.0376, 13.0011



42.4101, 67.8866, 66.3406

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.0277, 3.5538, 2.1189



9.5980, 5.1082, 1.8244



6.6047, 4.9784, 1.4772



2.8466, 2.8533, 3.0648



7.1582, 3.6762, 0.9653



37.1024, 19.0809, 3.8165

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445.

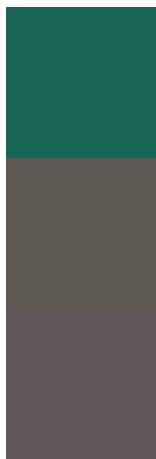


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.7918, 10.2061,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445

Protanopia

9.6096, 10.0811, 9.4220

Deuteranopia

10.3335, 10.1684, 11.3156



Tritanopia

7.6623, 10.1333, 15.1877

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445

Protanomaly

7.8985, 9.6977, 9.8431

Deuteranomaly

8.2711, 9.7321, 11.1154

Tritanomaly

7.2790, 10.1158, 13.3733

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445

Achromatopsia

6.8694, 7.2272, 7.8704

Achromatomaly

6.3838, 7.9460, 8.7867

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 101, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 101, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 101, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 101, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 101, 88) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 101, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 101, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 101, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 101, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 101,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.7918, 10.2061, 10.8445 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 101, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 101,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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