

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.2079, 70.2154, 75.0231)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.2079, 70.2154, 75.0231)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(61.0581, 70.0148,  
75.2618)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0E1D8
RGB	192, 225, 216
RGB Percent	75%, 88%, 85%
CMY	0.2471, 0.1176, 0.1529
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.04, 0.12
HSL	164°, 35%, 82%
HSV	164°, 15%, 88%
XYZ	61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618
YIQ	214.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

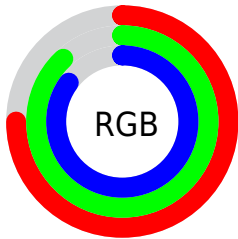
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	192, 211, 225
Decimal	12640728
CIELab	87.00, -12.56, 0.76
CIElCh	87, 12.582, 176.544
Yxy	70.0148, 0.2959, 0.3393
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290830808 (0xFFC0E1D8)
YUV	214.1070, 0.9332, -19.3878
Hunter-Lab	83.6748, -16.1783, 5.2437

# Details

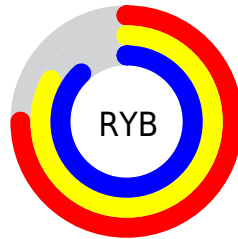
The XYZ color **61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.4461, 57.9257, 63.2564**, and the grayscale version is **63.9922, 67.3247, 73.3166**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.8769, 98.8797, 108.7983**, and **31.2890, 36.7259, 39.1579** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.0123, 66.9900, 70.9144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.0085, 73.5063, 79.8092**.

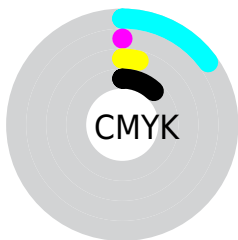
# Distribution



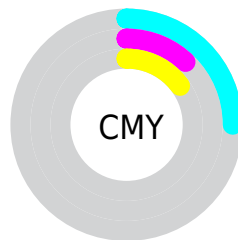
- Red (75%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



