

# Converting Colors

XYZ(6.8624, 18.4085, 12.2850)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(6.8624, 18.4085, 12.2850)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(11.8457, 20.9389,  
12.4341)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	009157
RGB	0, 145, 87
RGB Percent	0%, 57%, 34%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4314, 0.6588
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.40, 0.43
HSL	156°, 100%, 28%
HSV	156°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341
YIQ	95.0330, -67.8020, -48.7780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

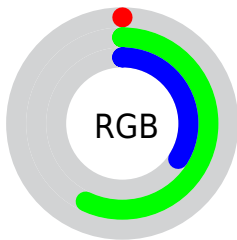
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 91, 145
Decimal	37207
CIELab	52.88, -47.15, 21.73
CIElCh	53, 51.921, 155.257
Yxy	20.9389, 0.2620, 0.4631
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227287 (0xFF009157)
YUV	95.0330, -3.9603, -83.3439
Hunter-Lab	45.7590, -33.8698, 15.9205

# Details

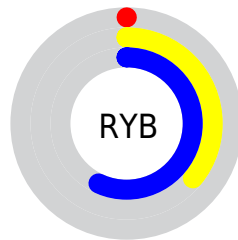
The XYZ color **11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **12.4415, 6.3257, 4.5695**, and the grayscale version is **10.9068, 11.4748, 12.4961**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.8258, 44.9995, 30.8334**, and **4.3146, 7.9888, 3.4124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.8460, 20.9396, 12.4339**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2819, 21.1358, 13.7423**.

# Distribution



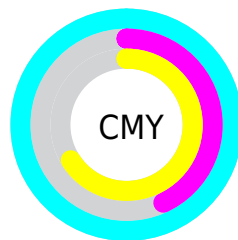
- Red (0%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 11.8457, 20.9389,  
12.4341

■ 11.8457, 20.9389,  
12.4341

197.1719,  
256.9536, 218.3373

■ 6.7101, 13.0793,  
6.9139

■ 28.8331, 44.9858,  
30.9594

■ 3.3262, 7.4832,  
3.3307

■ 41.4156, 61.9420,  
44.8017

■ 1.3285, 3.7661,  
1.2659

■ 57.2112, 82.6991,  
62.2550

■ 0.2044, 1.5436,  
0.0336

■ 76.5851, 107.6417,  
83.7380

■ 0.0000, 0.3191,  
0.0000

■ 99.9028, 137.1540,  
109.6692

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 127.5296,

171.6205, 140.4671

159.8309,  
211.4256, 176.5503

■ 11.8457, 20.9389,  
12.4341

■ 11.8457, 20.9389,  
12.4341

■ 11.8460, 20.9396,  
12.4339

■ 12.2819, 21.1358,  
13.7423

■ 12.8659, 21.4061,  
15.1587

■ 13.6627, 21.7839,  
16.6889

■ 14.6968, 22.2816,  
18.3361

■ 15.9890, 22.9100,  
20.1035

■ 17.5579, 23.6785,  
21.9938

■ 19.4202, 24.5959,  
24.0098

■ 21.5913, 25.6699,  
26.1541

■ 24.0854, 26.9079,  
28.4292

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4627, 20.9389, 6.0614



11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341



11.2103, 20.9389, 25.6501

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341



20.8739, 20.9389, 67.4187



29.7028, 20.9389, 9.5276

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341



12.4415, 6.3257, 4.5695

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.2143, 20.9389, 20.1673



11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341



26.5577, 20.9389, 56.9694

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341



15.8439, 20.9389, 62.1652



30.9698, 20.9389, 37.7437



24.5994, 20.9389, 4.9976



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341



11.8738, 20.9389, 38.0856



30.9698, 20.9389, 37.7437



30.9166, 20.9389, 12.2722

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.8462, 20.9397, 12.4346



34.5509, 43.9342, 42.7619



12.0149, 21.2254, 3.4639



7.3970, 9.6310, 9.2071



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.8462, 20.9397, 12.4346



21.1259, 37.4634, 21.8043



13.4876, 18.7975, 29.7064



5.4701, 6.0803, 6.4416



10.1734, 17.9652, 10.7331



0.1082, 0.1761, 0.1601



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4415, 6.3257, 4.5695



22.1986, 11.2951, 7.7540



11.8101, 6.2851, 0.5909



5.4927, 5.4576, 6.0924



10.6832, 5.4303, 3.9829



0.1125, 0.0561, 0.0928



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.8457, 20.9389,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341

### Protanopia

19.1887, 20.8046, 10.4015

### Deuteranopia

20.9050, 20.5192, 13.2147



## Tritanopia

15.9815, 21.1038, 31.6649

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341



## Protanomaly

13.8410, 19.4105, 10.9997



## Deuteranomaly

14.3547, 18.8355, 12.7766



## Tritanomaly

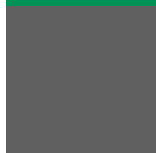
13.9505, 20.8962, 23.0368

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341



## Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620



## Achromatomaly

9.7004, 13.5436, 12.2281

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 145, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 145, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 145, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 145, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 145, 87) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 145, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 145, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 145, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145, 87)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.8457, 20.9389, 12.4341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 145, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 145,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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