

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.6362, 72.8910,  
105.4812)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.6362, 72.8910, 105.4812)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(60.6097, 72.8379,  
105.4724)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99EAFF
RGB	153, 234, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 92%, 100%
CMY	0.4000, 0.0823, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.08, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	192°, 100%, 80%
HSV	192°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724
YIQ	212.1750, -55.0170, -10.6410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

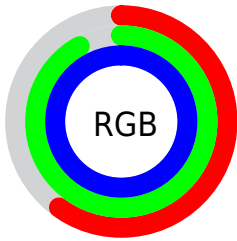
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 198, 255
Decimal	10087167
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	88.37, -19.51, -17.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 26.502, 222.606
Yxy	72.8379, 0.2537, 0.3049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288277247 (0xFF99EAFF)
YUV	212.1750, 21.1127, -51.8965
Hunter-Lab	85.3451, -22.5883, -13.5310

# Details

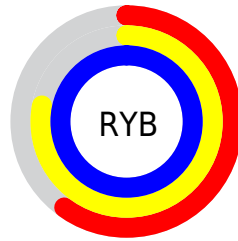
The XYZ color **60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **62.1264, 53.8325, 37.2553**, and the grayscale version is **62.5876, 65.8471, 71.7075**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272**, and **30.9373, 38.4048, 59.2084** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.8292, 67.6738, 104.7803**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.4668, 78.6262, 106.2282**.

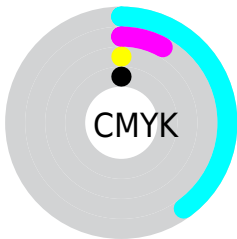
# Distribution



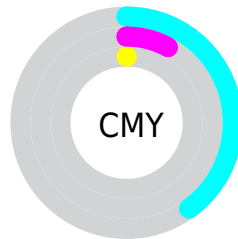
- Red (60%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.6097, 72.8379,  
105.4724

60.6097, 72.8379,  
105.4724

416.6403,  
470.4528, 598.9947

44.1616, 53.8434,  
80.2363

104.8149,  
123.2471, 170.7746

30.9960, 38.4765,  
59.3855

133.3028,  
155.4305, 211.6778

20.7476, 26.3527,  
42.5015

166.5346,  
192.7791, 258.6405

13.0511, 17.0877,  
29.1657

204.8757,  
235.6773, 312.0812

7.5410, 10.2970,  
18.9595

248.6914,  
284.5093, 372.4184

3.8520, 5.5963,  
11.4645

298.3472,

1.6187, 2.6012,

339.6596, 440.0707

6.2621

354.2084,  
401.5127, 515.4566

■ 0.4046, 0.9273,  
2.9338

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0609

■ 60.6097, 72.8379,  
105.4724

■ 60.6097, 72.8379,  
105.4724

■ 54.8292, 67.6738,  
104.7803

■ 67.4668, 78.6262,  
106.2282

■ 50.0529, 63.0909,  
104.1474

■ 75.4552, 85.0622,  
107.0495

■ 46.2086, 59.0530,  
103.5707

■ 84.6329, 92.1782,  
107.9393

■ 43.2115, 55.5159,  
103.0459

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 40.9603, 52.4268,  
102.5683

■ 39.2901, 49.7000,  
102.1300

■ 39.2898, 49.6996,  
102.1299

# Harmonies

## Analogous

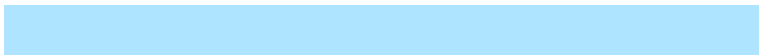
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.9633, 72.8379, 87.2040



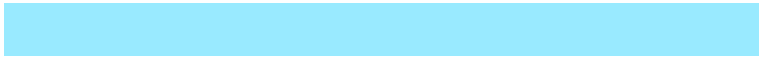
60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724



65.6367, 72.8379, 117.6658

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724



81.5745, 72.8379, 90.2510



66.5942, 72.8379, 49.7917

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724



62.1264, 53.8325, 37.2553

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.9526, 72.8379, 50.3492



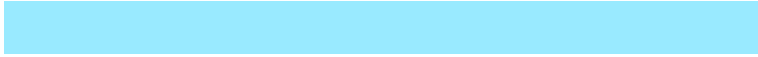
60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724



