

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.0331, 67.4078, 67.0806)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.0331, 67.4078, 67.0806)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(60.0500, 67.3020,  
66.9524)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C8DBCC
RGB	200, 219, 204
RGB Percent	78%, 86%, 80%
CMY	0.2157, 0.1412, 0.2000
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.07, 0.14
HSL	133°, 21%, 82%
HSV	133°, 9%, 86%
XYZ	60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524
YIQ	211.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

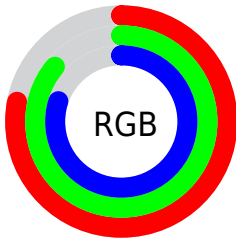
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 216, 219
Decimal	13163468
CIE Lab	85.66, -9.14, 5.20
CIE LCh	86, 10.511, 150.364
Yxy	67.3020, 0.3091, 0.3464
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291353548 (0xFFC8DBCC)
YUV	211.6090, -3.7512, -10.1811
Hunter-Lab	82.0378, -12.9078, 9.0389

# Details

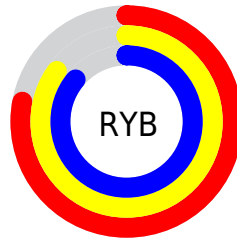
The XYZ color **60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **62.1358, 61.2766, 72.8457**, and the grayscale version is **62.3485, 65.5955, 71.4335**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **30.6345, 34.8639, 33.9690** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6548, 63.7180, 56.3755**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.5171, 71.4157, 78.7842**.

# Distribution



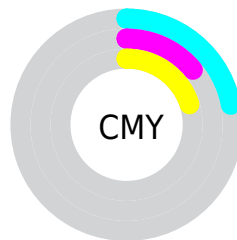
- Red (78%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.0500, 67.3020,  
66.9524

60.0500, 67.3020,  
66.9524

414.6138,  
451.0190, 468.2722

43.7086, 49.3301,  
48.5846

104.0081,  
115.3530, 116.4922

30.6384, 34.8814,  
33.9268

132.3555,  
146.2010, 148.5013

20.4741, 23.5715,  
22.5605

165.4356,  
182.1097, 185.8945

12.8504, 15.0161,  
14.0671

203.6137,  
223.4636, 229.0905

7.4019, 8.8307,  
8.0280

247.2553,  
270.6471, 278.5077

3.7632, 4.6309,  
4.0249

296.7256,

1.5691, 2.0324,

324.0445, 334.5647

1.6390

352.3900,  
384.0404, 397.6800

■ 0.3721, 0.6262,  
0.3184

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.0500, 67.3020,  
66.9524

■ 60.0500, 67.3020,  
66.9524

■ 52.6548, 63.7180,  
56.3755

■ 68.5171, 71.4157,  
78.7842

■ 46.2829, 60.6339,  
47.0078

■ 78.0908, 76.0707,  
91.9055

■ 40.8904, 58.0299,  
38.8077

■ 84.6228, 79.1456,  
105.4243

■ 36.4278, 55.8814,  
31.7290

■ 32.8413, 54.1617,  
25.7230

■ 30.0715, 52.8413,  
20.7371

■ 28.0514, 51.8868,  
16.7141

■ 26.7027, 51.2593,  
13.5914

■ 25.9106, 50.9009,  
11.2978

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.6695, 67.3020, 62.4831



60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524



59.4746, 67.3020, 73.3643

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524



63.9978, 67.3020, 87.2710



68.0234, 67.3020, 66.8158

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524



62.1358, 61.2766, 72.8457

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.6833, 67.3020, 73.1967



60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524



66.3240, 67.3020, 85.2551

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524



61.7190, 67.3020, 85.3478



68.0539, 67.3020, 79.9951



66.2720, 67.3020, 62.4078



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524



59.7490, 67.3020, 77.9648



68.0539, 67.3020, 79.9951



68.3822, 67.3020, 68.7875

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.0519, 67.3049, 66.9539



91.3340, 98.1949, 103.7298



63.8426, 69.3138, 64.6585



19.3418, 20.9170, 21.9127



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.0519, 67.3049, 66.9539



83.2092, 94.2509, 92.3039



61.2014, 67.7647, 73.0074



12.9981, 14.6509, 14.4530



15.3465, 30.1712, 6.7243



1.0260, 1.9674, 0.6031



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.1358, 61.2766, 72.8457



86.5955, 84.4548, 101.8777



60.9739, 60.8118, 66.7273



13.4909, 13.2254, 15.8461



21.8303, 10.7331, 24.5499

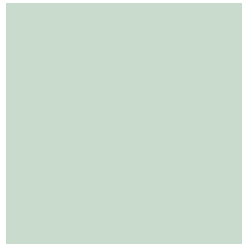


1.4443, 0.7074, 1.7486



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

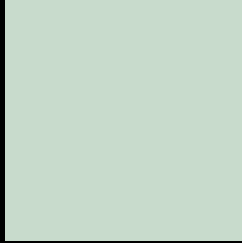
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

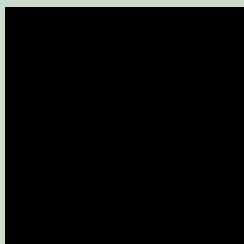
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

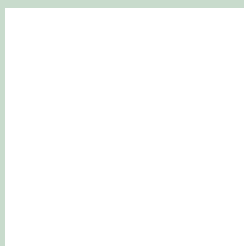
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524.



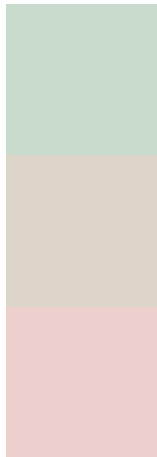
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.0500, 67.3020,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524

### Protanopia

64.1557, 67.1777, 64.8436

### Deuteranopia

68.3785, 67.0864, 67.7376



## Tritanopia

64.0428, 67.4062, 85.9792

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524

## Protanomaly

62.4017, 67.0113, 65.5227

## Deuteranomaly

65.0542, 66.8436, 67.2310

## Tritanomaly

62.3693, 67.0822, 78.7682

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524

## Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

## Achromatomaly

61.8215, 66.6142, 69.9211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 219, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 219, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 219, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 219, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 219, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 219, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 219, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 219, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 219, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 219,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.0500, 67.3020, 66.9524 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 219, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
219, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor