

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.6977, 83.4989, 52.7104)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.6977, 83.4989, 52.7104)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>XYZ(60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685)</b> .....    | 3  |
| <i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....                | 4  |
| <i><b>Details</b></i> .....                    | 6  |
| <i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....                  | 12 |
| <i><b>Previews</b></i> .....                   | 24 |
| <i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> ..... | 28 |
| <i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....               | 31 |

# Color

**XYZ(60.8555, 83.5747,  
52.9685)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | AEFFAE                       |
| RGB         | 174, 255, 174                |
| RGB Percent | 68%, 100%, 68%               |
| CMY         | 0.3176, 0.0000, 0.3176       |
| CMYK        | 0.32, 0.00, 0.32, 0.00       |
| HSL         | 120°, 100%, 84%              |
| HSV         | 120°, 32%, 100%              |
| XYZ         | 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685    |
| YIQ         | 221.5470, -22.2750, -42.3630 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

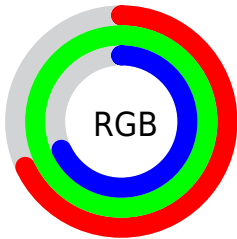
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                    |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 174, 255, 255                   |
| Decimal                             | 11468718                        |
| CIELab                              | 93.27, -40.02, 31.09            |
| CIElCh                              | 93, 50.683, 142.158             |
| Yxy                                 | 83.5747, 0.3083,<br>0.4234      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4289658798<br>(0xFFAEFFAE)      |
| YUV                                 | 221.5470, -23.4407,<br>-41.6987 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 91.4192, -41.1606,<br>29.6407   |

# Details

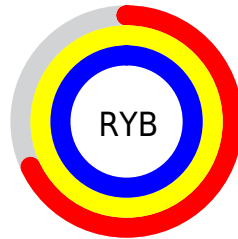
The XYZ color **60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **74.4259, 58.7523, 102.0240**, and the grayscale version is **69.2825, 72.8906, 79.3778**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.9979, 94.2221, 88.6751**, and **31.2530, 45.6906, 25.2611** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.4487, 80.0168, 40.8539**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.8135, 87.8776, 67.6214**.

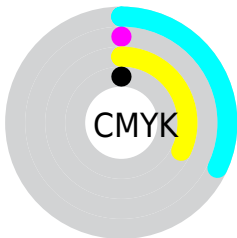
# Distribution



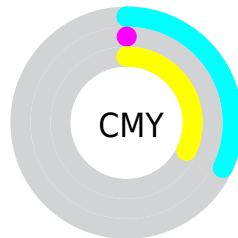
- Red (68%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 60.8555, 83.5747,  
52.9685

 60.8555, 83.5747,  
52.9685


417.5284,  
506.8999, 415.2271

 44.3607, 62.6644,  
37.3901


 105.1690,  
138.3801, 95.9991

 31.1533, 45.5697,  
25.2115


133.7183,  
173.0439, 124.2883

 20.8680, 31.9064,  
16.0142


167.0166,  
213.0611, 157.6516

 13.1394, 21.2900,  
9.3798

205.4290,  
258.8159, 196.5074

 7.6023, 13.3362,  
4.8895

249.3211,  
310.6928, 241.2743

 3.8912, 7.6604,  
2.1250

299.0581,

 1.6408, 3.8785,

369.0761, 292.3709

0.6306

355.0054,  
434.3504, 350.2157

0.4188, 1.6058,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.3615,  
0.0000

60.8555, 83.5747,  
52.9685

60.8555, 83.5747,  
52.9685

53.4487, 80.0168,  
40.8539

69.8135, 87.8776,  
67.6214

47.5039, 77.1612,  
31.1299

80.4024, 92.9640,  
84.9414

42.9246, 74.9615,  
23.6395

92.6981, 98.8702,  
105.0530

39.6024, 73.3657,  
18.2054

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 37.4126, 72.3138,  
14.6234

■ 36.2047, 71.7336,  
12.6475

■ 35.7600, 71.5200,  
11.9202

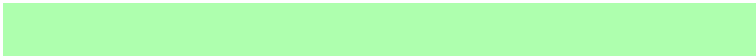
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.1501, 83.5747, 38.5182



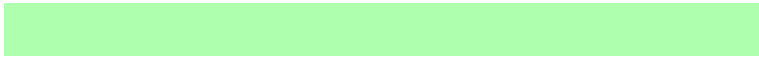
60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685



56.6421, 83.5747, 81.3411

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685



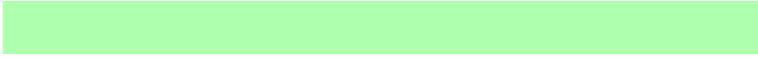
75.9874, 83.5747, 184.8718



105.6322, 83.5747, 66.0134

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685



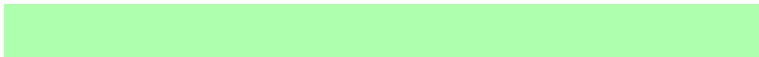
74.4259, 58.7523, 102.0240

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107.6451, 83.5747, 101.3919



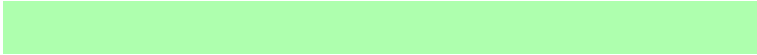
60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685



89.5055, 83.5747, 177.3763

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685



64.7182, 83.5747, 162.1945



101.4572, 83.5747, 143.9023

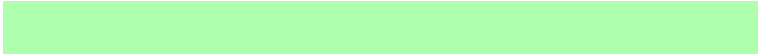


96.2296, 83.5747, 44.4482



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685



56.9103, 83.5747, 107.3600



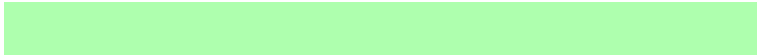
101.4572, 83.5747, 143.9023



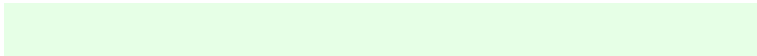
107.2349, 83.5747, 76.3902

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.8560, 83.5749, 52.9698



82.4457, 93.9455, 88.2836



84.6401, 95.8360, 54.0820



17.2975, 19.9404, 18.3250



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

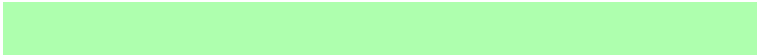


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

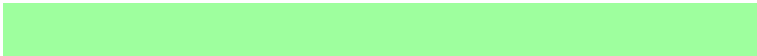


# Same Dimension

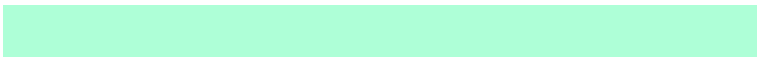
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.8560, 83.5749, 52.9698



56.0606, 81.2714, 45.1261



65.4174, 85.3994, 76.9898



17.7717, 20.1682, 19.1006



18.6854, 37.3708, 6.2286



1.8193, 3.6387, 0.6065



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.4259, 58.7523, 102.0240



71.5336, 52.9677, 101.0596



68.5778, 56.4131, 71.2283



18.7927, 18.3004, 22.7917



30.9799, 14.8812, 50.6718

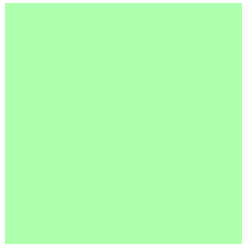


3.0164, 1.4489, 4.9338



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

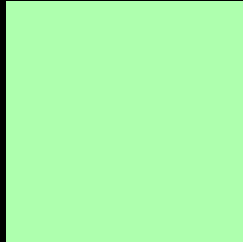
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685.



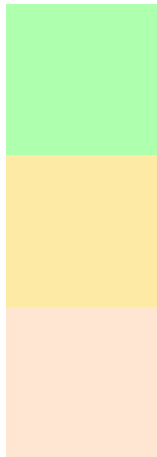
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.8555, 83.5747,

52.9685.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685

### Protanopia

76.7224, 82.4449, 47.4671

### Deuteranopia

81.2947, 82.5568, 73.2784



## Tritanopia

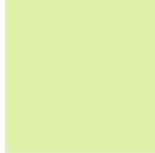
74.6821, 83.1097, 106.7134

# Trichromacy



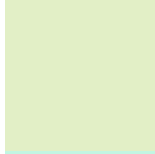
## Original Color

60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685



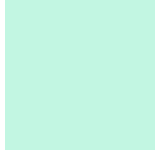
## Protanomaly

69.5605, 82.1787, 49.2416



## Deuteranomaly

72.4236, 81.9790, 65.4325



## Tritanomaly

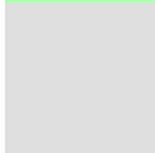
68.9314, 82.8719, 84.3143

# Monochromacy



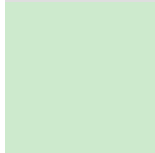
## Original Color

60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685



## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472



## Achromatomaly

65.6191, 76.2326, 69.0135

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 255, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 255, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 255, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 255, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 255, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 255, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 255, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 255, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 255, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 255,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 255, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
255, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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