

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.5160, 67.9720, 17.1381)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.5160, 67.9720, 17.1381)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(60.4490, 67.8379,  
17.1158)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBD94E
RGB	235, 217, 78
RGB Percent	92%, 85%, 31%
CMY	0.0784, 0.1490, 0.6941
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.67, 0.08
HSL	53°, 80%, 61%
HSV	53°, 67%, 92%
XYZ	60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158
YIQ	206.5360, 55.3470, -39.4130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

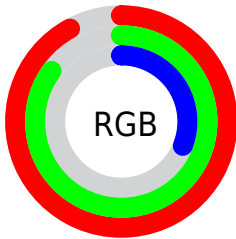
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">98, 235, 78</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15456590</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.93, -9.35, 67.79</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">86, 68.436, 97.851</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">67.8379, 0.4157, 0.4666</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293646670 (0xFFEBD94E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">206.5360, -63.3682, 24.9629</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">82.3638, -13.1306, 45.3337</a>

# Details

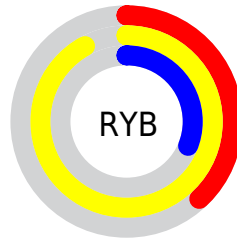
The XYZ color **60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **22.3203, 15.9834, 80.5057**, and the grayscale version is **59.3809, 62.4733, 68.0334**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.3031, 94.5012, 36.5097**, and **30.8687, 35.0883, 5.3755** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.0644, 66.1848, 13.2144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.1490, 69.6404, 22.6083**.

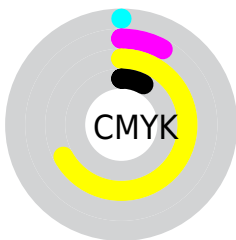
# Distribution



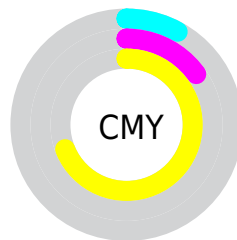
- Red (92%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.4490, 67.8379,  
17.1158

60.4490, 67.8379,  
17.1158

416.0591,  
452.9215, 247.9053

44.0315, 49.7659,  
10.1543

104.5834,  
116.1202, 39.3181

30.8933, 35.2274,  
5.3944

133.0309,  
147.0993, 55.3960

20.6690, 23.8381,  
2.4177

166.2192,  
183.1495, 75.3498

12.9934, 15.2136,  
0.7961

204.5136,  
224.6553, 99.5979

7.5009, 8.9694,  
0.0000

248.2794,  
272.0009, 128.5590

3.8264, 4.7212,  
0.0000

297.8820,

1.6044, 2.0846,

325.5709, 162.6516

0.0000

353.6868,  
385.7496, 202.2942

■ 0.3953, 0.6560,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.4490, 67.8379,  
17.1158

■ 60.4490, 67.8379,  
17.1158

■ 59.0644, 66.1848,  
13.2144

■ 62.1490, 69.6404,  
22.6083

■ 57.9567, 64.6579,  
10.7222


■ 64.1885, 71.5944,  
29.8396


■ 57.0843, 63.2432,  
9.4140


■ 66.5947, 73.7133,  
38.9450


■ 56.8328, 62.8060,  
9.1274


■ 69.3905, 76.0065,  
50.0455

 72.5969, 78.4824,  
63.2517

 76.2336, 81.1489,  
78.6663

 80.3188, 84.0134,  
96.3851

 83.0466, 86.3538,  
106.8987

 83.8391, 87.9387,  
107.1628

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.5184, 67.8379, 19.2999



60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158



47.6997, 67.8379, 24.5296

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158



43.4920, 67.8379, 140.4765



96.6063, 67.8379, 111.4096

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158



22.3203, 15.9834, 80.5057

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.7906, 67.8379, 165.1043



60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158



53.7717, 67.8379, 186.0867

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158



38.9977, 67.8379, 86.2896



68.6819, 67.8379, 196.5706



99.1704, 67.8379, 62.6924



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158



42.1831, 67.8379, 36.8026



68.6819, 67.8379, 196.5706



93.5021, 67.8379, 129.9570

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.4506, 67.8411, 17.1172



86.0626, 93.4667, 70.6316



39.1117, 23.9620, 13.7076



18.1868, 19.8252, 14.1529



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.4506, 67.8411, 17.1172



70.5871, 78.9981, 14.6598



48.7220, 69.0595, 17.9705



16.1960, 17.3150, 16.0072



31.6906, 35.0754, 5.1000



2.5304, 2.8380, 0.4144



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.3203, 15.9834, 80.5057



21.8895, 12.8724, 95.9387



28.2321, 16.8667, 80.3646



14.3702, 14.8269, 19.0267



8.6092, 3.8655, 44.0353



0.7219, 0.3954, 3.4731



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158.



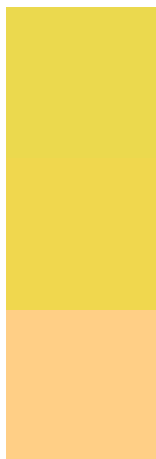
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.4490, 67.8379,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158

### Protanopia

61.6108, 67.6762, 17.0233

### Deuteranopia

67.8559, 67.6069, 32.0273



## Tritanopia

72.4999, 67.6005, 76.2449

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158

## Protanomaly

61.1909, 67.8389, 17.0768

## Deuteranomaly

65.0429, 67.7599, 25.5704

## Tritanomaly

66.5859, 66.9936, 46.4674

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158

## Achromatopsia

59.3074, 62.3960, 67.9493

## Achromatomaly

58.2547, 63.8783, 42.5171

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 217, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 217, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 217, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 217, 78) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 217, 78) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 217, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 217, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 217, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 217, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 217,  
78) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.4490, 67.8379, 17.1158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 217, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
217, 78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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