

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.8461, 67.0433, 59.1289)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.8461, 67.0433, 59.1289)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(60.7952, 67.0889,  
59.0354)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2D9BF
RGB	210, 217, 191
RGB Percent	82%, 85%, 75%
CMY	0.1765, 0.1490, 0.2510
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.12, 0.15
HSL	76°, 25%, 80%
HSV	76°, 12%, 85%
XYZ	60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354
YIQ	211.9430, 4.1740, -9.5700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

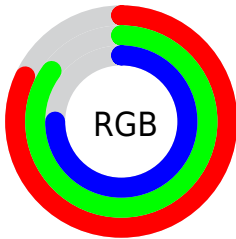
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">191, 217, 198</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13818303</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.55, -6.91, 12.00</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">86, 13.844, 119.922</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">67.0889, 0.3252, 0.3589</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292008383 (0xFFD2D9BF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">211.9430, -10.3249, -1.7040</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.9078, -10.8490, 14.6020</a>

# Details

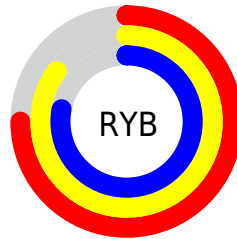
The XYZ color **60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.4464, 54.2789, 73.2564**, and the grayscale version is **62.6075, 65.8679, 71.7302**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.7885, 99.4954, 102.2570**, and **31.0253, 34.6442, 29.0965** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.9486, 65.3637, 47.2995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.0601, 68.9928, 72.6407**.

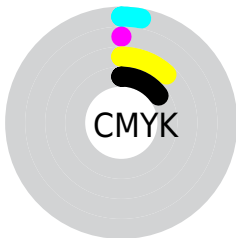
# Distribution



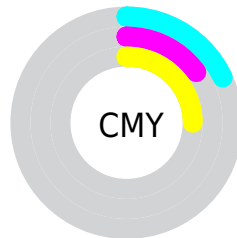
- Red (82%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60.7952, 67.0889,  
59.0354

60.7952, 67.0889,  
59.0354

417.3106,  
450.2611, 438.7386

44.3118, 49.1569,  
42.2214

105.0821,  
115.0478, 104.9587

31.1147, 34.7439,  
28.9478

133.6164,  
145.8434, 134.9052

20.8384, 23.4657,  
18.7961

166.8984,  
181.6958, 170.0662

13.1178, 14.9378,  
11.3477

205.2933,  
222.9891, 210.8603

7.5872, 8.7757,  
6.1841

249.1667,  
270.1080, 257.7061

3.8816, 4.5952,  
2.8868

298.8838,

1.6353, 2.0118,

323.4367, 311.0220

1.0371

354.8100,  
383.3596, 371.2267

■ 0.4153, 0.6143,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.7952, 67.0889,  
59.0354

■ 60.7952, 67.0889,  
59.0354

■ 56.9486, 65.3637,  
47.2995

■ 65.0601, 68.9928,  
72.6407

■ 53.4988, 63.8020,  
37.3469

■ 69.7530, 71.0729,  
88.1876

■ 50.4302, 62.3996,  
29.0913

■ 74.7120, 73.2665,  
104.8118

■ 47.7241, 61.1490,  
22.4375

■ 76.5929, 74.2362,  
104.8999

■ 45.3600, 60.0419,  
17.2811

■ 78.5371, 75.2384,  
104.9909

■ 43.3149, 59.0692,  
13.5050

■ 80.5450, 76.2735,  
105.0848

■ 41.5628, 58.2201,  
10.9750

■ 82.6174, 77.3419,  
105.1818

■ 40.0723, 57.4822,  
9.5299

■ 84.1042, 78.1083,  
105.2514

■ 39.0244, 56.9540,  
8.9364

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.7743, 67.0889, 57.0540



60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354



58.6721, 67.0889, 64.7033

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354



60.7813, 67.0889, 89.0930



70.0100, 67.0889, 73.0721

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354



54.4464, 54.2789, 73.2564

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.1465, 67.0889, 82.0819



60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354



63.7577, 67.0889, 91.7833

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354



58.6643, 67.0889, 82.0376



66.8320, 67.0889, 89.1200



69.1552, 67.0889, 64.7411



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354



57.9923, 67.0889, 70.0578



66.8320, 67.0889, 89.1200



69.9107, 67.0889, 76.1229

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7970, 67.0918, 59.0368



92.4474, 98.8430, 100.4323



58.2004, 58.8730, 57.5873



19.6852, 21.1109, 21.1667



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

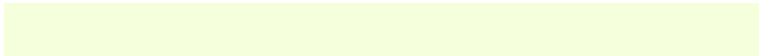


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7970, 67.0918, 59.0368



86.3762, 96.1320, 81.2279



57.2624, 65.2697, 58.8714



13.8023, 15.0783, 13.9085



23.7275, 34.5295, 5.4143



1.6176, 2.2785, 0.3545



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.4464, 54.2789, 73.2564



75.7460, 74.6838, 105.0309



58.0023, 56.1120, 73.4228



12.6661, 12.7860, 16.4525



8.7403, 3.6300, 39.9784

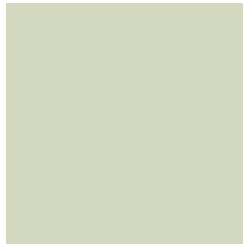


0.6479, 0.2773, 2.5938



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

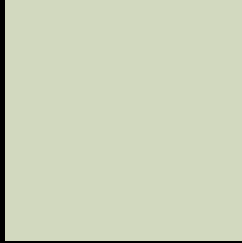
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

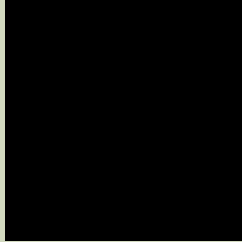
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

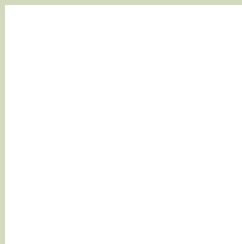
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.7952, 67.0889,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354

### Protanopia

63.4110, 66.9506, 57.7248

### Deuteranopia

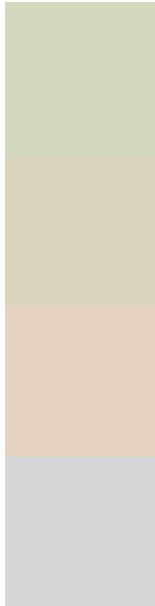
68.3149, 66.8701, 59.7587



## Tritanopia

65.5714, 67.1355, 82.9012

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354

## Protanomaly

62.2543, 66.7163, 58.3116

## Deuteranomaly

65.1941, 66.7220, 59.3117

## Tritanomaly

63.7529, 67.1456, 73.8902

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354

## Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

## Achromatomaly

61.8096, 66.3017, 66.6665

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 217, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 217, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 217, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 217, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 217, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 217, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 217, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 217, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 217, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 217,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.7952, 67.0889, 59.0354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 217, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
217, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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