

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.2465, 64.5336, 85.9327)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.2465, 64.5336, 85.9327)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.1485, 64.4205,  
85.5555)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6D3E8
RGB	198, 211, 232
RGB Percent	78%, 83%, 91%
CMY	0.2235, 0.1725, 0.0902
CMYK	0.15, 0.09, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	217°, 43%, 84%
HSV	217°, 15%, 91%
XYZ	61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555
YIQ	209.5070, -14.4890, 3.7750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

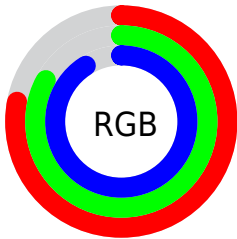
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	198, 207, 232
Decimal	13030376
CIE Lab	84.18, -0.19, -11.82
CIE LCh	84, 11.825, 269.074
Yxy	64.4205, 0.2896, 0.3051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291220456 (0xFFC6D3E8)
YUV	209.5070, 11.0890, -10.0916
Hunter-Lab	80.2624, -4.4676, -7.0164

# Details

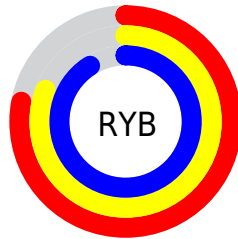
The XYZ color **61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **68.8038, 71.8960, 63.6785**, and the grayscale version is **60.8736, 64.0438, 69.7437**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **31.3950, 33.1778, 45.8236** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.0935, 54.7033, 84.1582**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.4613, 75.2605, 87.1053**.

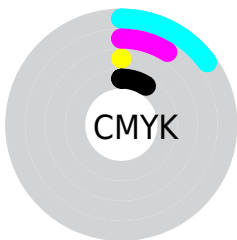
# Distribution



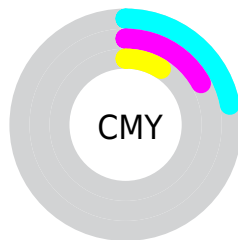
- Red (78%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 61.1485, 64.4205,  
85.5555

■ 61.1485, 64.4205,  
85.5555

418.5855,  
440.7066, 533.6568

■ 44.5980, 46.9913,  
63.7477

105.5908,  
111.2163, 143.0301

■ 31.3408, 33.0288,  
46.0015

134.2134,  
141.3517, 179.5339

■ 21.0116, 22.1485,  
31.8983

167.5907,  
176.4914, 221.7735

■ 13.2450, 13.9661,  
21.0197

206.0880,  
217.0196, 270.1674

■ 7.6756, 8.0971,  
12.9470

250.0708,  
263.3209, 325.1342

■ 3.9382, 4.1571,  
7.2618

299.9044,

■ 1.6672, 1.7618,

315.7795, 387.0923

3.5454

355.9542,  
374.7799, 456.4603

■ 0.4356, 0.4632,  
1.3794

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1256

■ 61.1485, 64.4205,  
85.5555

■ 61.1485, 64.4205,  
85.5555

■ 52.0935, 54.7033,  
84.1582

■ 71.4613, 75.2605,  
87.1053

■ 44.2398, 46.0624,  
82.9042

■ 83.0739, 87.2517,  
88.8078

■ 37.5349, 38.4598,  
81.7902

■ 91.2436, 97.9622,  
90.4445

■ 31.9202, 31.8520,  
80.8107

■ 91.5657, 98.6063,  
90.5519

■ 27.3312, 26.1916,  
79.9600

■ 23.6960, 21.4269,  
79.2319

■ 20.9323, 17.5000,  
78.6196

■ 18.9408, 14.3431,  
78.1152

■ 18.1151, 12.9252,  
77.8850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.6808, 64.4205, 83.2408



61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555



63.7068, 64.4205, 83.5020

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555



65.7321, 64.4205, 63.3729



57.0153, 64.4205, 62.9968

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555



68.8038, 71.8960, 63.6785

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.8178, 64.4205, 58.2906



61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555



63.8514, 64.4205, 58.4966

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555



66.3982, 64.4205, 70.3760



61.3111, 64.4205, 56.7024



56.3367, 64.4205, 69.9104



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555



65.1095, 64.4205, 80.0096



61.3111, 64.4205, 56.7024



57.5073, 64.4205, 61.1228

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.1504, 64.4232, 85.5569



89.4197, 94.1630, 108.0701



64.9284, 74.8329, 78.0182



18.9191, 19.9254, 23.0988



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.1504, 64.4232, 85.5569



71.7472, 75.5387, 105.4067



59.1090, 58.7677, 84.5729



14.0324, 14.7862, 18.2588



10.1693, 7.4007, 43.2757



0.8390, 0.7220, 3.2271



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.2322, 62.2487, 70.2081



77.8823, 72.4369, 82.2994



71.0563, 78.2910, 64.7941



14.6039, 14.4588, 16.1147



19.5265, 9.9448, 6.4015

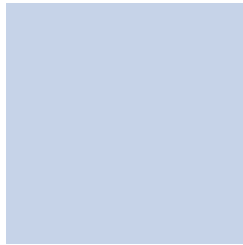


1.4871, 0.7526, 0.7058



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

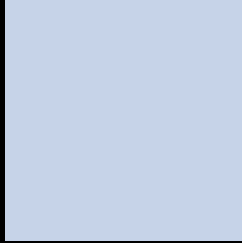
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

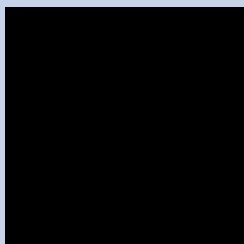
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

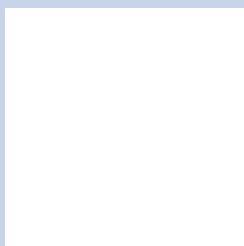
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.1485, 64.4205,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555

### Protanopia

62.5709, 64.0903, 83.9357

### Deuteranopia

65.5143, 64.1290, 86.0160



## Tritanopia

60.5730, 64.5587, 82.6673

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555

## Protanomaly

62.1261, 64.2078, 84.7203

## Deuteranomaly

63.8848, 64.3577, 86.1460

## Tritanomaly

60.7123, 64.6144, 83.4007

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555

## Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

## Achromatomaly

61.1551, 64.2770, 75.5131

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 211, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 211, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 211, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 211, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 211, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 211, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 211, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 211, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 211, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 211,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.1485, 64.4205, 85.5555 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 211, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
211, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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