

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.9926, 12.6208, 2.3980)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.9926, 12.6208, 2.3980)
contains.

XYZ(7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(7.0278, 12.7170,
2.4008)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	27730B
RGB	39, 115, 11
RGB Percent	15%, 45%, 4%
CMY	0.8471, 0.5490, 0.9568
CMYK	0.66, 0.00, 0.90, 0.55
HSL	104°, 83%, 25%
HSV	104°, 90%, 45%
XYZ	7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008
YIQ	80.4200, -11.9120, -48.4560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

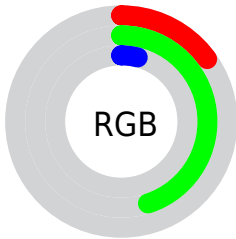
Format	Color
RYB	11, 115, 87
Decimal	2585355
CIELab	42.33, -41.58, 44.49
CIElCh	42, 60.896, 133.061
Yxy	12.7170, 0.3173, 0.5742
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280775435 (0xFF27730B)
YUV	80.4200, -34.2241, -36.3253
Hunter-Lab	35.6609, -27.2291, 20.9710

Details

The XYZ color **7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **7.1458, 3.5040, 16.5202**, and the grayscale version is **7.7740, 8.1788, 8.9067**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.8099, 30.8854, 10.0716**, and **1.9482, 3.8964, 0.6494** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.6948, 12.5527, 2.0701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.4717, 12.9359, 2.8880**.

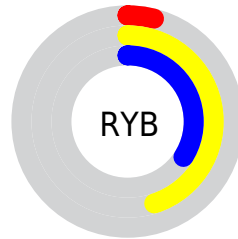
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (45%)

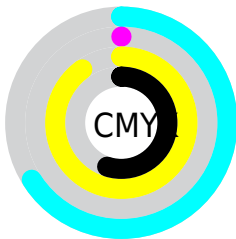
Blue (4%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (34%)

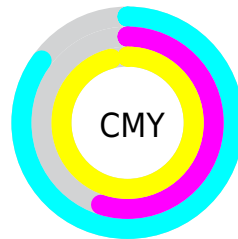


Cyan (66%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 7.0278, 12.7170,
2.4008

■ 7.0278, 12.7170,
2.4008

162.4341,
209.0959, 128.3192

■ 3.5260, 7.2340,
0.7869

■ 19.7333, 30.7944,
10.1101

■ 1.4376, 3.6088,
0.0000

■ 29.6677, 44.1576,
17.0533

■ 0.2828, 1.4573,
0.0000

■ 42.4769, 60.9163,
26.6135

■ 0.0000, 0.2584,
0.0000

■ 58.5264, 81.4548,
39.2093


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 78.1816, 106.1577,
55.2592


■ 101.8077,


135.4092, 75.1818


 129.7701,
169.5938, 99.3956


 7.0278, 12.7170,
2.4008


 7.0278, 12.7170,
2.4008


 6.6948, 12.5527,
2.0701

 7.4717, 12.9359,
2.8880

 8.0400, 13.2128,
3.6404

 8.7427, 13.5526,
4.6891

 9.5884, 13.9591,
6.0607

 10.5852, 14.4359,
7.7788

■ 11.7401, 14.9864,
9.8647

■ 13.0602, 15.6135,
12.3380

■ 14.5516, 16.3202,
15.2171

■ 16.2204, 17.1091,
18.5190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2092, 12.7170, 0.9556



7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008



5.4821, 12.7170, 7.7352

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008



9.7047, 12.7170, 54.5334



22.8192, 12.7170, 8.9051

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008



7.1458, 3.5040, 16.5202

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.5850, 12.7170, 22.5436



7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008



14.1823, 12.7170, 55.6396

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008



6.7390, 12.7170, 39.0969



19.1295, 12.7170, 41.5514



19.7061, 12.7170, 2.7949

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008



5.2674, 12.7170, 15.2334



19.1295, 12.7170, 41.5514



23.1487, 12.7170, 12.5467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.0281, 12.7175, 2.4011



21.6353, 27.1265, 18.7986



10.4219, 10.2510, 1.7461



5.0199, 6.4041, 4.2227



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.0281, 12.7175, 2.4011



11.8728, 22.4177, 3.7013



6.5512, 12.4461, 3.5357



3.7246, 4.1415, 3.9454



7.6342, 14.3399, 2.3655



36.4875, 69.5118, 11.4940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1458, 3.5040, 16.5202



11.9660, 5.5286, 29.4810



9.1427, 4.6654, 10.6519



3.7351, 3.7107, 4.6096



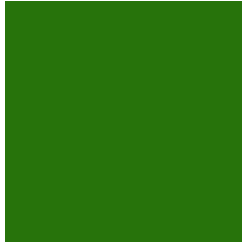
7.7012, 3.5615, 18.8241



36.6814, 16.9184, 91.6926

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

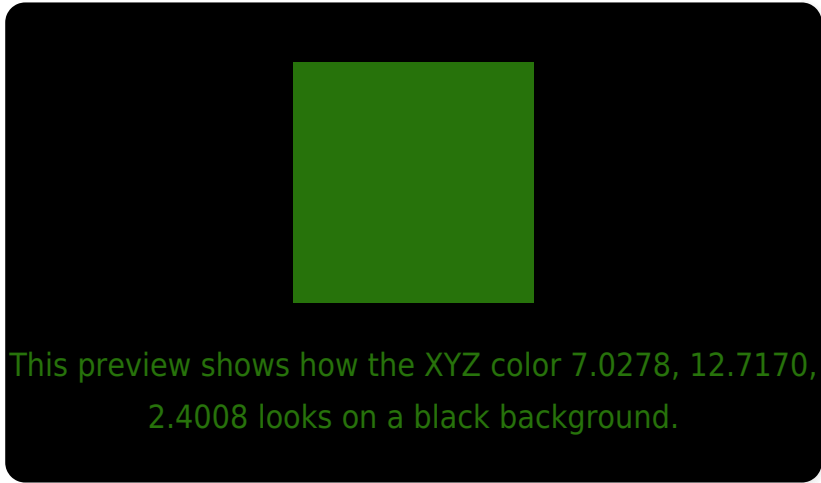
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0278, 12.7170,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008

Protanopia

11.2393, 12.5591, 1.8318

Deuteranopia

12.6466, 12.4400, 2.7119



Tritanopia

10.2736, 12.7370, 18.4400

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008

Protanomaly

8.8198, 12.0432, 1.9746

Deuteranomaly

9.5028, 11.9366, 2.5126

Tritanomaly

8.3673, 12.4320, 9.1663

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008

Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359

Achromatomaly

6.7839, 9.2284, 5.0381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 115, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 115, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 115, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 115, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 115, 11) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 115, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 115, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 115, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 115, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 115,  
11) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.0278, 12.7170, 2.4008 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 115, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 115,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor