

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.3018, 74.5208,  
102.7348)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.3018, 74.5208, 102.7348)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.2143, 74.5020,  
102.4208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BEDFB
RGB	155, 237, 251
RGB Percent	61%, 93%, 98%
CMY	0.3921, 0.0706, 0.0157
CMYK	0.38, 0.06, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	189°, 92%, 80%
HSV	189°, 38%, 98%
XYZ	61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208
YIQ	214.0780, -53.3660, -13.0300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

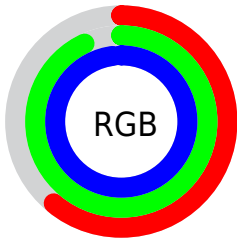
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	155, 199, 251
Decimal	10219003
CIELab	89.16, -21.48, -14.65
CIELCh	89, 26.002, 214.301
Yxy	74.5020, 0.2571, 0.3129
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288409083 (0xFF9BEDFB)
YUV	214.0780, 18.2025, -51.8114
Hunter-Lab	86.3145, -24.4582, -9.9333

# Details

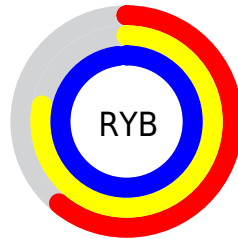
The XYZ color **61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **59.8891, 51.2526, 37.7482**, and the grayscale version is **63.8779, 67.2046, 73.1858**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.2506, 92.8861, 108.2542**, and **31.2985, 39.5395, 57.0212** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.8405, 70.1764, 101.8704**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.6154, 79.3928, 103.0287**.

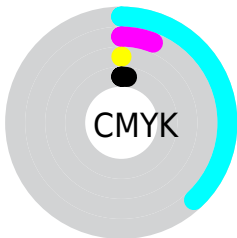
# Distribution



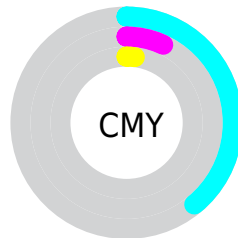
- Red (61%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



61.2143, 74.5020,  
102.4208

61.2143, 74.5020,  
102.4208

418.8227,  
476.2041, 589.2392

44.6513, 55.2050,  
77.6957

105.6855,  
125.6072, 166.5608

31.3830, 39.5659,  
57.3090

134.3245,  
158.1841, 206.8127

21.0439, 27.2002,  
40.8424

167.7195,  
195.9566, 253.0773

13.2688, 17.7237,  
27.8772

206.2359,  
239.3088, 305.7731

7.6921, 10.7518,  
17.9949

250.2391,  
288.6253, 365.3186

3.9487, 5.9002,  
10.7769

300.0944,

1.6732, 2.7845,

344.2904, 432.1325

5.8047

356.1671,  
406.6886, 506.6332

■ 0.4394, 1.0203,  
2.6599

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9231

■ 61.2143, 74.5020,  
102.4208

■ 61.2143, 74.5020,  
102.4208

■ 55.8405, 70.1764,  
101.8704

■ 67.6154, 79.3928,  
103.0287

■ 51.4246, 66.3748,  
101.3693

■ 75.0943, 84.8698,  
103.6917

■ 47.8992, 63.0639,  
100.9161

■ 83.7061, 90.9633,  
104.4140

■ 45.1851, 60.2028,  
100.5069

■ 93.3514, 97.6223,  
105.1909

■ 43.1885, 57.7431,  
100.1374

■ 94.4128, 99.7451,  
105.5447

■ 41.7799, 55.6175,  
99.8013

■ 41.5616, 55.2627,  
99.7443

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.3416, 74.5020, 83.7658



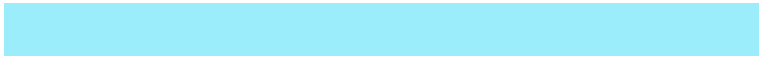
61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208



