

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.7442, 60.8578, 38.9435)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.7442, 60.8578, 38.9435)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(60.8482, 61.0128,  
39.1415)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	<a href="#">ECC79A</a>
RGB	<a href="#">236, 199, 154</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">93%, 78%, 60%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.0745, 0.2196, 0.3961</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.16, 0.35, 0.07</a>
HSL	<a href="#">33°, 68%, 76%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">33°, 35%, 93%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">204.9330, 36.4970, -6.1510</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

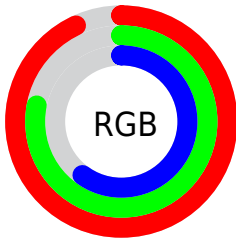
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	221, 236, 154
Decimal	15517594
CIE Lab	82.39, 6.85, 27.42
CIE LCh	82, 28.266, 75.968
Yxy	61.0128, 0.3779, 0.3790
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293707674 (0xFFECC79A)
YUV	204.9330, -25.1100, 27.2458
Hunter-Lab	78.1107, 2.3577, 24.9671

# Details

The XYZ color **60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **47.0970, 50.1861, 86.5614**, and the grayscale version is **58.1254, 61.1525, 66.5950**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.5086, 97.3834, 74.4536**, and **31.1141, 30.7938, 16.8743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.7083, 55.5753, 28.9991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.5491, 66.9534, 51.3787**.

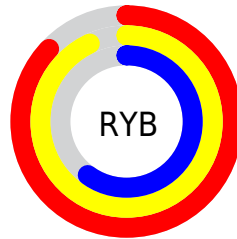
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (78%)

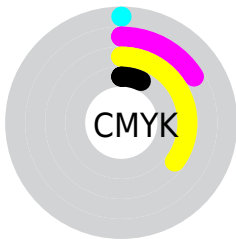
Blue (60%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (60%)

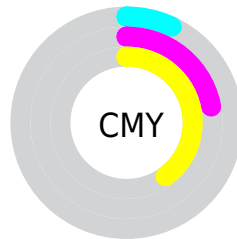


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (22%)


Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 60.8482, 61.0128,  
39.1415


 60.8482, 61.0128,  
39.1415


417.5020,  
428.3209, 357.9356

 44.3547, 44.2355,  
26.5611


 105.1585,  
106.2975, 75.0772

 31.1486, 30.8557,  
17.0144

 133.7060,  
135.5736, 99.2695

 20.8644, 20.4890,  
10.0827


167.0023,  
169.7849, 128.1697

 13.1368, 12.7510,  
5.3475

205.4126,  
209.3156, 162.1961

 7.6005, 7.2573,  
2.3903

249.3024,  
254.5501, 201.7674

 3.8900, 3.6235,  
0.7811

299.0370,

 1.6401, 1.4653,

305.8729, 247.3020

0.0000

354.9817,  
363.6684, 299.2186

■ 0.4183, 0.2641,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.8482, 61.0128,  
39.1415

■ 60.8482, 61.0128,  
39.1415

■ 56.7083, 55.5753,  
28.9991

■ 65.5491, 66.9534,  
51.3787

■ 53.0985, 50.6163,  
20.8267

■ 70.8306, 73.4037,  
65.8181

■ 49.9917, 46.1215,  
14.4920

■ 76.7170, 80.3809,  
82.5642

■ 47.3557, 42.0720,  
9.8448

■ 83.2295, 87.8987,  
101.7137

■ 45.1539, 38.4471,  
6.7104

■ 87.5286, 94.8260,  
108.2977

■ 43.3420, 35.2225,  
4.8751

■ 88.4020, 96.5729,  
108.5889

■ 42.5119, 33.6726,  
4.2588

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.4300, 61.0128, 45.3025



60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415



54.8590, 61.0128, 39.3459

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415



47.5414, 61.0128, 75.9936



66.7336, 61.0128, 92.2924

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415



47.0970, 50.1861, 86.5614

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.2397, 61.0128, 103.7496



60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415



50.2985, 61.0128, 93.2835

# Square

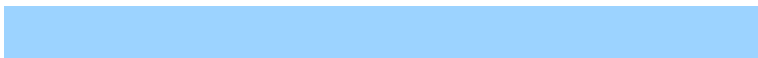
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415



47.4527, 61.0128, 58.7011



55.2244, 61.0128, 104.1409



69.9839, 61.0128, 74.8147



# Rectangle

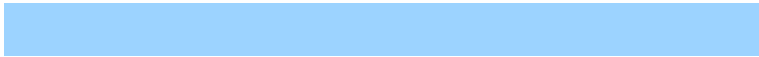
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415



51.4433, 61.0128, 43.0161



55.2244, 61.0128, 104.1409



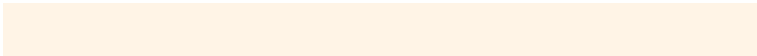
65.0716, 61.0128, 97.0990

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.8498, 61.0156, 39.1427



87.6519, 91.3433, 87.5066



55.6921, 44.7623, 55.7295



18.5514, 19.3019, 18.1356



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.8498, 61.0156, 39.1427



68.8130, 67.8663, 37.4482



69.5197, 79.6926, 42.2908



15.7507, 16.4245, 15.8588



23.5646, 18.8234, 2.3913



1.9463, 1.6699, 0.2197



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.0970, 50.1861, 86.5614



50.0340, 53.0852, 102.2171



40.5492, 36.3094, 84.2281



14.7908, 15.6681, 19.1669



11.3390, 9.3250, 44.9452

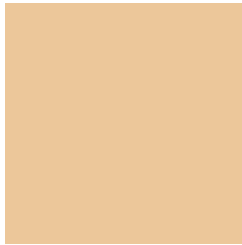


0.9853, 0.9220, 3.5609



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

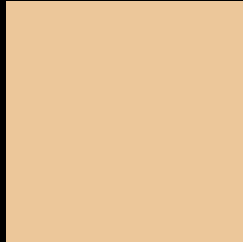
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

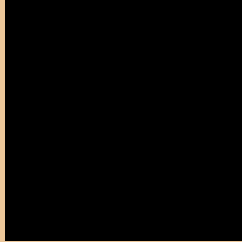
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.8482, 61.0128,

39.1415.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415

### Protanopia

57.1305, 61.1570, 40.6917

### Deuteranopia

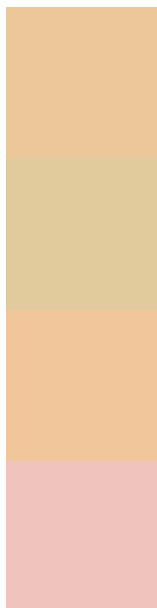
62.4169, 61.1428, 39.0839



## Tritanopia

66.7301, 61.0815, 67.3043

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415

## Protanomaly

58.4080, 61.1197, 40.1713

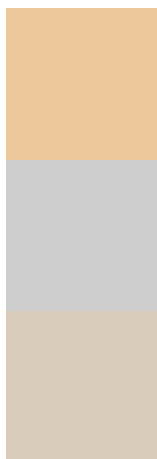
## Deuteranomaly

61.9620, 61.2465, 39.1279

## Tritanomaly

64.5274, 61.1863, 55.9861

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415

## Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

## Achromatomaly

58.5378, 60.8560, 55.1155

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 199, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 199, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 199, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 199, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 199, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 199, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 199, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 199, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 199, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 199,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.8482, 61.0128, 39.1415 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 199, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
199, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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