

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.7617, 64.4168,  
103.0208)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.7617, 64.4168, 103.0208)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(60.9750, 64.6893,  
103.0385)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6D5FE
RGB	182, 213, 254
RGB Percent	71%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.2863, 0.1647, 0.0039
CMYK	0.28, 0.16, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	214°, 97%, 85%
HSV	214°, 28%, 100%
XYZ	60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385
YIQ	208.4050, -31.6370, 6.1790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

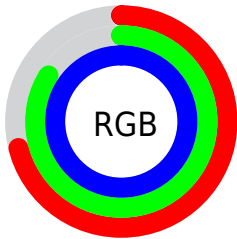
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	182, 204, 254
Decimal	11982334
CIE Lab	84.32, -1.20, -23.38
CIE LCh	84, 23.415, 267.064
Yxy	64.6893, 0.2666, 0.2829
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290172414 (0xFFB6D5FE)
YUV	208.4050, 22.4783, -23.1572
Hunter-Lab	80.4297, -5.4282, -19.6557

# Details

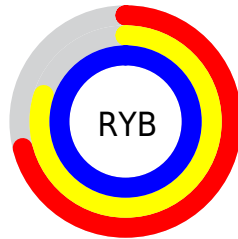
The XYZ color **60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **75.7051, 77.2242, 55.1734**, and the grayscale version is **60.0919, 63.2214, 68.8481**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.4066, 97.0907, 108.6359**, and **31.0573, 32.9970, 57.5555** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.0348, 54.9199, 101.6251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.3317, 75.6736, 104.6139**.

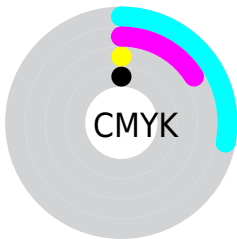
# Distribution



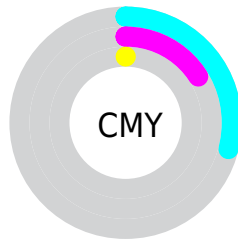
- Red (71%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 60.9750, 64.6893,  
103.0385

■ 60.9750, 64.6893,  
103.0385

417.9597,  
441.6746, 591.2207

■ 44.4575, 47.2092,  
78.2096

■ 105.3411,  
111.6030, 167.4147

■ 31.2298, 33.2011,  
57.7287

133.9203,  
141.8055, 207.7991

■ 20.9265, 22.2805,  
41.1773

167.2508,  
177.0175, 254.2057

■ 13.1825, 14.0632,  
28.1369

205.6979,  
217.6234, 307.0530

■ 7.6322, 8.1646,  
18.1889

249.6270,  
264.0077, 366.7596

■ 3.9103, 4.2005,  
10.9149

299.4034,

■ 1.6515, 1.7863,

316.5547, 433.7441

5.8962

355.3925,  
375.6489, 508.4250

■ 0.4256, 0.4786,  
2.7143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9506

■ 60.9750, 64.6893,  
103.0385

■ 60.9750, 64.6893,  
103.0385

■ 52.0348, 54.9199,  
101.6251

■ 71.3317, 75.6736,  
104.6139

■ 44.4377, 46.3105,  
100.3637

■ 83.1613, 87.9095,  
106.3522

■ 38.1125, 38.8129,  
99.2499

94.8896, 99.9358,  
108.0554

■ 32.9784, 32.3718,  
98.2773

■ 28.9441, 26.9258,  
97.4387

■ 25.9030, 22.4050,  
96.7264

■ 23.7100, 18.7185,  
96.1304

■ 23.3976, 18.1717,  
96.0414

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.2131, 64.6893, 97.2733



60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385



66.1424, 64.6893, 99.1019

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385



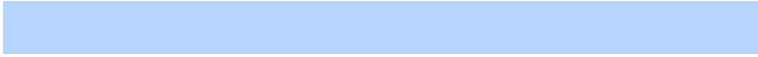
70.8152, 64.6893, 58.2064



53.4779, 64.6893, 55.9998

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385



75.7051, 77.2242, 55.1734

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.0520, 64.6893, 47.9106



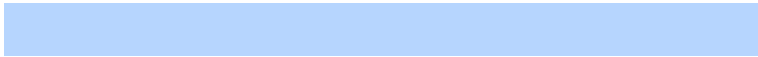
60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385



67.0771, 64.6893, 49.0529

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385



72.0091, 64.6893, 71.9112



61.9983, 64.6893, 45.5568



52.0402, 64.6893, 68.9804



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385



69.0911, 64.6893, 91.7725



61.9983, 64.6893, 45.5568



54.4591, 64.6893, 52.6922

# Sweetspot

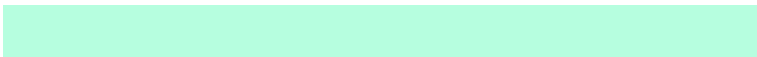
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.9770, 64.6919, 103.0400



83.0768, 87.8478, 107.1855



68.0270, 86.1470, 82.7149



17.3929, 18.4040, 22.8856



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

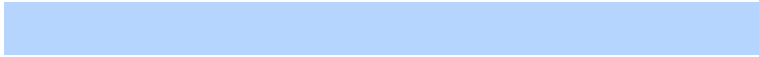


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

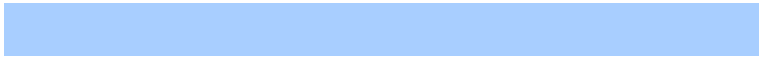


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.9770, 64.6919, 103.0400



56.2450, 59.5431, 103.1363



55.0636, 51.1530, 100.7384



17.6462, 18.6640, 22.9224



12.4751, 9.8599, 50.6802



1.3206, 1.1720, 4.9699



# Inverse Universe

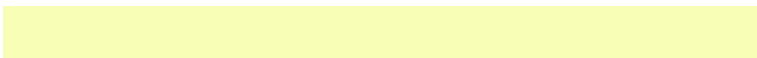
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6129, 59.3326, 70.7368



66.3939, 53.8145, 65.0458



83.0248, 94.4388, 58.1103



18.3341, 18.1169, 20.3763



23.0851, 11.7233, 9.0984

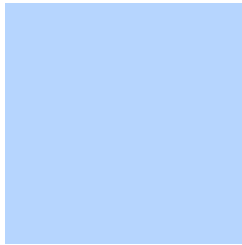


2.3012, 1.1629, 1.1675



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

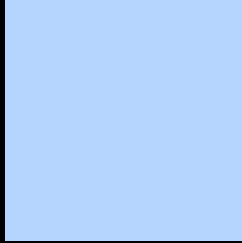
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

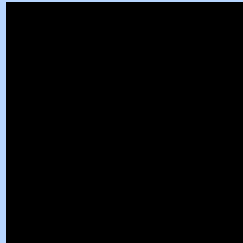
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

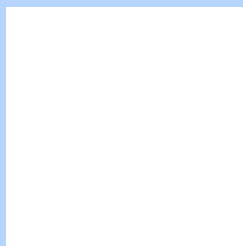
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.9750, 64.6893,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385

### Protanopia

64.0559, 64.4943, 100.3393

### Deuteranopia

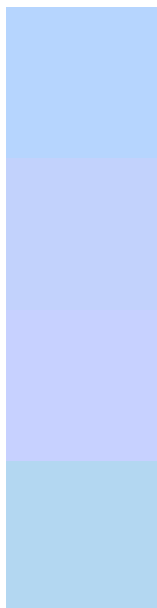
66.1337, 64.7725, 103.6245



## Tritanopia

57.7672, 64.5172, 87.2503

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385

## Protanomaly

62.8654, 64.5908, 101.2494

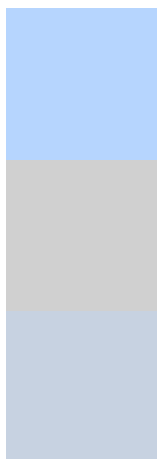
## Deuteranomaly

64.4037, 64.9630, 103.7524

## Tritanomaly

58.7680, 64.5355, 92.5783

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385

## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895

## Achromatomaly

60.1904, 63.6715, 80.3516

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 213, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 213, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 213, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 213, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 213, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 213, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 213, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 213, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 213, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 213,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.9750, 64.6893, 103.0385 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 213, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
213, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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