

Converting Colors

XYZ(60.8370, 82.3626,
107.2989)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(60.8370, 82.3626, 107.2989)
contains.

XYZ(60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(60.8802, 82.3848,
107.3009)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73FFFF
RGB	115, 255, 255
RGB Percent	45%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.5490, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 73%
HSV	180°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009
YIQ	213.1400, -83.4400, -29.6800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

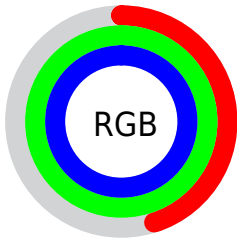
Format	Color
RYB	115, 185, 255
Decimal	7602175
CIELab	92.74, -37.72, -11.54
CIELCh	93, 39.445, 197.005
Yxy	82.3848, 0.2430, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285792255 (0xFF73FFFF)
YUV	213.1400, 20.6370, -86.0688
Hunter-Lab	90.7661, -39.1140, -6.5546

Details

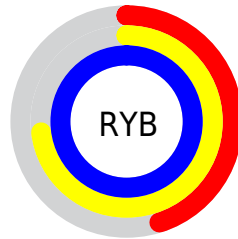
The XYZ color **60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **50.4664, 34.7609, 20.2713**, and the grayscale version is **63.2464, 66.5401, 72.4622**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.1701, 88.2050, 107.8292**, and **31.1865, 44.8775, 60.4446** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.9786, 80.8890, 107.1651**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.7108, 84.3596, 107.4801**.

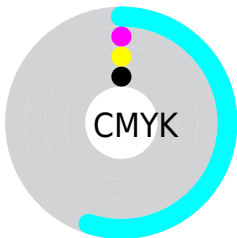
Distribution



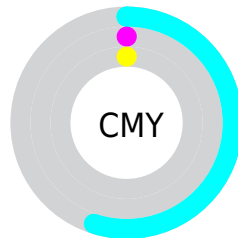
- Red (45%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60.8802, 82.3848,
107.3009

60.8802, 82.3848,
107.3009

417.6175,
502.9339, 604.8004

44.3807, 61.6828,
81.7609

105.2046,
136.7135, 173.2937

31.1691, 44.7764,
60.6338

133.7601,
171.1089, 214.5837

20.8801, 31.2814,
43.5011

167.0650,
210.8376, 261.9607

13.1483, 20.8132,
29.9442

205.4846,
256.2840, 315.8433

7.6085, 12.9875,
19.5445

249.3843,
307.8324, 376.6500

3.8951, 7.4200,
11.8836

299.1295,

1.6430, 3.7261,

365.8673, 444.7994

6.5429

355.0854,
430.7730, 520.7100

0.4202, 1.5216,
3.1038

0.0000, 0.3038,
1.1479

60.8802, 82.3848,
107.3009

60.8802, 82.3848,
107.3009

57.9786, 80.8890,
107.1651

64.7108, 84.3596,
107.4801

55.9248, 79.8302,
107.0690

69.5373, 86.8477,
107.7060

54.6281, 79.1618,
107.0083

75.4235, 89.8822,
107.9815

53.9761, 78.8256,
106.9778

82.4273, 93.4927,
108.3093

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

■ 90.6021, 97.7070,
108.6918

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.5779, 82.3848, 77.5649



60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009



65.5821, 82.3848, 137.8126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009



93.6719, 82.3848, 134.1159



82.8342, 82.3848, 45.0725

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009



50.4664, 34.7609, 20.2713

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5738, 82.3848, 54.3379



60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009



99.1897, 82.3848, 103.0457

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009



84.2294, 82.3848, 155.4675



98.7711, 82.3848, 74.1428



72.6638, 82.3848, 45.7237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009



70.8327, 82.3848, 152.5664



98.7711, 82.3848, 74.1428



86.2836, 82.3848, 47.0270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.8811, 82.3853, 107.3009



81.6000, 93.0663, 108.2705



45.9260, 76.4032, 28.5484



17.1427, 19.7535, 23.1592



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

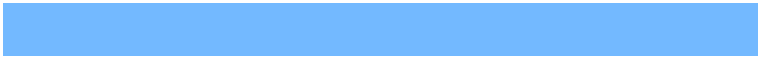
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.8811, 82.3853, 107.3009



57.7125, 80.7518, 107.1526



42.4708, 45.5646, 101.1641



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.4215, 40.7430, 99.0238



62.6740, 35.2479, 98.1080



61.6846, 57.1973, 24.0107



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



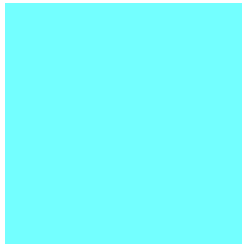
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

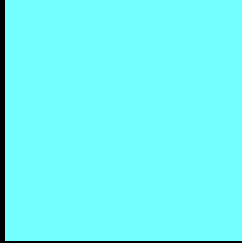
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

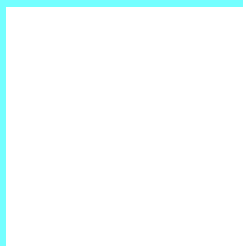
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009.

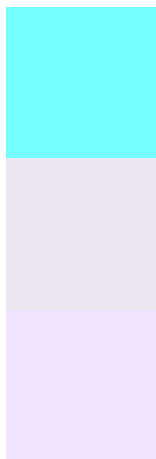


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.8802, 82.3848,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009

Protanopia

78.3848, 80.9951, 94.7214

Deuteranopia

81.7286, 81.2321, 105.9795



Tritanopia

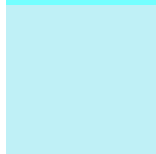
69.6290, 81.3885, 106.6474

Trichromacy



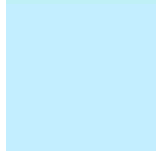
Original Color

60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009



Protanomaly

69.2805, 80.0504, 98.9886



Deuteranomaly

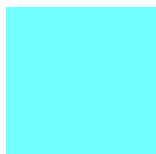
71.1302, 79.9712, 106.2948



Tritanomaly

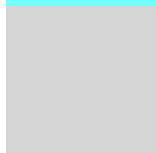
65.4113, 81.0106, 106.7968

Monochromacy



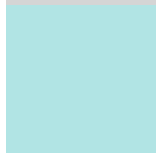
Original Color

60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009



Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607



Achromatomaly

59.8785, 70.4354, 83.8382

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor