

Converting Colors

XYZ(60.2897, 67.6325,
104.4845)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(60.2897, 67.6325, 104.4845)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(60.3197, 67.7874,
104.5128)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | A8DEFF |
| RGB | 168, 222, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 66%, 87%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.3412, 0.1294, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.34, 0.13, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 203°, 100%, 83% |
| HSV | 203°, 34%, 100% |
| XYZ | 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128 |
| YIQ | 209.6160, -42.7770, -1.1850 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

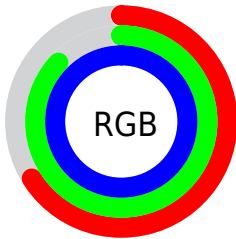
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 168, 201, 255 |
| Decimal | 11067135 |
| CIE Lab | 85.90, -9.55, -21.60 |
| CIE LCh | 86, 23.613, 246.156 |
| Yxy | 67.7874, 0.2593, 0.2914 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289257215 (0xFFA8DEFF) |
| YUV | 209.6160, 22.3743, -36.4972 |
| Hunter-Lab | 82.3331, -13.3085, -17.6289 |

Details

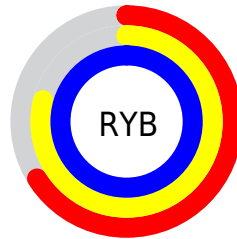
The XYZ color **60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **69.1948, 65.8604, 46.1129**, and the grayscale version is **60.8867, 64.0575, 69.7587**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.8613, 94.7476, 108.4232**, and **30.8218, 35.2254, 58.6008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.9186, 60.2688, 103.4517**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.9364, 76.1546, 105.6737**.

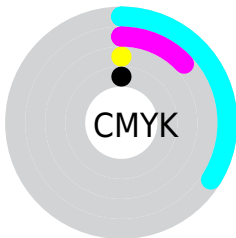
Distribution



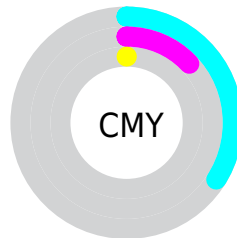
- Red (66%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60.3197, 67.7874,
104.5128

60.3197, 67.7874,
104.5128

415.5911,
452.7424, 595.9361

43.9268, 49.7248,
79.4369

104.3970,
116.0480, 169.4509

30.8106, 35.1948,
58.7316

132.8121,
147.0147, 210.1501

20.6058, 23.8130,
41.9785

165.9654,
183.0516, 256.8941

12.9470, 15.1949,
28.7590

204.2221,
224.5430, 310.1016

7.4688, 8.9563,
18.6546

247.9477,
271.8735, 370.1910

3.8059, 4.7127,
11.2467

297.5075,

1.5929, 2.0797,

325.4272, 437.5808

6.1168

353.2668,
385.5887, 512.6897

■ 0.3878, 0.6532,
2.8463

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0167

■ 60.3197, 67.7874,
104.5128

■ 60.3197, 67.7874,
104.5128

■ 52.9186, 60.2688,
103.4517

■ 68.9364, 76.1546,
105.6737

■ 46.6625, 53.5540,
102.4853

■ 78.8227, 85.3971,
106.9366

■ 41.4818, 47.6050,
101.6101

■ 90.0364, 95.5495,
108.3052

■ 37.2961, 42.3765,
100.8215

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 34.0125, 37.8168,
100.1145

■ 31.5179, 33.8633,
99.4828

■ 30.3253, 31.7707,
99.1418

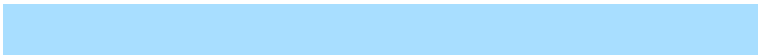
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.3985, 67.7874, 92.7962



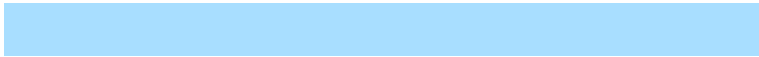
60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128



65.5506, 67.7874, 107.5281

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128



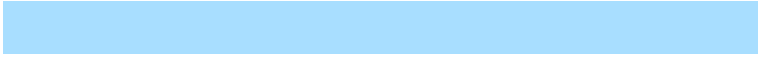
75.3236, 67.7874, 70.6635



58.4915, 67.7874, 52.2930

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128



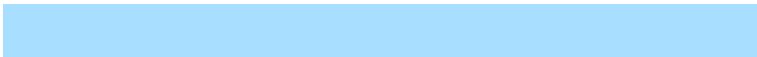
69.1948, 65.8604, 46.1129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.3220, 67.7874, 47.9978



