

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.1597, 64.7893, 69.5850)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.1597, 64.7893, 69.5850)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# **Color**

**XYZ(61.0974, 64.7473,  
69.5989)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1D3D1
RGB	209, 211, 209
RGB Percent	82%, 83%, 82%
CMY	0.1804, 0.1725, 0.1804
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.17
HSL	120°, 2%, 82%
HSV	120°, 1%, 83%
XYZ	61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989
YIQ	210.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

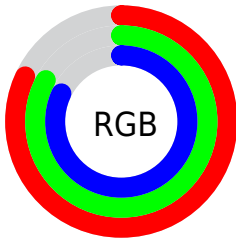
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	209, 211, 211
Decimal	13751249
CIE Lab	84.35, -1.04, 0.74
CIE LCh	84, 1.276, 144.599
Yxy	64.7473, 0.3126, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291941329 (0xFFD1D3D1)
YUV	210.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296
Hunter-Lab	80.4657, -5.2804, 5.0430

# Details

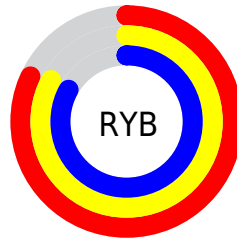
The XYZ color **61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.4247, 64.1547, 70.7770**, and the grayscale version is **61.3783, 64.5748, 70.3219**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **31.4909, 33.4491, 35.8069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.0767, 60.8964, 56.4781**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.2585, 69.1498, 84.5818**.

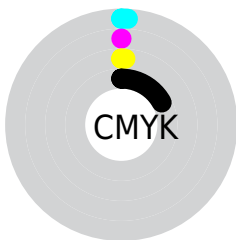
# Distribution



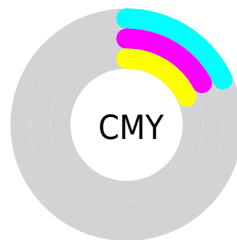
- Red (82%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 61.0974, 64.7473,  
69.5989

■ 61.0974, 64.7473,  
69.5989

418.4012,  
441.8833, 477.8914

■ 44.5566, 47.2562,  
50.7248

105.5173,  
111.6865, 120.3123

■ 31.3081, 33.2382,  
35.6145

134.1271,  
141.9033, 152.9888

■ 20.9866, 22.3090,  
23.8492

167.4906,  
177.1309, 191.1031

■ 13.2266, 14.0841,  
15.0107

205.9731,  
217.7536, 235.0738

■ 7.6628, 8.1792,  
8.6802

249.9401,  
264.1558, 285.3194

■ 3.9300, 4.2098,  
4.4392

299.7569,

■ 1.6626, 1.7916,

316.7219, 342.2585

1.8693

355.7888,  
375.8363, 406.3097

■ 0.4327, 0.4819,  
0.4731

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.0974, 64.7473,  
69.5989

■ 61.0974, 64.7473,  
69.5989

■ 53.0767, 60.8964,  
56.4781

■ 70.2585, 69.1498,  
84.5818

■ 46.1465, 57.5675,  
45.1426

■ 80.5965, 74.1156,  
101.4911

■ 40.2614, 54.7406,  
35.5167

■ 82.5855, 75.0710,  
104.7452

■ 35.3709, 52.3914,  
27.5173

■ 31.4199, 50.4936,  
21.0547

■ 28.3483, 49.0181,  
16.0304

■ 26.0888, 47.9328,  
12.3346

■ 24.5647, 47.2007,  
9.8415

■ 23.6844, 46.7778,  
8.4014

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.3139, 64.7473, 69.0898



61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989



60.9996, 64.7473, 70.3521

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989



61.4891, 64.7473, 72.0634



62.0370, 64.7473, 69.8514

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989



61.4247, 64.1547, 70.7770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.0843, 64.7473, 70.6457



61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989



61.7674, 64.7473, 71.9269

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989



61.2253, 64.7473, 71.7781



61.9855, 64.7473, 71.4064



61.8565, 64.7473, 69.2348



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989



61.0147, 64.7473, 70.8928



61.9855, 64.7473, 71.4064



62.0690, 64.7473, 70.1063

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.0992, 64.7501, 69.6003

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



61.6697, 65.0442, 69.6270



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.0992, 64.7501, 69.6003



93.7102, 99.3564, 106.7085



61.2237, 64.7999, 70.2557



13.1310, 13.9146, 14.9589



14.0581, 28.1162, 4.6862



0.7860, 1.5721, 0.2620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.4247, 64.1547, 70.7770



94.2419, 98.3838, 108.6306



61.2995, 64.1046, 70.1175



13.2003, 13.7879, 15.2093



23.3078, 11.1960, 38.1227

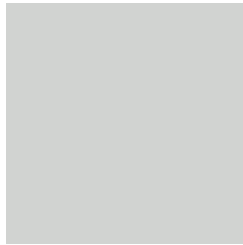


1.3032, 0.6260, 2.1316



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

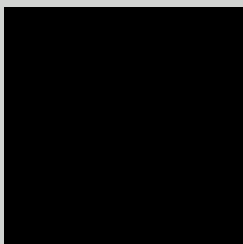
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

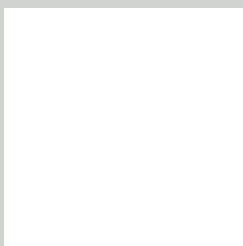


# XYZ 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989

### Protanopia

61.9172, 64.4511, 68.8514

### Deuteranopia

65.8589, 64.6619, 69.9826



## Tritanopia

63.2550, 64.8861, 80.4245

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989

## Protanomaly

61.5831, 64.6443, 68.9063

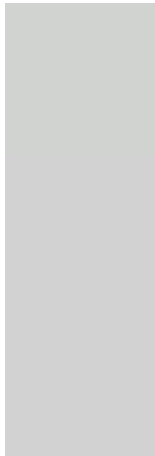
## Deuteranomaly

64.0699, 64.8084, 70.1052

## Tritanomaly

62.4111, 64.9093, 76.2572

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989

## Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

## Achromatomaly

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 211, 209) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 211, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 211, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 211, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 211, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 211, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 211, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 211, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 211, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 211,  
209) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.0974, 64.7473, 69.5989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 211, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
211, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor