

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.8314, 69.0868, 78.0187)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.8314, 69.0868, 78.0187)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(60.7918, 69.0190,  
77.8281)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFD FDC
RGB	191, 223, 220
RGB Percent	75%, 87%, 86%
CMY	0.2510, 0.1255, 0.1372
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.01, 0.13
HSL	174°, 33%, 81%
HSV	174°, 14%, 87%
XYZ	60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281
YIQ	213.0900, -18.1090, -7.7170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

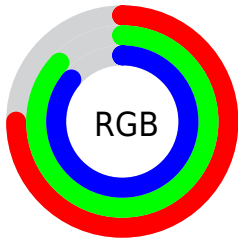
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	191, 208, 223
Decimal	12574684
CIELab	86.51, -11.07, -2.08
CIELCh	87, 11.265, 190.616
Yxy	69.0190, 0.2928, 0.3324
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290764764 (0xFFBFD5DC)
YUV	213.0900, 3.4066, -19.3729
Hunter-Lab	83.0777, -14.7692, 2.6108

# Details

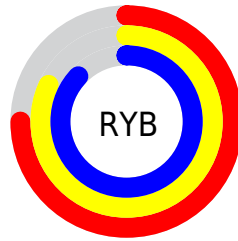
The XYZ color **60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.8023, 56.8465, 58.9152**, and the grayscale version is **63.2942, 66.5905, 72.5170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5214, 98.6965, 108.7817**, and **31.1107, 36.0402, 40.9141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.3301, 66.2371, 76.1361**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.1148, 72.2482, 79.5815**.

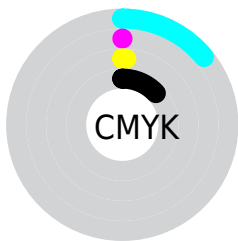
# Distribution



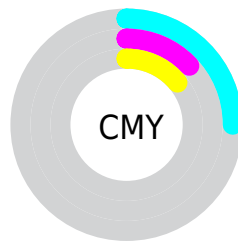
- Red (75%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.7918, 69.0190,  
77.8281

60.7918, 69.0190,  
77.8281

417.2983,  
457.0980, 507.0953

44.3091, 50.7272,  
57.4172

105.0772,  
117.8087, 132.0914

31.1125, 35.9915,  
40.9287

133.6107,  
149.0754, 166.7809

20.8368, 24.4277,  
27.9441

166.8917,  
185.4358, 207.0670

13.1165, 15.6512,  
18.0448

205.2857,  
227.2744, 253.3682

7.5864, 9.2776,  
10.8124

249.1580,  
274.9755, 306.1031

3.8810, 4.9227,  
5.8283

298.8739,

1.6350, 2.2020,

328.9235, 365.6902

2.6738

354.7989,  
389.5029, 432.5481

■ 0.4151, 0.7211,  
0.9302

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.7918, 69.0190,  
77.8281

■ 60.7918, 69.0190,  
77.8281

■ 55.3301, 66.2371,  
76.1361

■ 67.1148, 72.2482,  
79.5815

■ 50.6854, 63.8740,  
74.4988

■ 74.3292, 75.9348,  
81.3933

■ 46.8180, 61.9114,  
72.9160

■ 81.3948, 79.5442,  
83.2164

■ 43.6830, 60.3258,  
71.3853

■ 81.6842, 79.6600,  
84.7406

■ 41.2305, 59.0918,  
69.9045

■ 81.9772, 79.7772,  
86.2834

■ 39.4047, 58.1804,  
68.4707

■ 82.2737, 79.8958,  
87.8448

■ 38.1408, 57.5583,  
67.0810

■ 82.5738, 80.0158,  
89.4249

■ 37.3596, 57.1846,  
65.7315

■ 82.8774, 80.1372,  
91.0237

■ 37.0589, 57.0458,  
64.9835

■ 83.1846, 80.2601,  
92.6413

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.9807, 69.0190, 70.4811



60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281



61.8653, 69.0190, 84.8970

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281



68.9210, 69.0190, 86.5932



67.2798, 69.0190, 62.3945

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281



58.8023, 56.8465, 58.9152

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.4831, 69.0190, 66.1790



60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281



70.4479, 69.0190, 80.0205

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



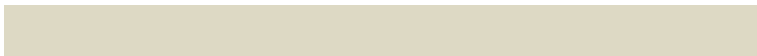
60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281



66.5291, 69.0190, 90.1757



70.6563, 69.0190, 72.5340



64.6806, 69.0190, 61.8935



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281



63.1694, 69.0190, 88.3781



70.6563, 69.0190, 72.5340



68.0931, 69.0190, 63.3124

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7938, 69.0219, 77.8296



91.2427, 98.0550, 107.9194



58.0932, 68.0357, 59.3618



19.3812, 20.9120, 23.0600



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

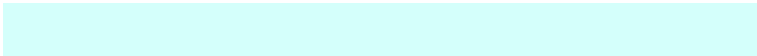


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7938, 69.0219, 77.8296



80.2125, 92.4258, 104.8230



57.9032, 62.5984, 78.8462



14.0582, 15.5490, 17.3418



21.8117, 33.5495, 38.3272



1.5283, 2.3320, 2.7430



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.8023, 56.8465, 58.9152



77.0543, 73.1154, 74.8262



61.3832, 62.5426, 58.1281



13.7592, 13.7213, 14.5022



17.9906, 9.2632, 1.3502



1.2652, 0.6493, 0.1892



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

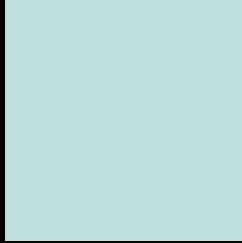
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

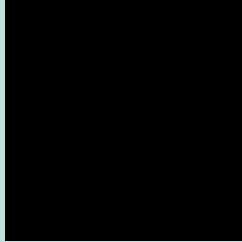
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

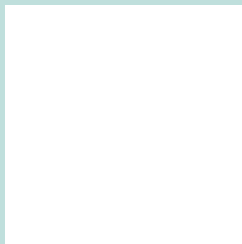
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281.



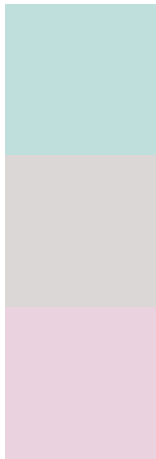
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.7918, 69.0190,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281

### Protanopia

66.0814, 68.7228, 74.0719

### Deuteranopia

70.2976, 68.9133, 79.4086



## Tritanopia

63.2740, 68.8288, 90.8393

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281

## Protanomaly

63.8903, 68.7079, 75.5402

## Deuteranomaly

66.3987, 68.7802, 78.8836

## Tritanomaly

62.2726, 68.8199, 85.6028

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

62.3844, 67.5627, 74.7186

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(191, 223, 220) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 223, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 223, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 223, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 223, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 223, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 223, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 223, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 223, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 223,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.7918, 69.0190, 77.8281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 223, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
223, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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