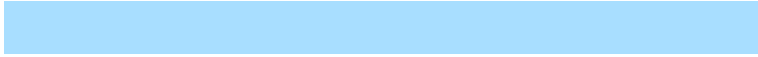
60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128



73.1897, 67.7874, 57.6063

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128



74.4095, 67.7874, 86.5053



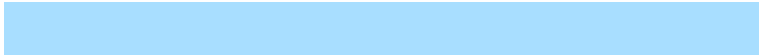
68.7227, 67.7874, 49.7976



55.3850, 67.7874, 62.4199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128



69.1200, 67.7874, 103.8744



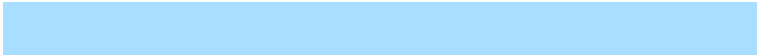
68.7227, 67.7874, 49.7976



59.9569, 67.7874, 50.1889

Sweetspot

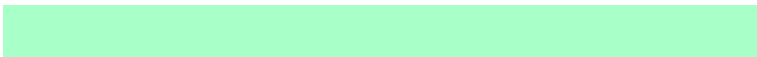
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.3216, 67.7900, 104.5132



83.2747, 89.4641, 107.4870



62.3231, 84.0108, 67.5147



17.4934, 18.8480, 22.9660



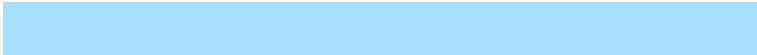
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



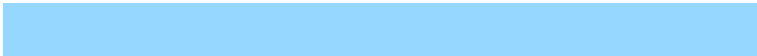
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.3216, 67.7900, 104.5132



55.0994, 62.5243, 103.7721



50.4405, 48.0278, 101.2195



17.9422, 19.2560, 23.0211



15.9942, 16.8980, 51.8532



1.6627, 1.8561, 5.0839

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.4287, 54.5408, 76.0310



64.5286, 48.1407, 70.4146



80.4788, 88.4285, 49.8743



18.4835, 18.1767, 21.1631



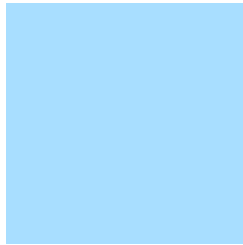
24.8613, 12.4338, 18.4521



2.4739, 1.2319, 2.0768

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

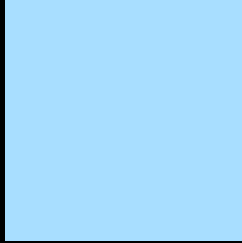
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

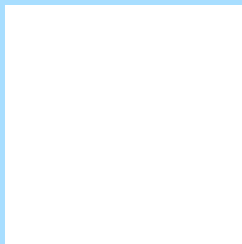
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128.

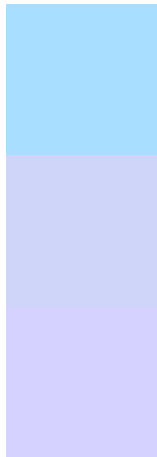


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.3197, 67.7874,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128

Protanopia

66.3745, 67.1919, 99.0936

Deuteranopia

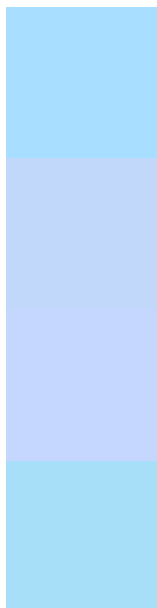
68.5372, 67.4593, 104.0164



Tritanopia

58.1997, 67.7214, 94.0085

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128

Protanomaly

63.9608, 67.4142, 100.9079

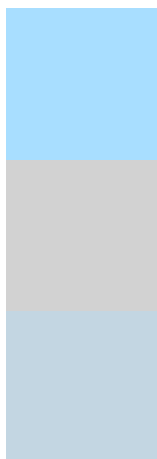
Deuteranomaly

65.1225, 67.1835, 104.1431

Tritanomaly

58.9021, 67.5977, 97.9389

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128

Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

Achromatomaly

60.2797, 65.1862, 81.3566

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 222, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 222, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 222, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 222, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 222, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 222, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 222, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 222, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 222, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 222,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.3197, 67.7874, 104.5128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 222, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
222, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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