

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.5094, 59.7987, 8.3531)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.5094, 59.7987, 8.3531)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(60.5318, 59.8436,  
8.3606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC200
RGB	255, 194, 0
RGB Percent	100%, 76%, 0%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2392, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 1.00, 0.00
HSL	46°, 100%, 50%
HSV	46°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606
YIQ	190.1230, 98.6300, -47.4020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

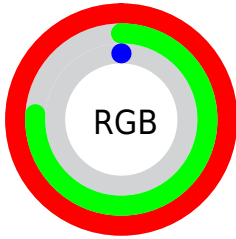
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	80, 255, 0
Decimal	16761344
CIE Lab	81.75, 8.83, 83.53
CIE LCh	82, 83.998, 83.965
Yxy	59.8436, 0.4702, 0.4649
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294951424 (0xFFFC200)
YUV	190.1230, -93.7306, 56.8971
Hunter-Lab	77.3586, 4.2955, 47.7432

# Details

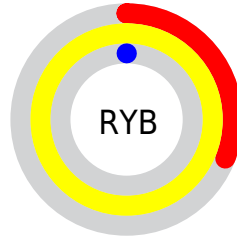
The XYZ color **60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC00**. The color can be described as light saturated yellow. A complement of this color would be **19.7196, 10.5591, 95.6057**, and the grayscale version is **49.5011, 52.0790, 56.7141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.0653, 90.2871, 21.9597**, and **31.5172, 30.3872, 4.2042** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.5318, 59.8441, 8.3607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.0998, 62.6903, 9.7770**.

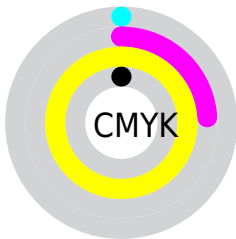
# Distribution



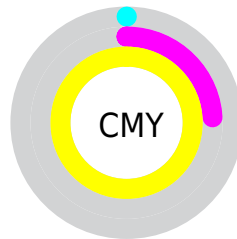
- Red (100%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 60.5318, 59.8436,  
8.3606


 60.5318, 59.8436,  
8.3606

416.3586,  
424.0210, 188.5726


 44.0985, 43.2926,  
4.2355


 104.7027,  
104.6028, 23.2201


 30.9462, 30.1147,  
1.7554


 133.1710,  
133.5797, 34.7916


 20.7095, 19.9257,  
0.3983


 166.3817,  
167.4674, 49.6823

 13.0231, 12.3410,  
0.0000

 204.7002,  
206.6502, 68.3107

 7.5216, 6.9764,  
0.0000

 248.4917,  
251.5126, 91.0954

 3.8396, 3.4473,  
0.0000

 298.1218,

 1.6118, 1.3695,

302.4390, 118.4549

0.0000

353.9556,  
359.8136, 150.8078

■ 0.4001, 0.1941,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.5318, 59.8436,  
8.3606

■ 60.5318, 59.8436,  
8.3606

■ 60.5318, 59.8441,  
8.3607

■ 62.0998, 62.6903,  
9.7770

■ 63.9587, 65.7412,  
12.4529

■ 66.1825, 69.0292,  
16.7688

■ 68.8158, 72.5732,  
22.9572

■ 71.8963, 76.3893,  
31.2128

■ 75.4568, 80.4917,  
41.7059

■ 79.5270, 84.8930,  
54.5892

■ 84.1336, 89.6050,  
70.0016

■ 89.3017, 94.6386,  
88.0715

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.3304, 59.8436, 13.8628



60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606



44.1511, 59.8436, 10.5232

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606



31.1132, 59.8436, 113.2813



89.0610, 59.8436, 140.9190

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606



19.7196, 10.5591, 95.6057

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.8455, 59.8436, 200.8851



60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606



39.1226, 59.8436, 179.9584

# Square

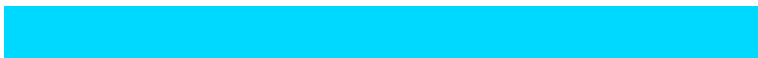
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606



29.3138, 59.8436, 55.4434



53.3772, 59.8436, 217.9949



97.8585, 59.8436, 75.9492



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606



36.3815, 59.8436, 17.1835



53.3772, 59.8436, 217.9949



83.9141, 59.8436, 163.4451

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.5331, 59.8466, 8.3617



79.5238, 84.8897, 54.5772



42.1587, 21.6278, 6.7683



16.6404, 17.7647, 10.4550



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.5331, 59.8466, 8.3617



60.5323, 59.8446, 8.3608



57.3099, 82.6289, 12.9291



19.1714, 20.3110, 19.0543



31.7510, 31.5133, 4.4092



3.1757, 3.2367, 0.4574



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.7196, 10.5591, 95.6057



19.7186, 10.5572, 95.6062



20.1493, 8.3026, 95.1475



17.3557, 18.0831, 22.8256



10.3987, 5.7070, 49.9881



1.0927, 0.7161, 4.8939



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.5318, 59.8436,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606

### Protanopia

54.2986, 60.0378, 9.1074

### Deuteranopia

60.9526, 59.6570, 11.6706



## Tritanopia

68.5528, 59.9434, 60.1817

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606

## Protanomaly

56.2947, 59.6768, 8.7815

## Deuteranomaly

60.5987, 59.5154, 9.8071

## Tritanomaly

62.9249, 58.7071, 27.4171

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606

## Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745

## Achromatomaly

49.8135, 52.9382, 25.6818

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 194, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 194, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 194, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 194, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 194, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 194, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 194, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 194, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 194, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 194,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.5318, 59.8436, 8.3606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 194, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
194, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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