

Converting Colors

XYZ(60.8303, 63.9982, 69.6941)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(60.8303, 63.9982, 69.6941)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(60.6036, 63.7597,
69.4343)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | D1D1D1 |
| RGB | 209, 209, 209 |
| RGB Percent | 82%, 82%, 82% |
| CMY | 0.1804, 0.1804, 0.1804 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18 |
| HSL | 121°, 0%, 82% |
| HSV | 121°, 0%, 82% |
| XYZ | 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343 |
| YIQ | 209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R _{YB} | 209, 209, 209 |
| Decimal | 13750737 |
| CIE Lab | 83.84, 0.00, -0.01 |
| CIE LCh | 84, 0.010, 296.903 |
| Yxy | 63.7597, 0.3127, 0.3290 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291940817 (0xFFD1D1D1) |
| YUV | 209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000 |
| Hunter-Lab | 79.8497, -4.2606, 4.3384 |

Details

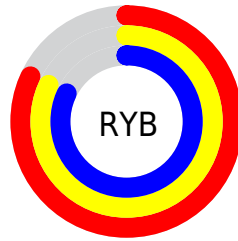
The XYZ color **60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.6060, 63.7614, 69.4377**, and the grayscale version is **60.6059, 63.7621, 69.4370**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **31.1553, 32.7778, 35.6950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6751, 59.9514, 56.5421**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.6446, 68.1067, 84.1197**.

Distribution



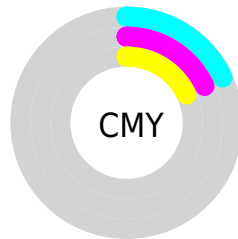
- Red (82%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.6036, 63.7597,
69.4343

■ 60.6036, 63.7597,
69.4343

416.6182,
438.3214, 477.2966

■ 44.1567, 46.4561,
50.5915

104.8061,
110.2648, 120.0752

■ 30.9921, 32.6059,
35.5092

133.2924,
140.2350, 152.7104

■ 20.7446, 21.8247,
23.7687

166.5226,
175.1963, 190.7802

■ 13.0489, 13.7281,
14.9515

204.8619,
215.5329, 234.7031

■ 7.5394, 7.9318,
8.6391

248.6758,
261.6294, 284.8977

■ 3.8510, 4.0514,
4.4130

298.3296,

■ 1.6182, 1.7023,

313.8700, 341.7824

1.8545

354.1886,
372.6392, 405.7759

■ 0.4042, 0.4252,
0.4636

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.6036, 63.7597,
69.4343

■ 60.6036, 63.7597,
69.4343

■ 52.6751, 59.9514,
56.5421

■ 69.6446, 68.1067,
84.1197

■ 45.8109, 56.6529,
45.3705

■ 79.8331, 73.0035,
100.6590

■ 39.9675, 53.8453,
35.8479

■ 82.0917, 74.0834,
104.5806

■ 35.0961, 51.5049,
27.8964

■ 31.1440, 49.6065,
21.4315

■ 28.0534, 48.1223,
16.3610

■ 25.7603, 47.0214,
12.5823

■ 24.1915, 46.2687,
9.9788

■ 23.2603, 45.8223,
8.4129

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.6015, 63.7597, 69.4356



60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



60.6052, 63.7597, 69.4301

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



60.6040, 63.7597, 69.4133



60.5974, 63.7597, 69.4228

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



60.6060, 63.7614, 69.4377

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5981, 63.7597, 69.4168



60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



60.6019, 63.7597, 69.4114

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



60.6055, 63.7597, 69.4180



60.5998, 63.7597, 69.4126



60.5979, 63.7597, 69.4290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



60.6058, 63.7597, 69.4262



60.5998, 63.7597, 69.4126



60.5976, 63.7597, 69.4207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.6054, 63.7624, 69.4357

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



60.6064, 63.7630, 69.4357



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.6054, 63.7624, 69.4357

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



60.6056, 63.7625, 69.4368



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



14.0669, 28.1197, 4.7322



0.7882, 1.5729, 0.2732

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.6060, 63.7614, 69.4377

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



60.6058, 63.7613, 69.4366



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



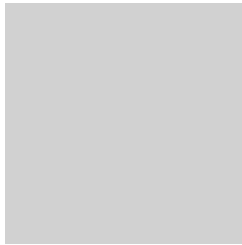
23.1596, 11.1367, 37.3421



1.2965, 0.6233, 2.0964

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

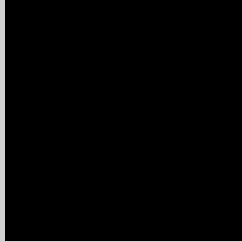
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

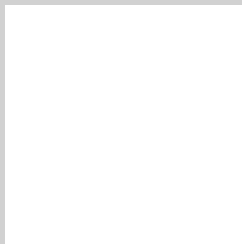
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343.

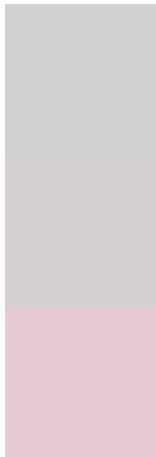


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.6036, 63.7597,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

Protanopia

61.3816, 63.8120, 68.7563

Deuteranopia

64.7483, 63.3882, 69.7953



Tritanopia

62.4961, 63.8022, 78.8332

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

Protanomaly

61.0924, 63.6629, 68.7428

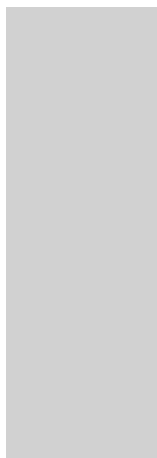
Deuteranomaly

63.2830, 63.6879, 69.9304

Tritanomaly

61.7891, 63.8753, 75.4022

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

Achromatomaly

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 209, 209) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 209, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 209, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 209, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 209, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 209, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 209, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 209, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 209, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 209,  
209) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 209, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
209, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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