

Converting Colors

XYZ(6.9969, 11.7953, 4.2165)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(6.9969, 11.7953, 4.2165)
contains.

XYZ(7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(7.0082, 11.8399,
4.2015)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B6E2B
RGB	43, 110, 43
RGB Percent	17%, 43%, 17%
CMY	0.8314, 0.5686, 0.8314
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.61, 0.57
HSL	120°, 44%, 30%
HSV	120°, 61%, 43%
XYZ	7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015
YIQ	82.3290, -18.4250, -35.0410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

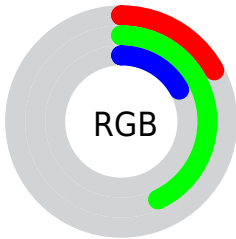
Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 110, 110
Decimal	2846251
CIE Lab	40.96, -35.85, 30.62
CIE LCh	41, 47.152, 139.499
Yxy	11.8399, 0.3040, 0.5137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281036331 (0xFF2B6E2B)
YUV	82.3290, -19.3892, -34.4915
Hunter-Lab	34.4092, -23.8605, 16.8469

Details

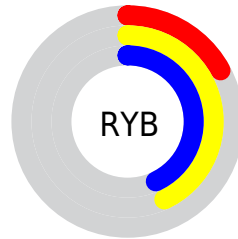
The XYZ color **7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **10.1089, 6.1686, 15.4093**, and the grayscale version is **8.1269, 8.5501, 9.3111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.6325, 29.0828, 14.4763**, and **1.6687, 3.3375, 0.5562** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.4326, 11.5637, 3.2597**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.7634, 12.2030, 5.4365**.

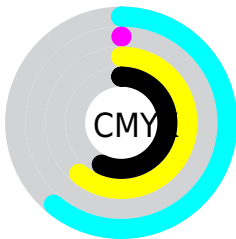
Distribution



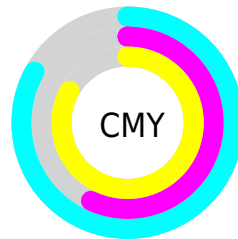
- Red (17%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 7.0082, 11.8399,
4.2015

■ 7.0082, 11.8399,
4.2015

162.2750,
203.3425, 150.4394

■ 3.5136, 6.6348,
1.7365

■ 19.6943, 29.2032,
14.4719

■ 1.4308, 3.2347,
0.3856

■ 29.6164, 42.1301,
23.1144

■ 0.2780, 1.2555,
0.0000

■ 42.4119, 58.3997,
34.6531

■ 0.0000, 0.1063,
0.0000

■ 58.4459, 78.3965,
49.5066

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 78.0838, 102.5047,
68.0935

■ 101.6911,

131.1089, 90.8322

129.6330,
164.5934, 118.1413

■ 7.0082, 11.8399,
4.2015

■ 7.0082, 11.8399,
4.2015

■ 6.4326, 11.5637,
3.2597

■ 7.7634, 12.2030,
5.4365

■ 6.0208, 11.3660,
2.5861

■ 8.7103, 12.6579,
6.9854

■ 5.7562, 11.2388,
2.1532

■ 9.8612, 13.2107,
8.8679

■ 5.5762, 11.1524,
1.8589

■ 11.2270, 13.8667,
11.1018

■ 12.8178, 14.6309,
13.7039

■ 14.6432, 15.5077,
16.6895

■ 16.7121, 16.5015,
20.0735

■ 19.0330, 17.6164,
23.8696

■ 21.6141, 18.8562,
28.0912

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.2250, 11.8399, 2.1147



7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015



6.0064, 11.8399, 9.7949

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015



10.1127, 11.8399, 41.1253



18.5386, 11.8399, 7.6338

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015



10.1089, 6.1686, 15.4093

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9083, 11.8399, 16.5806



7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015



13.5594, 11.8399, 39.5130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015



7.5459, 11.8399, 32.7937



16.9387, 11.8399, 29.1029



16.0115, 11.8399, 3.2995

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015



5.9934, 11.8399, 16.2053



16.9387, 11.8399, 29.1029



18.9361, 11.8399, 10.0636

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.0085, 11.8404, 4.2018



20.3581, 24.6601, 20.5466



12.4429, 14.6420, 4.4557



4.5988, 5.6720, 4.5545



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.0085, 11.8404, 4.2018



10.9714, 20.1512, 5.1929



7.8944, 12.1948, 8.8668



3.3451, 3.7632, 3.6234



6.6985, 13.3969, 2.2330



33.3680, 66.7358, 11.1230

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1089, 6.1686, 15.4093



16.9465, 9.2208, 26.7915



8.6165, 5.5716, 7.5503



3.5144, 3.4535, 4.2355



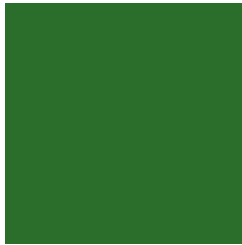
11.1056, 5.3346, 18.1638



55.3217, 26.5740, 90.4811

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

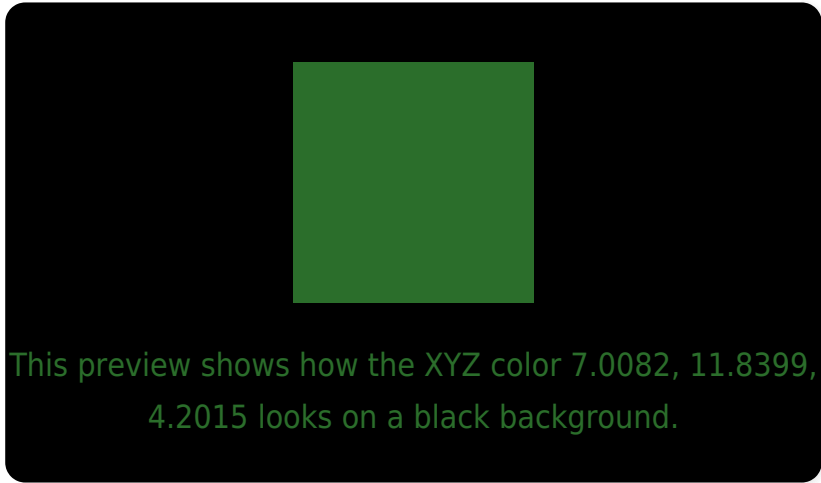
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0082, 11.8399,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015

Protanopia

10.6125, 11.6380, 3.6065

Deuteranopia

11.8319, 11.7192, 4.4347



Tritanopia

9.5830, 11.8089, 16.8132

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015

Protanomaly

8.6928, 11.3454, 3.7392

Deuteranomaly

9.2694, 11.3451, 4.2860

Tritanomaly

8.3551, 11.7642, 10.6345

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015

Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

Achromatomaly

7.2544, 9.3006, 6.8817

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 110, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 110, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 110, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 110, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 110, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 110, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 110, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 110, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 110, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 110,  
43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.0082, 11.8399, 4.2015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 110, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 110,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor