

# Converting Colors

XYZ(60.8571, 69.6977, 52.3655)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(60.8571, 69.6977, 52.3655)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(60.7181, 69.5450,  
52.3428)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1DFB2
RGB	209, 223, 178
RGB Percent	82%, 87%, 70%
CMY	0.1804, 0.1255, 0.3020
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.20, 0.13
HSL	79°, 41%, 79%
HSV	79°, 20%, 87%
XYZ	60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428
YIQ	213.6840, 6.1010, -16.9630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

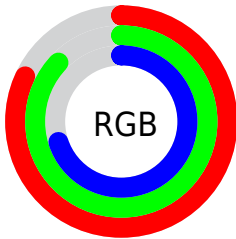
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">178, 223, 192</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13754290</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.77, -12.37, 20.52</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">87, 23.959, 121.072</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">69.5450, 0.3325, 0.3808</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291944370 (0xFFD1DFB2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">213.6840, -17.5922, -4.1079</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.3936, -15.9748, 21.1616</a>

# Details

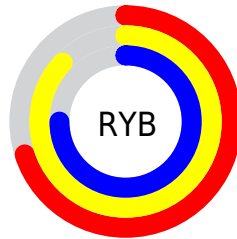
The XYZ color **60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **50.9805, 48.3768, 76.4664**, and the grayscale version is **63.8173, 67.1408, 73.1163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.8513, 98.7205, 92.0558**, and **31.0307, 36.3560, 24.7839** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.7383, 67.7335, 41.4035**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.1511, 71.5523, 65.2062**.

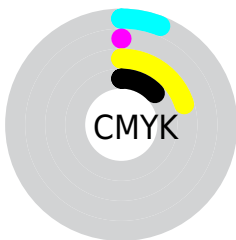
# Distribution



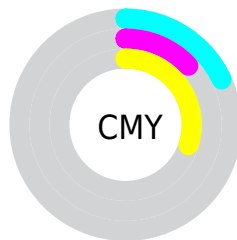
- Red (82%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 60.7181, 69.5450,  
52.3428

 60.7181, 69.5450,  
52.3428


417.0321,  
458.9508, 412.7531

 44.2494, 51.1557,  
36.8943


 104.9711,  
118.5597, 95.0683

 31.0654, 36.3325,  
24.8305


133.4861,  
149.9538, 123.1824

 20.8007, 24.6911,  
15.7329


166.7472,  
186.4517, 156.3554

 13.0900, 15.8471,  
9.1831

205.1198,  
228.4377, 195.0058

 7.5680, 9.4160,  
4.7623

248.9692,  
276.2962, 239.5523

 3.8692, 5.0135,  
2.0522

298.6608,

 1.6284, 2.2552,

330.4116, 290.4133

0.5871

354.5600,  
391.1684, 348.0074

0.4108, 0.7498,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

60.7181, 69.5450,  
52.3428

60.7181, 69.5450,  
52.3428

56.7383, 67.7335,  
41.4035

65.1511, 71.5523,  
65.2062

53.1877, 66.1011,  
32.2913

70.0494, 73.7534,  
80.0755

50.0479, 64.6426,  
24.9074

75.4310, 76.1580,  
97.0333

47.2969, 63.3492,  
19.1420

79.2837, 77.9612,  
105.4771

■ 44.9105, 62.2110,  
14.8727

■ 81.6428, 79.1774,  
105.5875

■ 42.8608, 61.2167,  
11.9595

■ 84.0925, 80.4403,  
105.7021

■ 41.1151, 60.3531,  
10.2362

■ 85.6791, 81.2582,  
105.7764

■ 39.6414, 59.6100,  
9.4166

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.9000, 69.5450, 48.9764



60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428



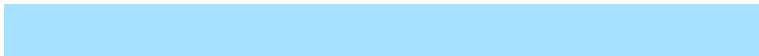
57.1508, 69.5450, 61.8153

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428



61.0470, 69.5450, 105.9134



77.4142, 69.5450, 75.1496

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428



50.9805, 48.3768, 76.4664

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9388, 69.5450, 91.5736



60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428



66.3012, 69.5450, 110.7726

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428



57.3330, 69.5450, 92.7077



71.7918, 69.5450, 105.1965



75.7190, 69.5450, 60.9502



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428



56.0612, 69.5450, 71.0549



71.7918, 69.5450, 105.1965



77.2719, 69.5450, 80.5906

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7199, 69.5480, 52.3443



90.9536, 98.1616, 96.3579



57.2098, 56.3846, 49.9885



19.3754, 20.9691, 20.3455



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

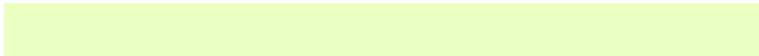


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7199, 69.5480, 52.3443



80.0525, 93.2313, 64.6975



54.9193, 66.5577, 52.0728



14.4351, 15.8045, 14.5965



23.4284, 35.1103, 5.5422



1.7147, 2.4804, 0.3884



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.9805, 48.3768, 76.4664



64.6927, 59.8375, 102.7479



56.9737, 51.4664, 76.7469



13.3513, 13.4491, 17.2799



9.3935, 3.9379, 41.3133

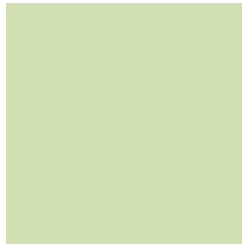


0.7411, 0.3193, 2.8678



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

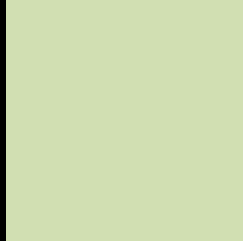
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

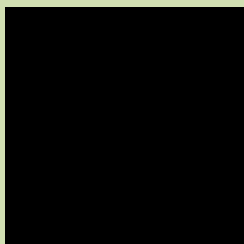
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

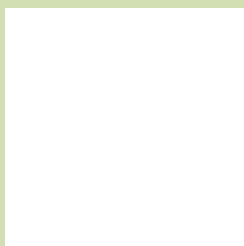
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 60.7181, 69.5450,

52.3428.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428

### Protanopia

65.1838, 69.5438, 50.5452

### Deuteranopia

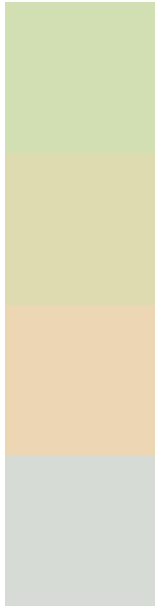
70.9246, 69.4464, 53.3824



## Tritanopia

67.8791, 69.7466, 86.9756

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428

## Protanomaly

63.2922, 69.3272, 51.1199

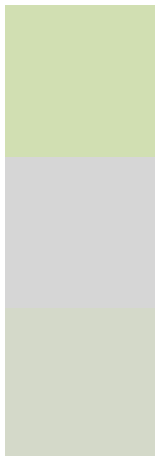
## Deuteranomaly

66.8769, 69.2213, 53.0163

## Tritanomaly

65.0733, 69.7633, 72.9867

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428

## Achromatopsia

63.9157, 67.2443, 73.2291

## Achromatomaly

62.5068, 67.8398, 65.0583

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 223, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 223, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 223, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 223, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 223, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 223, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 223, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 223, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 223, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 223,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 60.7181, 69.5450, 52.3428 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 223, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
223, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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