

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.2404, 47.0885, 45.7896)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.2404, 47.0885, 45.7896)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(60.2712, 47.0985,  
45.9587)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF99AE
RGB	255, 153, 174
RGB Percent	100%, 60%, 68%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4000, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.32, 0.00
HSL	348°, 100%, 80%
HSV	348°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587
YIQ	185.8920, 54.0510, 28.1550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

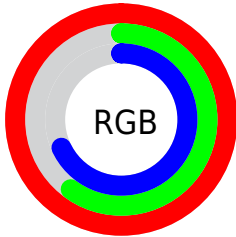
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 153, 174</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16751022</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.25, 40.54, 5.58</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">74, 40.925, 7.840</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.0985, 0.3931, 0.3072</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294941102 (0xFFFF99AE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">185.8920, -5.8628, 60.6077</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.6283, 36.6637, 8.3348</a>

# Details

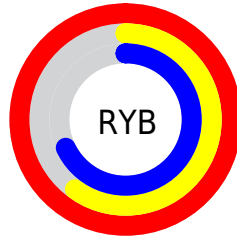
The XYZ color **60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **63.7503, 84.2338, 90.7451**, and the grayscale version is **46.6235, 49.0516, 53.4172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.1833, 72.5181, 84.0054**, and **30.8350, 22.2552, 21.0829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.7069, 38.8948, 35.0869**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.0274, 57.2093, 58.6973**.

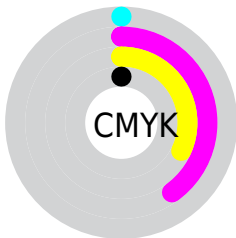
# Distribution



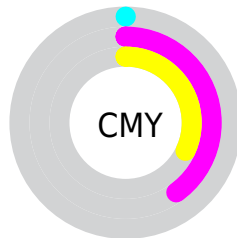
- Red (100%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 60.2712, 47.0985,  
45.9587


 60.2712, 47.0985,  
45.9587


415.4154,  
375.2076, 386.9153

 43.8876, 33.1135,  
31.8648


 104.3271, 85.8606,  
85.4908

 30.7797, 22.2134,  
20.9943

 132.7300,  
111.4066, 111.7661

 20.5821, 14.0138,  
12.9286


165.8702,  
141.5750, 142.9390

 12.9296, 8.1303,  
7.2493

204.1128,  
176.7502, 179.4279

 7.4568, 4.1784,  
3.5377

247.8233,  
217.3167, 221.6515

 3.7982, 1.7739,  
1.3753

297.3669,

 1.5886, 0.4708,

263.6588, 270.0282

0.1223

353.1092,  
316.1610, 324.9766

■ 0.3850, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.2712, 47.0985,  
45.9587

■ 60.2712, 47.0985,  
45.9587

■ 54.7069, 38.8948,  
35.0869

■ 67.0274, 57.2093,  
58.6973

■ 50.2603, 32.4714,  
25.9900

■ 75.0365, 69.3299,  
73.3830

■ 46.8541, 27.6969,  
18.5726

■ 84.3597, 83.5636,  
90.0945

■ 44.3998, 24.4185,  
12.7283

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 42.7927, 22.4548,  
8.3380

■ 41.8711, 21.5126,  
5.2530

■ 41.8709, 21.5124,  
5.2523

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.1666, 47.0985, 68.1086



60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587



56.8758, 47.0985, 30.2499

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587



36.6460, 47.0985, 25.5055



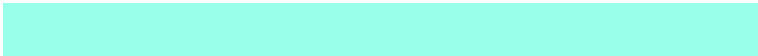
39.6453, 47.0985, 98.6243

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587



63.7503, 84.2338, 90.7451

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.5095, 47.0985, 80.3241



60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587



32.9145, 47.0985, 37.4840

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587



42.8661, 47.0985, 20.7349



32.1775, 47.0985, 57.0018



46.7206, 47.0985, 102.7169



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587



52.7150, 47.0985, 24.0890



32.1775, 47.0985, 57.0018



37.6587, 47.0985, 93.7286

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.2725, 47.1008, 45.9596



82.3846, 80.5391, 86.5818



63.0145, 47.3118, 100.4186



17.3642, 16.8266, 18.0513



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.2725, 47.1008, 45.9596



55.7268, 40.3873, 37.1136



63.6989, 56.9771, 37.7804



18.1623, 18.0482, 19.4717



21.9211, 11.2577, 2.9690



2.1716, 1.1110, 0.4849



# Inverse Universe

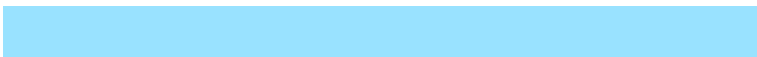
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.2725, 47.1008, 45.9596



55.7268, 40.3873, 37.1136



58.4123, 68.4412, 104.7396



18.1623, 18.0482, 19.4717



21.9211, 11.2577, 2.9690



2.1716, 1.1110, 0.4849



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.2712, 47.0985,

45.9587.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587

### Protanopia

45.7894, 47.3639, 55.4440

### Deuteranopia

48.4314, 47.4684, 44.6399



## Tritanopia

59.3116, 46.9352, 42.0097

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587



## Protanomaly

49.7930, 46.2881, 51.6575



## Deuteranomaly

52.0938, 46.7928, 44.8144



## Tritanomaly

59.5901, 47.0466, 43.4763

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587



## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722



## Achromatomaly

50.4435, 47.4984, 50.7654

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 153, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 153, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 153, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 153, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 153, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 153, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 153, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 153, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.2712, 47.0985, 45.9587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 153, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
153, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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