61.0581, 70.0148,  
75.2618

61.0581, 70.0148,  
75.2618

418.2595,  
460.6020, 498.0963

44.5248, 51.5386,  
55.3244

105.4607,  
119.2299, 128.4334

31.2830, 36.6374,  
39.2611

134.0607,  
150.7375, 162.5046

20.9673, 24.9269,  
26.6535

167.4136,  
187.3578, 202.1242

13.2124, 16.0226,  
17.0831

205.8848,  
229.4750, 247.7107

7.6530, 9.5401,  
10.1311

249.8396,  
277.4737, 299.6826

3.9236, 5.0951,  
5.3793

299.6434,

1.6590, 2.3032,

331.7381, 358.4585

2.4089

355.6616,  
392.6528, 424.4569

■ 0.4304, 0.7754,  
0.7913

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.0581, 70.0148,  
75.2618

■ 61.0581, 70.0148,  
75.2618

■ 55.0123, 66.9900,  
70.9144

■ 68.0085, 73.5063,  
79.8092

■ 49.8254, 64.4027,  
66.7589

■ 75.8947, 77.4750,  
84.5553

■ 45.4567, 62.2337,  
62.7931

■ 83.0777, 81.0775,  
89.4266

■ 41.8595, 60.4592,  
59.0131

■ 83.9772, 81.4374,  
94.1634

■ 38.9825, 59.0528,  
55.4147

■ 84.9076, 81.8095,  
99.0629

■ 36.7679, 57.9846,  
51.9935

■ 85.8692, 82.1941,  
104.1265

■ 35.1489, 57.2201,  
48.7445

■ 86.2165, 82.3331,  
105.9555

■ 34.0436, 56.7174,  
45.6621

■ 33.5934, 56.5198,  
44.0825

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.9376, 70.0148, 67.6464



61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618



61.6132, 70.0148, 83.7066

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618



69.1074, 70.0148, 91.6666



69.7148, 70.0148, 63.4996

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618



60.4461, 57.9257, 63.2564

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.7374, 70.0148, 69.2203



61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618



71.3795, 70.0148, 85.5198

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618



66.2066, 70.0148, 93.5777



72.3553, 70.0148, 77.2150



66.8885, 70.0148, 61.1781



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618



62.7312, 70.0148, 88.6108



72.3553, 70.0148, 77.2150



70.5144, 70.0148, 65.0673

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.0601, 70.0177, 75.2634



90.9516, 97.9386, 106.3866



60.6235, 70.1254, 60.2105



19.3073, 20.8824, 22.6710



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

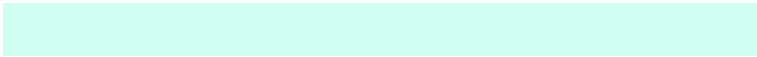


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.0601, 70.0177, 75.2634



78.1818, 91.5295, 97.9279



60.3636, 66.7104, 80.9326



13.9487, 15.5052, 16.7649



19.4085, 32.5883, 25.6722



1.3823, 2.2736, 1.9743



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.4461, 57.9257, 63.2564



77.1992, 72.1637, 78.7018



61.0260, 60.7312, 58.3761



13.8601, 13.7617, 15.0333



18.4267, 9.4377, 3.6467

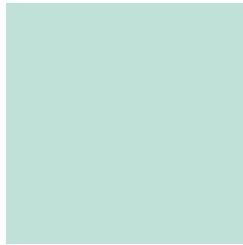


1.3143, 0.6690, 0.4480



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

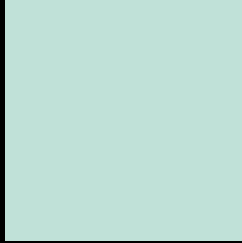
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

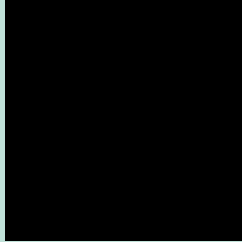
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

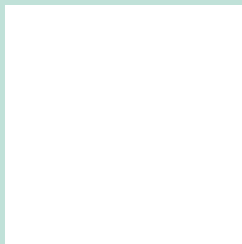
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618.



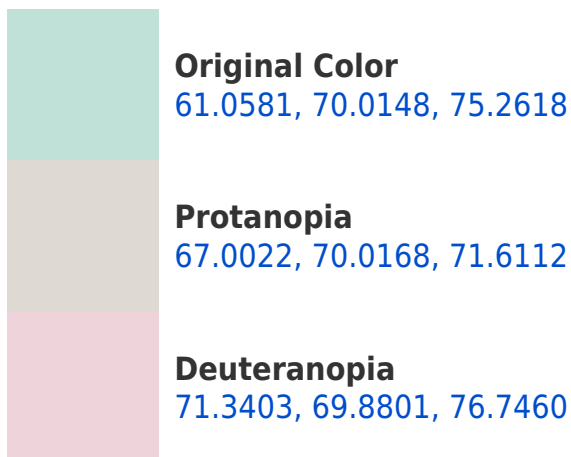
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.0581, 70.0148,

75.2618.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

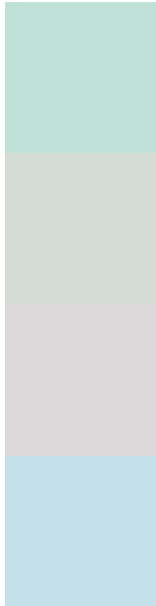




## Tritanopia

64.4662, 70.2103, 91.8156

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618

## Protanomaly

64.7548, 69.9875, 73.0468

## Deuteranomaly

67.0295, 69.5458, 76.2205

## Tritanomaly

63.3172, 70.1470, 85.8039

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618

## Achromatopsia

63.9157, 67.2443, 73.2291

## Achromatomaly

62.7907, 68.1709, 74.1389

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 225, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 225, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 225, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 225, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 225, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 225, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 225, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 225, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 225, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 225,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.0581, 70.0148, 75.2618 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 225, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
225, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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