

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.1743, 67.4806,  
103.0391)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.1743, 67.4806, 103.0391)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.0020, 67.3922,  
102.7214)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AFDCFD
RGB	175, 220, 253
RGB Percent	69%, 86%, 99%
CMY	0.3137, 0.1372, 0.0078
CMYK	0.31, 0.13, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	205°, 95%, 84%
HSV	205°, 31%, 99%
XYZ	61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214
YIQ	210.3070, -37.4130, 0.7230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

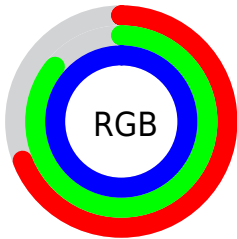
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 204, 253
Decimal	11525373
CIELab	85.70, -7.08, -20.81
CIElCh	86, 21.977, 251.216
Yxy	67.3922, 0.2639, 0.2916
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289715453 (0xFFAFDCFD)
YUV	210.3070, 21.0476, -30.9642
Hunter-Lab	82.0928, -11.0214, -16.7237

# Details

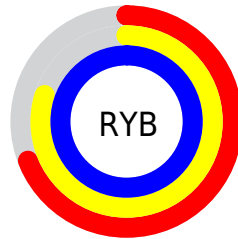
The XYZ color **61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **70.8028, 69.0903, 50.1632**, and the grayscale version is **61.3455, 64.5403, 70.2843**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.0887, 95.8958, 108.5274**, and **31.1647, 34.8889, 57.3162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.1273, 59.2965, 101.5750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.1245, 76.4013, 103.9807**.

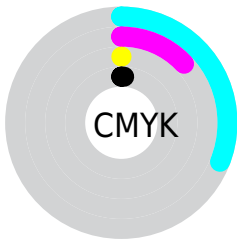
# Distribution



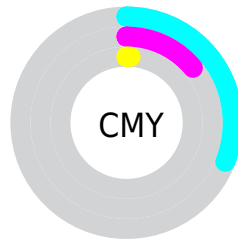
- Red (69%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 61.0020, 67.3922,  
102.7214

■ 61.0020, 67.3922,  
102.7214

418.0571,  
451.3395, 590.2040

■ 44.4793, 49.4034,  
77.9457

■ 105.3799,  
115.4822, 166.9764

■ 31.2470, 34.9396,  
57.5132

133.9659,  
146.3522, 207.2928

■ 20.9398, 23.6164,  
41.0053

167.3037,  
182.2848, 253.6265

■ 13.1922, 15.0493,  
28.0035

205.7586,  
223.6643, 306.3961

■ 7.6389, 8.8540,  
18.0892

249.6961,  
270.8751, 366.0201

■ 3.9146, 4.6461,  
10.8440

299.4814,

■ 1.6540, 2.0411,

324.3017, 432.9171

5.8492

355.4800,  
384.3284, 507.5055

■ 0.4272, 0.6312,  
2.6863

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9365

■ 61.0020, 67.3922,  
102.7214

■ 61.0020, 67.3922,  
102.7214

■ 53.1273, 59.2965,  
101.5750

■ 70.1245, 76.4013,  
103.9807

■ 46.4314, 52.0690,  
100.5328

■ 80.5468, 86.3507,  
105.3518

■ 40.8473, 45.6717,  
99.5923

■ 92.3251, 97.2758,  
106.8398

■ 36.2986, 40.0597,  
98.7489

■ 94.7299, 99.8719,  
107.2141

■ 32.6977, 35.1827,  
97.9973

■ 29.9402, 30.9811,  
97.3316

■ 28.0039, 27.6400,  
96.7888

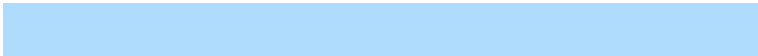
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.0773, 67.3922, 93.1004



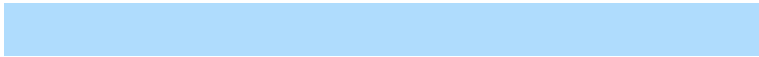
61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214



65.9464, 67.3922, 103.9054

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214



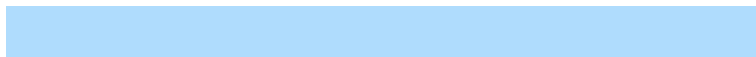
73.9763, 67.3922, 68.1419



57.9140, 67.3922, 54.5196

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



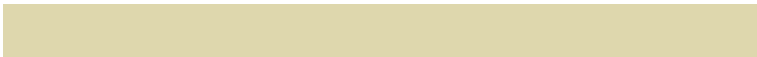
61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214



70.8028, 69.0903, 50.1632

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.1986, 67.3922, 49.5062



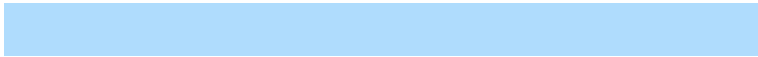
61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214



71.5778, 67.3922, 56.6594

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214



73.6146, 67.3922, 82.6261



67.2067, 67.3922, 50.2347

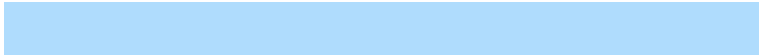


55.3597, 67.3922, 64.8483



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214



69.1779, 67.3922, 99.5939



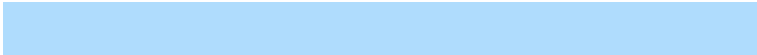
67.2067, 67.3922, 50.2347



59.1900, 67.3922, 52.2217

# Sweetspot

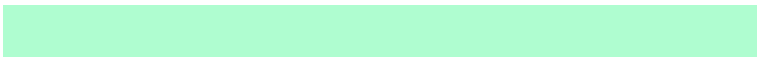
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.0041, 67.3949, 102.7230



84.0854, 89.8652, 107.5217



64.1297, 83.8954, 72.1676



17.6412, 18.9006, 22.9683



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

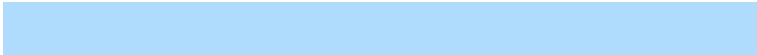


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

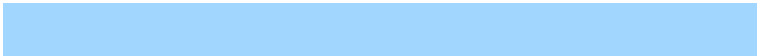


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.0041, 67.3949, 102.7230



56.9996, 63.4049, 103.8419



52.0362, 49.4591, 99.7337



17.8734, 19.1184, 22.9981



15.0443, 14.9982, 51.5366



1.5731, 1.6768, 5.0540



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.7580, 56.7117, 75.0355



66.2005, 51.5382, 70.8060



81.3553, 90.1953, 53.6807



18.4487, 18.1628, 20.9803



24.3819, 12.2420, 15.9273

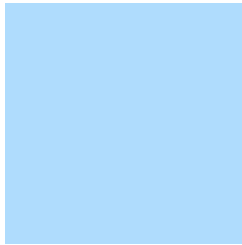


2.4286, 1.2138, 1.8385



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

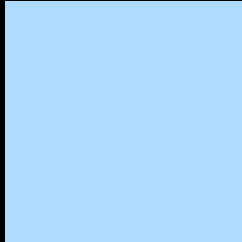
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

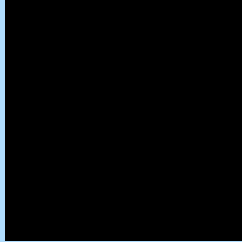
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

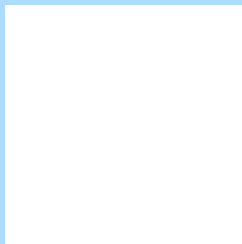
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214.



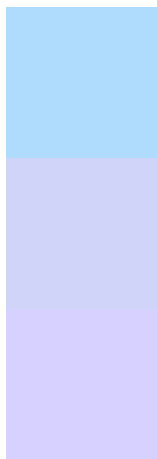
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.0020, 67.3922,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214

### Protanopia

66.2189, 67.1297, 98.2741

### Deuteranopia

68.5820, 67.1171, 103.9480



## Tritanopia

58.8627, 67.3045, 92.3267

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214

## Protanomaly

64.0614, 67.1051, 100.0187

## Deuteranomaly

65.5031, 67.0236, 103.2504

## Tritanomaly

59.5715, 67.1897, 96.2154

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214

## Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

## Achromatomaly

60.8000, 65.4544, 81.3810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 220, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 220, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 220, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 220, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

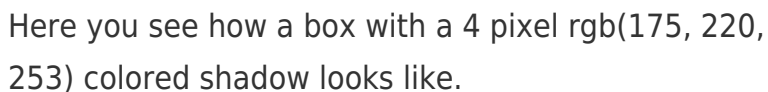
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 220, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 220, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 220, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 220, 253); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 220, 253); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 220, 253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.0020, 67.3922, 102.7214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 220, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
220, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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