

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(6.9411, 10.3433,
1.6306)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	446400
RGB	68, 100, 0
RGB Percent	27%, 39%, 0%
CMY	0.7333, 0.6078, 1.0000
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 1.00, 0.61
HSL	79°, 100%, 20%
HSV	79°, 100%, 39%
XYZ	6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306
YIQ	79.0320, 13.0280, -37.8840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

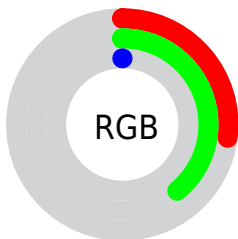
Format	Color
RYB	0, 100, 32
Decimal	4482048
CIELab	38.45, -25.71, 44.58
CIELCh	38, 51.467, 119.972
Yxy	10.3433, 0.3670, 0.5468
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282672128 (0xFF446400)
YUV	79.0320, -38.9628, -9.6751
Hunter-Lab	32.1610, -17.7573, 19.5066

Details

The XYZ color **6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **2.8963, 1.2274, 12.1415**, and the grayscale version is **7.5090, 7.9001, 8.6032**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.5509, 26.4217, 7.9404**, and **1.4868, 2.6564, 0.4344** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.9412, 10.3437, 1.6307**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.2255, 10.4839, 1.9301**.

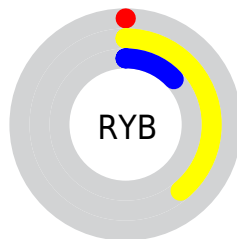
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (39%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (13%)

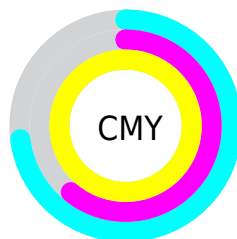


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (61%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 6.9411, 10.3433,
1.6306


 6.9411, 10.3433,
1.6306


 161.7288,
193.1050, 116.3480


 3.4713, 5.6272,
0.3125

 19.5605, 26.4392,
8.0038


 1.4076, 2.6197,
0.0000


 29.4408, 38.5878,
14.0318

 0.2616, 0.9366,
0.0000

 42.1887, 53.9827,
22.5122


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 58.1695, 73.0082,
33.8635


 77.7485, 96.0489,
48.5041


 101.2912,


123.4889, 66.8527


 129.1628,
155.7128, 89.3279


 6.9411, 10.3433,
1.6306


 6.9411, 10.3433,
1.6306


 6.9412, 10.3437,
1.6307

 7.2255, 10.4839,
1.9301

 7.5387, 10.6371,
2.3179

 7.9011, 10.8115,
2.8990

 8.3169, 11.0086,
3.6945

 8.7896, 11.2300,
4.7226

■ 9.3226, 11.4771,
5.9997

■ 9.9188, 11.7510,
7.5407

■ 10.5811, 12.0528,
9.3594

■ 11.3120, 12.3837,
11.4684

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.8342, 10.3433, 1.0386



6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306



5.2275, 10.3433, 4.3035

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306



6.9367, 10.3433, 36.1133



17.8202, 10.3433, 11.2712

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306



2.8963, 1.2274, 12.1415

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5606, 10.3433, 23.3063



6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306



9.8278, 10.3433, 41.7935

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306



5.2254, 10.3433, 23.2807



13.4288, 10.3433, 36.1332



16.5651, 10.3433, 4.3118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306



4.7387, 10.3433, 8.3349



13.4288, 10.3433, 36.1332



17.6737, 10.3433, 14.8051

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.9413, 10.3438, 1.6308



17.2913, 20.5556, 12.9617



5.7635, 3.7248, 0.4153



4.1751, 5.0214, 2.9804



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.9413, 10.3438, 1.6308



12.0547, 18.0743, 2.8534



4.8132, 9.2467, 1.5312



2.9594, 3.2263, 3.0412



9.2464, 13.8254, 2.1812



47.2862, 71.6229, 11.3324

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.8963, 1.2274, 12.1415



4.9720, 2.0973, 21.2795



5.7514, 2.6993, 12.2751



2.7676, 2.8023, 3.5270



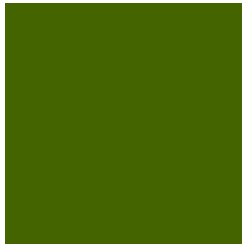
3.8332, 1.6203, 16.2550



19.1678, 8.0256, 84.7402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

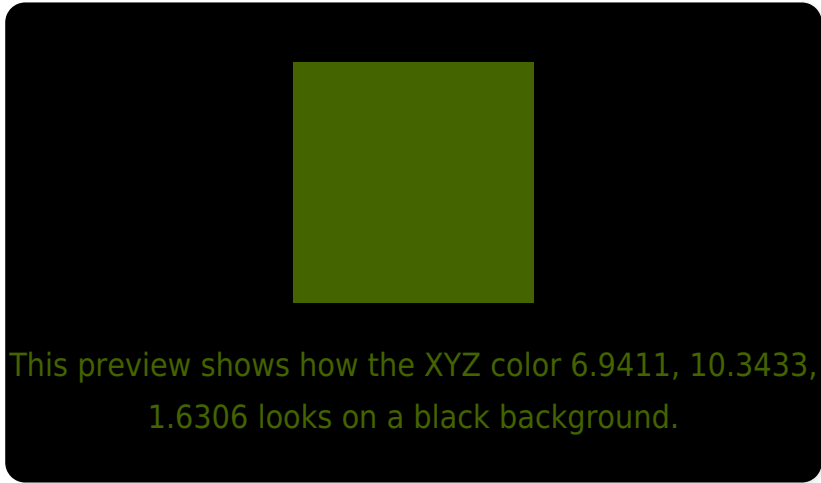
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

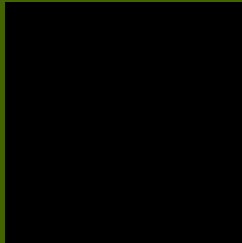
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.9411, 10.3433,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306

Deuteranopia

10.3848, 10.2800, 2.0530

Tritanopia

9.3565, 10.3685, 13.5648

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306

Deuteranomaly

8.7372, 10.0501, 1.8272

Tritanomaly

7.9323, 10.1918, 6.3996

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306

Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146

Achromatomaly

6.8856, 8.5425, 4.3036

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 100, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 100, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 100, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 100, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 100, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 100, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 100, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 100, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 100, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 100, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.9411, 10.3433, 1.6306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 100, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 100,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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