

Converting Colors

XYZ(60.7470, 66.8110, 65.5488)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(60.7470, 66.8110, 65.5488)
contains.

XYZ(60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(60.9271, 67.0118,
65.6005)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEB9CA
RGB	206, 217, 202
RGB Percent	81%, 85%, 79%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1490, 0.2078
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.07, 0.15
HSL	104°, 16%, 82%
HSV	104°, 7%, 85%
XYZ	60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005
YIQ	212.0010, -1.7410, -6.9970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

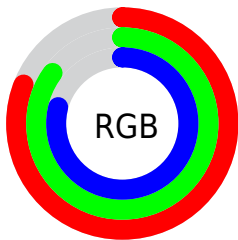
Format	Color
RYB	202, 217, 213
Decimal	13556170
CIELab	85.51, -6.43, 6.10
CIELCh	86, 8.859, 136.504
Yxy	67.0118, 0.3148, 0.3462
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291746250 (0xFFCED9CA)
YUV	212.0010, -4.9305, -5.2629
Hunter-Lab	81.8607, -10.4028, 9.7895

Details

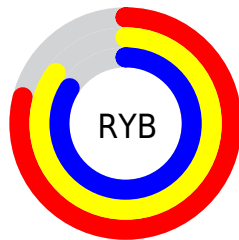
The XYZ color **60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.0882, 61.3988, 74.2806**, and the grayscale version is **62.6141, 65.8749, 71.7378**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **31.2145, 34.6542, 33.0607** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.3396, 63.8941, 52.8098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.3271, 70.5105, 80.3181**.

Distribution



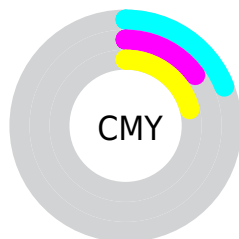
- Red (81%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.9271, 67.0118,
65.6005

■ 60.9271, 67.0118,
65.6005

417.7868,
449.9868, 463.3119

■ 44.4187, 49.0942,
47.4937

105.2721,
114.9373, 114.5343

■ 31.1991, 34.6942,
33.0690

133.8393,
145.7140, 146.1984

■ 20.9031, 23.4274,
21.9078

167.1569,
181.5459, 183.2187

■ 13.1652, 14.9094,
13.5915

205.5901,
222.8174, 226.0137

■ 7.6202, 8.7558,
7.7016

249.5044,
269.9128, 275.0020

■ 3.9026, 4.5823,
3.8196

299.2650,

■ 1.6472, 2.0043,

323.2166, 330.6021

1.5269

355.2374,
383.1131, 393.2326

■ 0.4229, 0.6100,
0.2378

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.9271, 67.0118,
65.6005

■ 60.9271, 67.0118,
65.6005

■ 54.3396, 63.8941,
52.8098

■ 68.3271, 70.5105,
80.3181

■ 48.5309, 61.1359,
41.8620

■ 76.5609, 74.3938,
97.0331

■ 43.4729, 58.7265,
32.6734

■ 83.6453, 77.8718,
105.2299

■ 39.1336, 56.6515,
25.1522

■ 84.1042, 78.1084,
105.2514

■ 35.4787, 54.8953,
19.1981

■ 32.4709, 53.4412,
14.7003

■ 30.0689, 52.2705,
11.5331

■ 28.2260, 51.3625,
9.5500

■ 26.8854, 50.6919,
8.5598

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.5999, 67.0118, 62.8479



60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005



60.0042, 67.0118, 70.4090

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005



62.7941, 67.0118, 84.2779



67.4747, 67.0118, 69.8617

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005



61.0882, 61.3988, 74.2806

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5294, 67.0118, 75.5810



60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005



64.7982, 67.0118, 84.1122

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005



61.0667, 67.0118, 81.3012



66.5408, 67.0118, 80.8599



66.3930, 67.0118, 65.2180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005



59.9255, 67.0118, 74.2268



66.5408, 67.0118, 80.8599



67.6146, 67.0118, 71.7165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.9290, 67.0147, 65.6020



92.8769, 98.9733, 104.5689



63.0730, 66.6075, 65.4104



19.9023, 21.1951, 22.4274



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.9290, 67.0147, 65.6020



86.6457, 96.0270, 92.2630



60.2520, 66.6172, 67.7589



13.2105, 14.7732, 13.8808



16.1572, 30.6268, 5.0600



1.1280, 2.0261, 0.3316

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.0882, 61.3988, 74.2806



86.9115, 86.6510, 106.7523



61.8121, 61.8241, 71.9623



13.2581, 13.0912, 16.4802



16.3604, 7.5583, 40.3350



1.1399, 0.5309, 2.6168

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

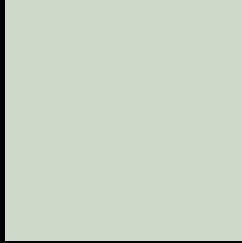
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

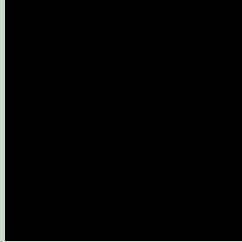
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

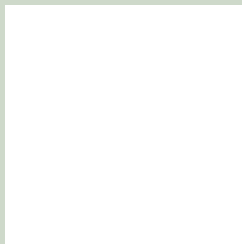
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.9271, 67.0118,

65.6005.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005

Protanopia

64.0384, 67.1308, 64.2259

Deuteranopia

68.2303, 66.6794, 66.4010



Tritanopia

64.6555, 67.0033, 84.3881

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005

Protanomaly

62.9081, 66.9091, 64.8575

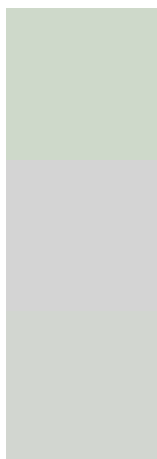
Deuteranomaly

65.1901, 66.5737, 65.9140

Tritanomaly

63.2593, 66.8158, 77.2728

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005

Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

Achromatomaly

62.0101, 66.3488, 69.2128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(206, 217, 202) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 217, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 217, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 217, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 217, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 217, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 217, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 217, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 217, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 217,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.9271, 67.0118, 65.6005 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 217, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
217, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor