

Converting Colors

XYZ(60.3776, 65.5867, 69.0982)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(60.3776, 65.5867, 69.0982)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(60.3336, 65.4846,
69.1344)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCD6D0
RGB	204, 214, 208
RGB Percent	80%, 84%, 82%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1608, 0.1843
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.03, 0.16
HSL	144°, 11%, 82%
HSV	144°, 5%, 84%
XYZ	60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344
YIQ	210.3260, -4.0340, -3.9860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

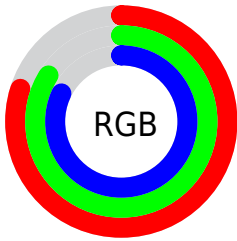
Format	Color
RYB	204, 211, 214
Decimal	13424336
CIELab	84.73, -4.48, 1.78
CIELCh	85, 4.821, 158.364
Yxy	65.4846, 0.3095, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291614416 (0xFFCCD6D0)
YUV	210.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479
Hunter-Lab	80.9226, -8.5299, 5.9927

Details

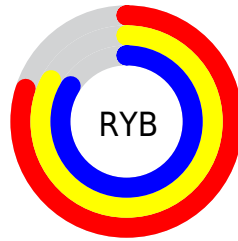
The XYZ color **60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.9597, 62.1367, 69.7567**, and the grayscale version is **61.4835, 64.6854, 70.4424**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **30.8085, 33.6134, 35.4361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.3497, 62.0614, 60.8909**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.2551, 69.3801, 78.0925**.

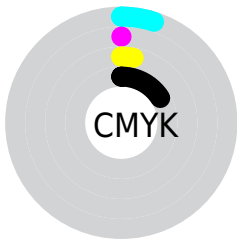
Distribution



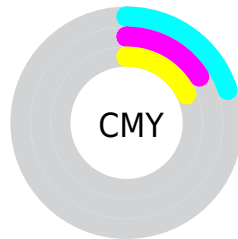
- Red (80%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.3336, 65.4846,
69.1344

■ 60.3336, 65.4846,
69.1344

415.6414,
444.5314, 476.2116

■ 43.9381, 47.8541,
50.3487

104.4170,
112.7463, 119.6430

■ 30.8195, 33.7114,
35.3175

132.8357,
143.1463, 152.2031

■ 20.6126, 22.6720,
23.6220

165.9927,
178.5716, 190.1917

■ 12.9520, 14.3515,
14.8439

204.2535,
219.4066, 234.0273

■ 7.4723, 8.3655,
8.5645

247.9834,
266.0356, 284.1286

■ 3.8081, 4.3297,
4.3653

297.5478,

■ 1.5942, 1.8597,

318.8432, 340.9141

1.8278

353.3120,
378.2137, 404.8022

■ 0.3886, 0.5240,
0.4462

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.3336, 65.4846,
69.1344

■ 60.3336, 65.4846,
69.1344

■ 53.3497, 62.0614,
60.8909

■ 68.2551, 69.3801,
78.0925

■ 47.2623, 59.0840,
53.3404

■ 77.1425, 73.7565,
87.7776

■ 42.0352, 56.5361,
46.4660

■ 82.0040, 76.0422,
97.9722

■ 37.6276, 54.3969,
40.2489

■ 83.3378, 76.5757,
104.9959

■ 33.9952, 52.6441,
34.6694

■ 31.0894, 51.2529,
29.7066

■ 28.8557, 50.1958,
25.3385

■ 27.2316, 49.4409,
21.5416

■ 26.1410, 48.9495,
18.2906

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.9631, 65.4846, 66.7461



60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344



60.2122, 65.4846, 72.1688

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344



62.5432, 65.4846, 77.3395



63.8811, 65.4846, 67.6792

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344



60.9597, 62.1367, 69.7567

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3152, 65.4846, 70.4413



60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344



63.5369, 65.4846, 76.0598

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344



61.4798, 65.4846, 76.9651



64.1885, 65.4846, 73.5136



63.0088, 65.4846, 65.9230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344



60.4344, 65.4846, 74.1600



64.1885, 65.4846, 73.5136



64.0836, 65.4846, 68.5176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.3354, 65.4874, 69.1358



93.8726, 99.4214, 107.5639



61.5740, 66.1820, 66.6568



20.1050, 21.2864, 23.0372



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.3354, 65.4874, 69.1358



88.2000, 96.6354, 101.0462



60.9398, 65.7291, 72.3181



12.9080, 14.1943, 14.7866



15.5877, 29.4904, 10.3904



0.9805, 1.7948, 0.8389

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.9597, 62.1367, 69.7567



89.3923, 90.2359, 102.2319



60.3661, 61.8993, 66.6305



13.0985, 13.1719, 14.9760



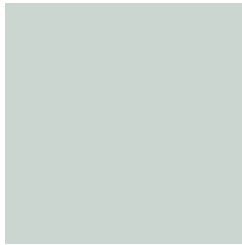
19.1867, 9.6110, 13.5532



1.1976, 0.5958, 1.0301

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

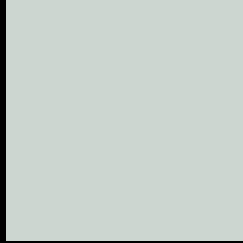
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

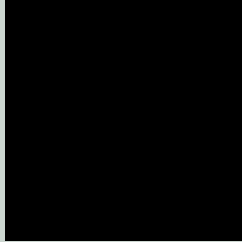
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

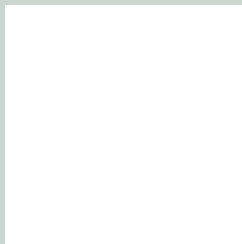
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.3336, 65.4846,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344

Protanopia

62.5061, 65.1483, 67.6730

Deuteranopia

66.7429, 65.4716, 70.0923



Tritanopia

63.0300, 65.4554, 82.7109

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344

Protanomaly

61.7081, 65.0906, 68.3429

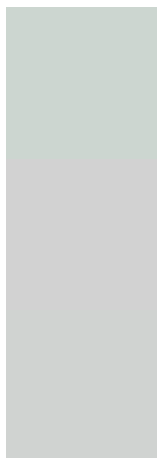
Deuteranomaly

64.1887, 65.2448, 69.5320

Tritanomaly

62.0482, 65.4292, 77.7654

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344

Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

Achromatomaly

60.8153, 64.6019, 69.5857

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 214, 208) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 214, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 214, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 214, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 214, 208) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 214, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 214, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 214, 208); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 214, 208); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 214, 208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.3336, 65.4846, 69.1344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 214, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
214, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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