81.8700, 72.8379, 71.9038

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724



77.8475, 72.8379, 107.9955



78.6317, 72.8379, 57.8737

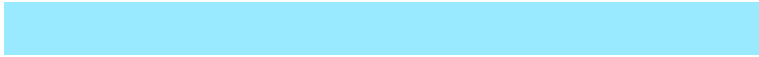


61.2735, 72.8379, 56.2121

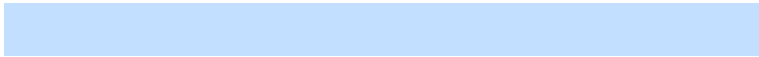


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724



69.7880, 72.8379, 119.7148



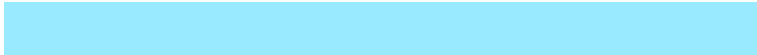
78.6317, 72.8379, 57.8737



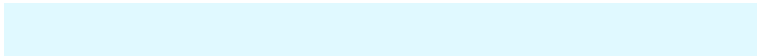
68.6754, 72.8379, 49.2012

# Sweetspot

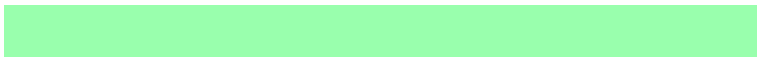
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.6117, 72.8406, 105.4728



82.6979, 90.6979, 107.7555



56.4797, 81.3255, 52.4609



17.4362, 19.2096, 23.0388



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

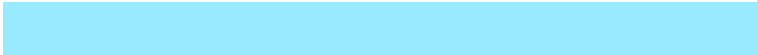


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

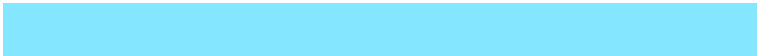


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.6117, 72.8406, 105.4728



55.9020, 68.6584, 104.9138



48.2460, 48.1092, 101.3509



18.2187, 19.8090, 23.1132



20.6404, 26.1903, 53.4020



2.0859, 2.7025, 5.2250



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.4839, 49.9847, 83.9361



63.8282, 43.6279, 79.7753



73.7538, 77.0874, 41.1311



18.6230, 18.2325, 21.8980



27.2065, 13.3719, 30.8016

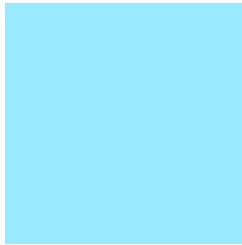


2.6875, 1.3174, 3.2016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

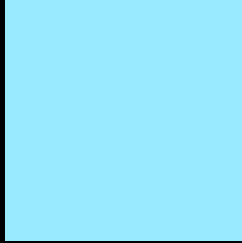
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

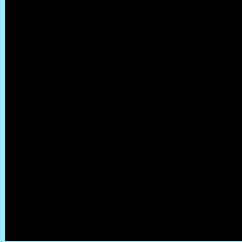
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.6097, 72.8379,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

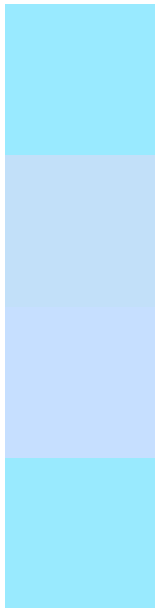




## Tritanopia

60.2893, 72.7098, 103.7853

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724

## Protanomaly

66.0027, 71.6202, 99.9679

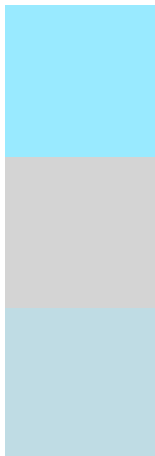
## Deuteranomaly

67.7264, 72.0011, 104.9358

## Tritanomaly

60.4491, 72.7737, 104.6267

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724

## Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

## Achromatomaly

61.0826, 67.8642, 83.2785

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 234, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 234, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 234, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 234, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 234, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 234, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 234, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 234, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 234, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 234,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 234, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
234, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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