

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(61.2081, 62.2353,  
71.0740)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D6CCD4
RGB	214, 204, 212
RGB Percent	84%, 80%, 83%
CMY	0.1608, 0.2000, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.01, 0.16
HSL	312°, 11%, 82%
HSV	312°, 5%, 84%
XYZ	61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740
YIQ	207.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

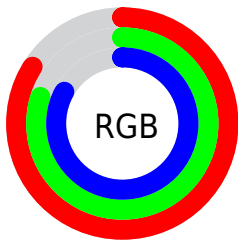
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	214, 204, 212
Decimal	14077140
CIE Lab	83.04, 4.89, -2.74
CIE LCh	83, 5.602, 330.759
Yxy	62.2353, 0.3147, 0.3199
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292267220 (0xFFD6CCD4)
YUV	207.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479
Hunter-Lab	78.8894, 0.4369, 1.8062

# Details

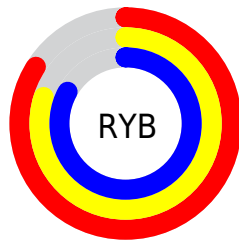
The XYZ color **61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.0913, 65.3884, 67.8498**, and the grayscale version is **59.8780, 62.9963, 68.6030**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **31.2902, 31.6179, 36.3520** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.9348, 52.5408, 66.6873**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.1982, 73.3386, 75.7718**.

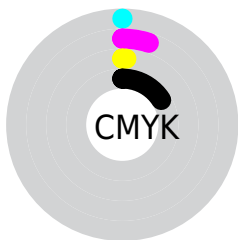
# Distribution



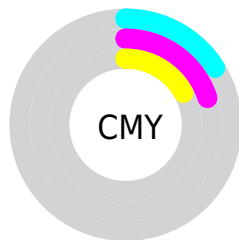
- Red (84%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 61.2081, 62.2353,  
71.0740

■ 61.2081, 62.2353,  
71.0740

418.8003,  
432.7889, 483.2027

■ 44.6463, 45.2229,  
51.9204

105.6766,  
108.0655, 122.4345

■ 31.3790, 31.6330,  
36.5598

134.3140,  
137.6521, 155.4785

■ 21.0409, 21.0813,  
24.5737

167.7074,  
172.1989, 193.9897

■ 13.2665, 13.1835,  
15.5436

206.2220,  
212.0902, 238.3867

■ 7.6906, 7.5550,  
9.0510

250.2232,  
257.7104, 289.0879

■ 3.9477, 3.8116,  
4.6772

300.0765,

■ 1.6726, 1.5687,

309.4440, 346.5119

2.0037

356.1471,  
367.6754, 411.0774

■ 0.4390, 0.3364,  
0.5576

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.2081, 62.2353,  
71.0740

■ 61.2081, 62.2353,  
71.0740

■ 55.9348, 52.5408,  
66.6873

■ 67.1982, 73.3386,  
75.7718

■ 51.3445, 44.1904,  
62.5977

■ 73.9264, 85.8961,  
80.7861

■ 47.4086, 37.1263,  
58.7957

■ 77.0616, 91.2442,  
84.6745

■ 44.0944, 31.2832,  
55.2701

■ 77.6527, 91.4806,  
87.7870

41.3664, 26.5903,  
52.0083

78.2585, 91.7230,  
90.9773

39.1854, 22.9693,  
48.9968

78.8792, 91.9713,  
94.2458

37.5073, 20.3324,  
46.2202

79.5148, 92.2255,  
97.5930

36.2811, 18.5775,  
43.6611

80.1656, 92.4858,  
101.0196

35.4445, 17.5803,  
41.2980

80.8314, 92.7521,  
104.5260

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.3518, 62.2353, 73.6578



61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740



61.5120, 62.2353, 67.6754

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740



59.1220, 62.2353, 61.3114



57.1741, 62.2353, 71.2320

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740



60.0913, 65.3884, 67.8498

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.8547, 62.2353, 67.8520



61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740



57.9698, 62.2353, 62.1926

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740



60.2976, 62.2353, 62.1093



57.1440, 62.2353, 64.5577



58.0225, 62.2353, 73.7512



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740



61.3571, 62.2353, 65.4272



57.1440, 62.2353, 64.5577



57.0019, 62.2353, 70.1551

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.2099, 62.2380, 71.0754



94.1598, 98.3510, 108.1986



59.1866, 61.1656, 72.3060



20.1635, 21.0685, 23.1664



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.2099, 62.2380, 71.0754



89.8728, 90.4281, 104.7623



60.5890, 61.9896, 67.8058



13.1754, 13.2027, 15.3808



21.2535, 10.4377, 24.4367



1.3096, 0.6406, 1.6197



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.2099, 62.2380, 71.0754



89.8728, 90.4281, 104.7623



60.7083, 65.6352, 71.0989



13.1754, 13.2027, 15.3808



21.2535, 10.4377, 24.4367

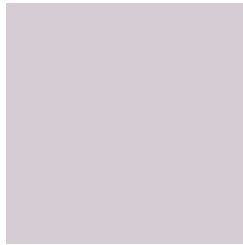


1.3096, 0.6406, 1.6197



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

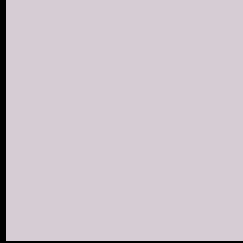
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

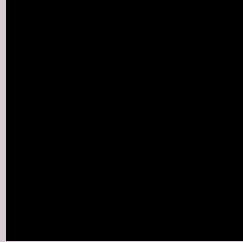
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740.



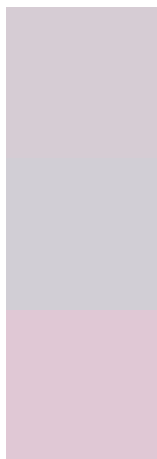
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.2081, 62.2353,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740

### Protanopia

60.3760, 62.5020, 71.8327

### Deuteranopia

63.4050, 61.9599, 71.5685



## Tritanopia

62.1665, 62.2734, 75.7613

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740

## Protanomaly

60.7055, 62.3156, 71.7794

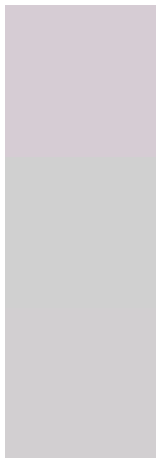
## Deuteranomaly

62.4121, 61.7930, 71.5886

## Tritanomaly

61.7749, 62.1168, 73.6996

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740

## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895

## Achromatomaly

60.3998, 62.9307, 69.2850

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(214, 204, 212) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 204, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 204, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 204, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 204, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 204, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 204, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 204, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 204, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 204,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.2081, 62.2353, 71.0740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 204, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
204, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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