

Converting Colors

XYZ(60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(60.7859, 49.1916,
42.8504)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFA0A7 |
| RGB | 255, 160, 167 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 63%, 65% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.3725, 0.3451 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.37, 0.35, 0.00 |
| HSL | 356°, 100%, 81% |
| HSV | 356°, 37%, 100% |
| XYZ | 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504 |
| YIQ | 189.2030, 54.3730, 22.3170 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

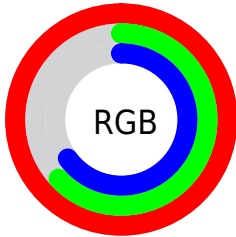
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 160, 167 |
| Decimal | 16752807 |
| CIE Lab | 75.57, 36.08, 11.32 |
| CIE LCh | 76, 37.815, 17.412 |
| Yxy | 49.1916, 0.3977, 0.3219 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294942887 (0xFFFFA0A7) |
| YUV | 189.2030, -10.9461, 57.7040 |
| Hunter-Lab | 70.1367, 31.9626, 12.8722 |

Details

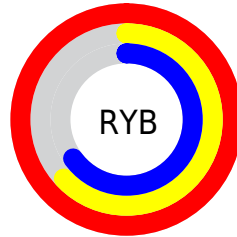
The XYZ color **60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **67.2026, 85.7719, 101.8250**, and the grayscale version is **48.5260, 51.0531, 55.5968**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.9807, 75.6457, 79.5456**, and **31.1172, 23.4890, 19.1134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.8220, 40.4452, 31.0546**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.0577, 59.9153, 57.0511**.

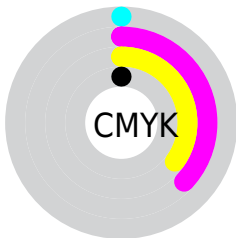
Distribution



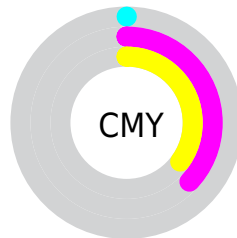
- Red (100%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60.7859, 49.1916,
42.8504


 60.7859, 49.1916,
42.8504


417.2770,
383.4961, 373.8993

 44.3043, 34.7715,
29.4372


 105.0687, 88.9760,
80.7690

 31.1087, 23.4869,
19.1634


 133.6007,
115.1090, 106.1115

 20.8339, 14.9534,
11.6104

166.8801,
145.9151, 136.2675

 13.1144, 8.7867,
6.3597

205.2724,
181.7788, 171.6556

 7.5849, 4.6023,
2.9927

249.1429,
223.0843, 212.6943

 3.8801, 2.0159,
1.0909

298.8569,

 1.6345, 0.6167,

270.2161, 259.8021

0.0000

354.7798,
323.5586, 313.3976

■ 0.4147, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.7859, 49.1916,
42.8504

■ 60.7859, 49.1916,
42.8504

■ 54.8220, 40.4452,
31.0546

■ 68.0577, 59.9153,
57.0511

■ 50.0847, 33.5488,
21.5277

■ 76.7049, 72.7194,
73.7766

■ 46.4897, 28.3713,
14.1247

■ 86.7948, 87.7083,
93.1423

■ 43.9399, 24.7614,
8.6823

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 42.3223, 22.5413,
5.0138

■ 41.4944, 21.4834,
2.8946

■ 41.3556, 21.3063,
2.5390

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.1352, 49.1916, 62.3949



60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504



56.4518, 49.1916, 29.9289

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504



37.5427, 49.1916, 31.5096



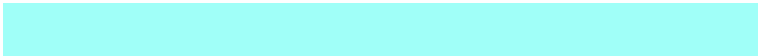
43.8870, 49.1916, 100.5878

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504



67.2026, 85.7719, 101.8250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.2378, 49.1916, 87.1872



60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504



34.8278, 49.1916, 45.6034

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504



42.8481, 49.1916, 24.5913



35.0689, 49.1916, 65.9230



50.8928, 49.1916, 99.3172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504



52.1093, 49.1916, 25.3058



35.0689, 49.1916, 65.9230



41.7809, 49.1916, 97.5335

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7871, 49.1939, 42.8514



82.8404, 81.8288, 85.5684



69.0093, 52.1533, 101.0371



17.4361, 17.0761, 17.7488



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7871, 49.1939, 42.8514



56.0555, 42.2496, 33.5086



68.1445, 64.9159, 42.1991



18.0636, 18.0088, 18.9522



21.6286, 11.1407, 1.4288



2.1238, 1.0919, 0.2336

Inverse Universe

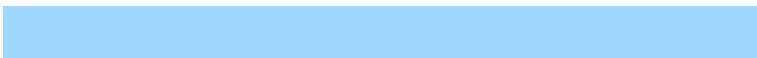
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7871, 49.1939, 42.8514



56.0555, 42.2496, 33.5086



56.9559, 63.5090, 103.8643



18.0636, 18.0088, 18.9522



21.6286, 11.1407, 1.4288



2.1238, 1.0919, 0.2336

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

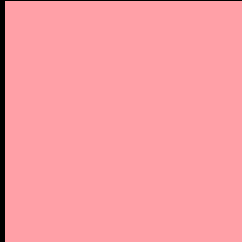
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.7859, 49.1916,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504

Protanopia

47.3853, 49.5304, 50.7789

Deuteranopia

50.3727, 49.4330, 41.5369



Tritanopia

61.1615, 49.3419, 44.8285

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504



Protanomaly

51.2902, 48.8750, 47.8048



Deuteranomaly

53.6393, 49.0615, 41.7647



Tritanomaly

61.0665, 49.3039, 44.3283

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504



Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172



Achromatomaly

51.7015, 49.3231, 50.5114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 160, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 160, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 160, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 160, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 160, 167) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 160, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 160, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 160, 167); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 160, 167); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 160, 167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.7859, 49.1916, 42.8504 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 160, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
160, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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