

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.6199, 63.9245, 71.1998)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.6199, 63.9245, 71.1998)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(60.6624, 64.1121,  
71.4650)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFD2D4
RGB	207, 210, 212
RGB Percent	81%, 82%, 83%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1765, 0.1686
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	204°, 5%, 82%
HSV	204°, 2%, 83%
XYZ	60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650
YIQ	209.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

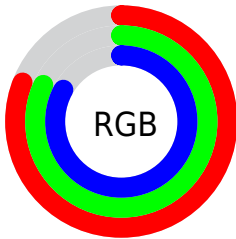
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 209, 212
Decimal	13619924
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	84.02, -0.65, -1.35
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	84, 1.501, 244.444
Yxy	64.1121, 0.3091, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291810004 (0xFFCFD2D4)
YUV	209.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443
Hunter-Lab	80.0700, -4.8880, 3.1308

# Details

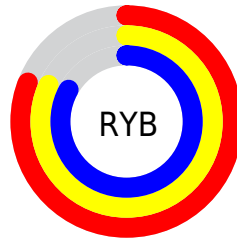
The XYZ color **60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.2144, 64.1022, 68.1790**, and the grayscale version is **60.8148, 63.9819, 69.6763**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **31.1111, 32.9836, 36.6250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.0981, 57.1934, 70.5292**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.1362, 71.6674, 72.4777**.

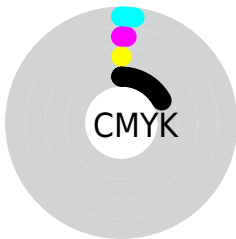
# Distribution



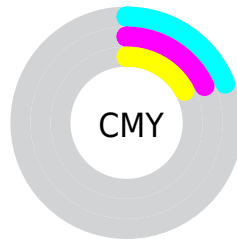
- Red (81%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 60.6624, 64.1121,  
71.4650

■ 60.6624, 64.1121,  
71.4650

416.8308,  
439.5943, 484.6047

■ 44.2043, 46.7415,  
52.2376

104.8909,  
110.7724, 122.9962

■ 31.0297, 32.8313,  
36.8109

133.3919,  
140.8308, 156.1371

■ 20.7734, 21.9973,  
24.7665

166.6379,  
175.8873, 194.7530

■ 13.0700, 13.8549,  
15.6857

204.9943,  
216.3262, 239.2622

■ 7.5541, 8.0198,  
9.1501

248.8265,  
262.5320, 290.0835

■ 3.8604, 4.1076,  
4.7411

298.4997,

■ 1.6234, 1.7339,

314.8890, 347.6353

2.0401

354.3794,  
373.7817, 412.3362

■ 0.4076, 0.4455,  
0.5798

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.6624, 64.1121,  
71.4650

■ 60.6624, 64.1121,  
71.4650

■ 53.0981, 57.1934,  
70.5292

■ 69.1362, 71.6674,  
72.4777

■ 46.4047, 50.8835,  
69.6641

■ 78.5453, 79.8696,  
73.5649

■ 40.5487, 45.1643,  
68.8688

■ 82.9467, 85.6592,  
74.4505

■ 35.4923, 40.0138,  
68.1411

■ 85.4337, 90.6332,  
75.2795

■ 31.1946, 35.4080,  
67.4786

■ 88.0376, 95.8411,  
76.1475

■ 27.6107, 31.3212,  
66.8787

■ 88.8839, 97.5335,  
76.4295

■ 24.6906, 27.7246,  
66.3384

■ 22.3770, 24.5858,  
65.8545

■ 20.6015, 21.8666,  
65.4232

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.4131, 64.1121, 70.8435



60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650



60.9860, 64.1121, 71.6408

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650



61.5735, 64.1121, 69.6660



60.5773, 64.1121, 68.3143

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650



61.2144, 64.1022, 68.1790

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.8873, 64.1121, 68.0051



60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650



61.4632, 64.1121, 68.7810

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650



61.5128, 64.1121, 70.5967



61.2117, 64.1121, 68.1752



60.3641, 64.1121, 69.0236



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650



61.2004, 64.1121, 71.4802



61.2117, 64.1121, 68.1752



60.6736, 64.1121, 68.1605

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.6642, 64.1148, 71.4664



93.7941, 98.8717, 108.7484



60.7749, 64.9527, 69.6024



20.0890, 21.1745, 23.2782



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

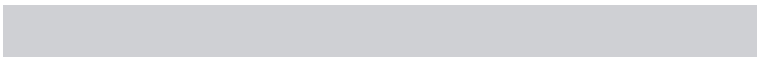
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.6642, 64.1148, 71.4664



91.3246, 96.6444, 108.4487



60.0711, 62.9287, 71.2687



13.3229, 14.1190, 15.9606



12.1502, 12.5623, 40.2375



0.8128, 0.9176, 2.4536



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.0985, 63.2770, 69.9695



92.1700, 95.0206, 105.5331



61.8128, 65.2989, 68.3785



13.4773, 13.8239, 15.4277



19.1917, 9.6130, 13.5796

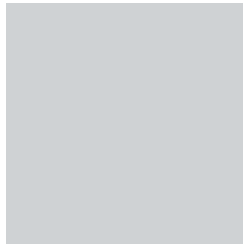


1.1979, 0.5960, 1.0316



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

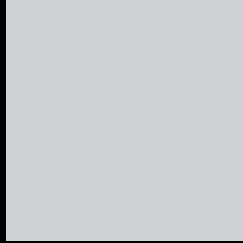
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

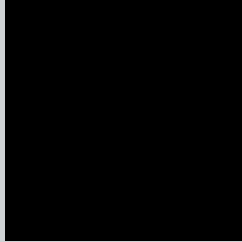
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

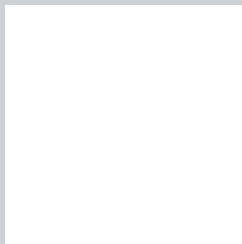
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650.



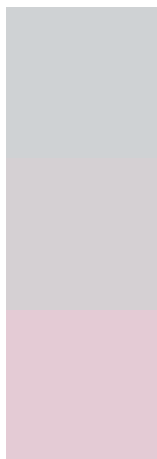
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.6624, 64.1121,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650

### Protanopia

61.7543, 63.9610, 70.7189

### Deuteranopia

65.3611, 64.0099, 71.8610



## Tritanopia

62.4410, 64.1033, 80.3163

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650

## Protanomaly

61.4223, 64.1530, 70.7735

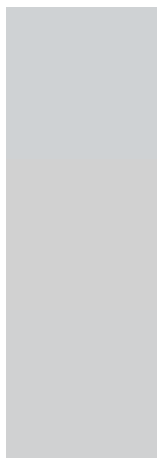
## Deuteranomaly

63.5967, 64.1624, 71.9835

## Tritanomaly

61.7312, 64.1781, 76.8442

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650

## Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

## Achromatomaly

60.4457, 63.6640, 70.0753

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 210, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 210, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 210, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 210, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 210, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 210, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 210, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 210, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 210, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 210,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.6624, 64.1121, 71.4650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 210, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
210, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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