65.6577, 74.5020, 116.8083

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208



82.3704, 74.5020, 97.2155



69.9019, 74.5020, 51.0569

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208



59.8891, 51.2526, 37.7482

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.2291, 74.5020, 53.5600



61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208



83.6726, 74.5020, 78.5305

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208



77.9040, 74.5020, 113.5022



81.3637, 74.5020, 62.9984

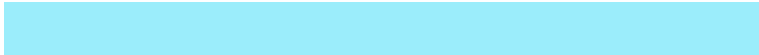


64.1639, 74.5020, 55.5693

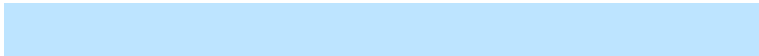


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208



69.6087, 74.5020, 121.0406



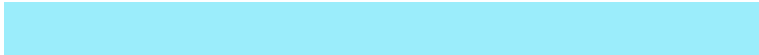
81.3637, 74.5020, 62.9984



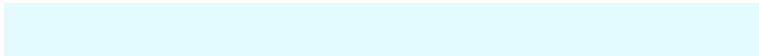
72.0290, 74.5020, 51.1114

# Sweetspot

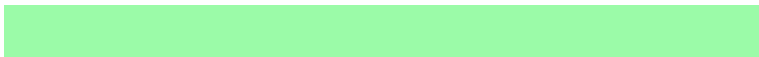
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.2166, 74.5049, 102.4225



84.1819, 92.4809, 108.0215



55.0656, 78.7841, 49.2545



17.7537, 19.6083, 23.0990



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

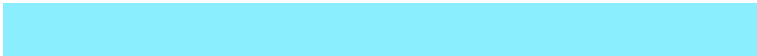


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.2166, 74.5049, 102.4225



59.0261, 73.6866, 105.7197



49.3886, 50.8490, 98.4799



17.5375, 19.1518, 22.1576



21.9301, 29.2159, 52.4569



2.0881, 2.8198, 4.8774



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.7929, 50.0682, 86.2678



65.7029, 45.5180, 86.1322



70.2062, 71.8868, 41.1873



17.8778, 17.4785, 21.2124



27.3613, 13.3603, 34.9409

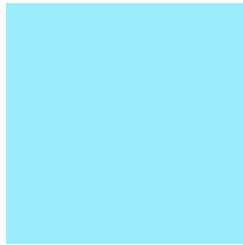


2.5629, 1.2489, 3.3875



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

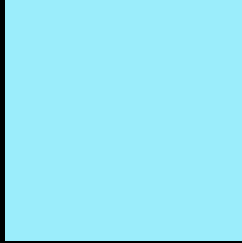
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

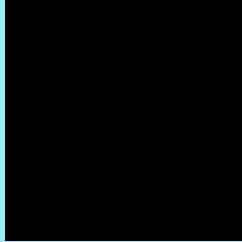
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208.



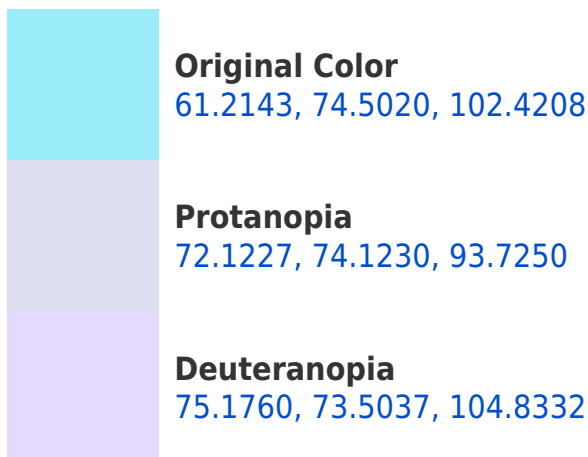
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.2143, 74.5020,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

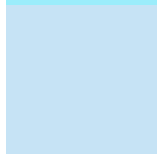
61.9501, 74.3790, 105.6992

# Trichromacy



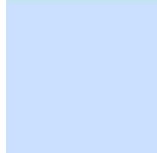
## Original Color

61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208



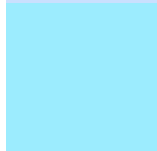
## Protanomaly

67.2392, 73.5365, 97.0363



## Deuteranomaly

68.9022, 73.0236, 104.2294



## Tritanomaly

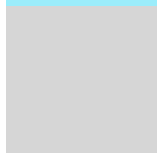
61.5951, 74.2146, 104.8444

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208



## Achromatopsia

63.9157, 67.2443, 73.2291



## Achromatomaly

61.9787, 69.1261, 82.7491

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 237, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 237, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 237, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 237, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 237, 251) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 237, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 237, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 237, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 237, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 237,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.2143, 74.5020, 102.4208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 237, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
237, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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