

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.8317, 51.8987, 86.6595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.8317, 51.8987, 86.6595)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(60.6611, 51.6895,  
86.9007)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DFADED
RGB	223, 173, 237
RGB Percent	87%, 68%, 93%
CMY	0.1255, 0.3216, 0.0706
CMYK	0.06, 0.27, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	287°, 64%, 80%
HSV	287°, 27%, 93%
XYZ	60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007
YIQ	195.2460, 9.2560, 30.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

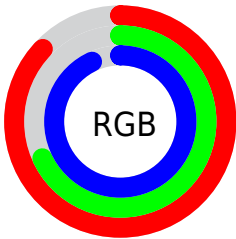
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	223, 173, 237
Decimal	14659053
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	77.09, 29.22, -25.01
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	77, 38.459, 319.437
Yxy	51.6895, 0.3044, 0.2594
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292849133 (0xFFDFADED)
YUV	195.2460, 20.5847, 24.3403
Hunter-Lab	71.8954, 24.7908, -21.3376

# Details

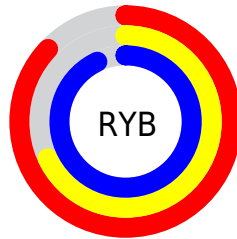
The XYZ color **60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **58.3222, 74.1516, 50.7763**, and the grayscale version is **51.8970, 54.5997, 59.4591**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.3093, 84.5186, 106.3198**, and **30.9933, 24.9846, 46.9051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.9409, 42.5832, 85.4453**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.2396, 62.4375, 88.6293**.

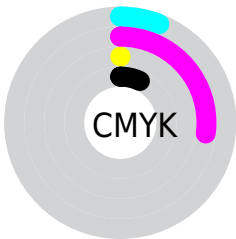
# Distribution



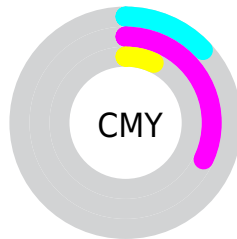
- Red (87%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.6611, 51.6895,  
86.9007

60.6611, 51.6895,  
86.9007

416.8261,  
393.2367, 538.2042

44.2032, 36.7576,  
64.8539

104.8890, 92.6732,  
144.9234

31.0289, 25.0199,  
46.8920

133.3897,  
119.4937, 181.7363

20.7728, 16.0919,  
32.5966

166.6354,  
151.0460, 224.3083

13.0695, 9.5892,  
21.5490

204.9914,  
187.7144, 273.0581

7.5538, 5.1274,  
13.3307

248.8232,  
229.8833, 328.4040

3.8602, 2.3222,  
7.5233

298.4959,

1.6233, 0.7854,

277.9370, 390.7646

3.7081

354.3751,  
332.2600, 460.5585

■ 0.4075, 0.0000,  
1.4666

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1929

■ 60.6611, 51.6895,  
86.9007

■ 60.6611, 51.6895,  
86.9007

■ 54.9409, 42.5832,  
85.4453

■ 67.2396, 62.4375,  
88.6293

■ 50.0309, 35.0266,  
84.2455

■ 74.7112, 74.8998,  
90.6410

■ 45.8860, 28.9286,  
83.2869

■ 83.1151, 89.1524,  
92.9491

■ 42.4540, 24.1858,  
82.5524

■ 88.2641, 96.8210,  
94.1579

■ 39.6760, 20.6812,  
82.0223

■ 90.0860, 97.7602,  
94.2432

■ 37.4830, 18.2772,  
81.6739

■ 91.9588, 98.7257,  
94.3308

■ 35.7864, 16.7972,  
81.4776

■ 92.2862, 98.8945,  
94.3461

■ 35.3319, 16.4484,  
81.4343

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.9816, 51.6895, 103.7005



60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007



64.3654, 51.6895, 64.0277

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007



51.7646, 51.6895, 25.1430



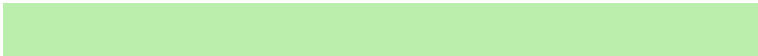
36.9761, 51.6895, 70.8457

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007



58.3222, 74.1516, 50.7763

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.5100, 51.6895, 49.1860



60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007



44.5769, 51.6895, 26.1017

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007



58.8996, 51.6895, 30.8020



39.1603, 51.6895, 33.8595



40.5040, 51.6895, 92.9490



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007



64.4232, 51.6895, 49.9049



39.1603, 51.6895, 33.8595



36.4704, 51.6895, 63.1785

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.6627, 51.6917, 86.9018



87.2612, 86.8313, 106.7687



50.4906, 50.9388, 87.2926



18.3810, 18.0882, 22.7725



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.6627, 51.6917, 86.9018



68.0456, 55.2912, 101.6936



62.7796, 53.0575, 74.5976



15.3737, 15.1379, 19.0339



19.4061, 9.0401, 44.4651



1.6035, 0.7509, 3.4953



# Inverse Universe

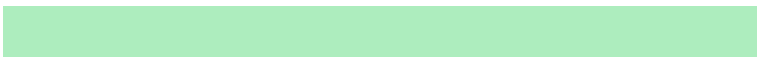
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.8399, 51.4817, 53.8515



65.6919, 55.0734, 56.6023



56.8211, 73.1746, 59.8848



15.2003, 15.1080, 16.3403



19.4441, 9.9803, 2.8739



1.5619, 0.7977, 0.4104



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

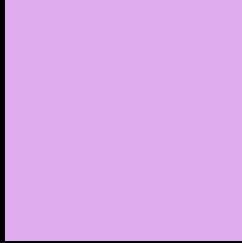
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.6611, 51.6895,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007

### Protanopia

52.6057, 51.8577, 96.0439

### Deuteranopia

53.1151, 52.0460, 85.0883



## Tritanopia

54.9895, 51.7396, 58.7182

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007



## Protanomaly

55.0008, 51.6051, 92.6499



## Deuteranomaly

55.5428, 51.7334, 85.6554



## Tritanomaly

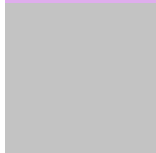
56.7667, 51.5540, 67.9318

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007



## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



## Achromatomaly

54.5800, 53.1729, 68.3595

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 173, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 173, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 173, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 173, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 173, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 173, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 173, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 173, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 173, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 173,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.6611, 51.6895, 86.9007 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 173, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
173, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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