

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.3407, 52.2618, 36.9921)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.3407, 52.2618, 36.9921)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.3645, 52.3094,  
36.9994)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | FFAA99                     |
| RGB         | 255, 170, 153              |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 67%, 60%             |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.3333, 0.4000     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.33, 0.40, 0.00     |
| HSL         | 10°, 100%, 80%             |
| HSV         | 10°, 40%, 100%             |
| XYZ         | 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994  |
| YIQ         | 193.4770, 56.1170, 12.7330 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

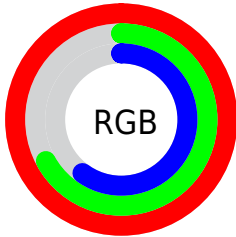
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 255, 173, 153                  |
| Decimal                             | 16755353                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 77.47, 29.28, 21.58            |
| CIE LCh                             | 77, 36.372, 36.398             |
| Yxy                                 | 52.3094, 0.4073,<br>0.3472     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294945433<br>(0xFFFFAA99)     |
| YUV                                 | 193.4770, -19.9552,<br>53.9557 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 72.3252, 24.8795,<br>20.2967   |

# Details

The XYZ color **61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **61.7599, 75.1381, 105.8557**, and the grayscale version is **51.0614, 53.7205, 58.5017**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.6988, 80.1577, 70.3029**, and **31.5245, 25.4177, 15.8149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.8127, 44.2239, 25.8448**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.0128, 61.8676, 50.7408**.

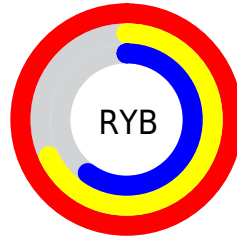
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (67%)

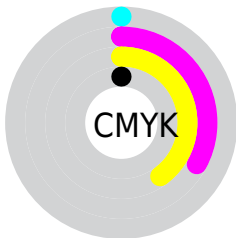
Blue (60%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (60%)

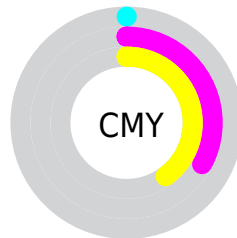


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 61.3645, 52.3094,  
36.9994

 61.3645, 52.3094,  
36.9994


419.3638,  
395.6299, 348.4765

 44.7731, 37.2518,  
24.9112


 105.9017, 93.5874,  
71.7582

 31.4792, 25.4025,  
15.7925


 134.5781,  
120.5765, 95.2659

 21.1176, 16.3772,  
9.2247


168.0135,  
152.3116, 123.4172

 13.3230, 9.7914,  
4.7892

206.5734,  
189.1770, 156.6306

 7.7299, 5.2609,  
2.0676

250.6230,  
231.5571, 195.3247

 3.9729, 2.4011,  
0.5964

300.5277,

 1.6868, 0.8265,

279.8364, 239.9181

0.0000

356.6528,  
334.3992, 290.8292

■ 0.4480, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.3645, 52.3094,  
36.9994

■ 61.3645, 52.3094,  
36.9994

■ 55.8127, 44.2239,  
25.8448

■ 68.0128, 61.8676,  
50.7408

■ 51.2937, 37.5301,  
17.1113

■ 75.8088, 72.9590,  
67.2144

■ 47.7430, 32.1508,  
10.6186

■ 84.8053, 85.6499,  
86.5586

■ 45.0870, 27.9980,  
6.1599

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 43.2410, 24.9726,  
3.4895

■ 42.0863, 22.9527,  
2.2122

■ 42.0863, 22.9526,  
2.2121

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.3375, 52.3094, 52.7657



61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994



55.3074, 52.3094, 28.4212

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994



38.3715, 52.3094, 42.8681



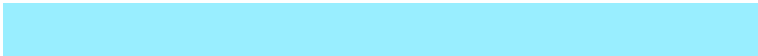
51.2342, 52.3094, 104.5216

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994



61.7599, 75.1381, 105.8557

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.5194, 52.3094, 100.1095



61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994



37.5009, 52.3094, 61.3625

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994



42.1482, 52.3094, 31.2115



39.6479, 52.3094, 83.0427



58.1450, 52.3094, 93.9800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



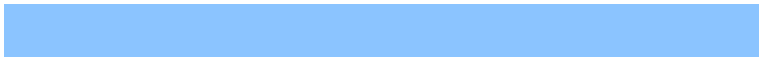
61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994



50.5694, 52.3094, 26.4852



39.6479, 52.3094, 83.0427



48.8772, 52.3094, 104.7676

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.3658, 52.3120, 37.0004



82.9072, 82.9803, 82.4529



68.0640, 50.2159, 86.9943



17.4860, 17.3957, 17.0882



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.3658, 52.3120, 37.0004



56.8384, 45.7272, 27.8762



72.8464, 75.2730, 40.8273



18.2540, 18.4762, 18.7485



22.0622, 12.1357, 1.1796



2.2136, 1.3125, 0.1367

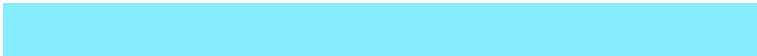


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.7599, 75.1381, 105.8557



57.2518, 71.3579, 105.3637



48.9576, 49.5334, 101.5882



18.2819, 19.9355, 23.1343



21.8923, 28.6943, 53.8193



2.1970, 2.9246, 5.2620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

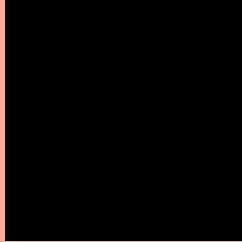
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.3645, 52.3094,

36.9994.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994

### Protanopia

49.5988, 52.4625, 42.1625

### Deuteranopia

53.3860, 52.3303, 36.1412



## Tritanopia

63.1954, 52.1521, 49.3834

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994

## Protanomaly

53.0103, 51.7423, 39.9942

## Deuteranomaly

55.9670, 52.1367, 36.3918

## Tritanomaly

62.4983, 52.1675, 44.8055

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994

## Achromatopsia

50.6879, 53.3276, 58.0738

## Achromatomaly

53.7037, 52.5112, 49.4247

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 170, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 170, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 170, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 170, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 170, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 170, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 170, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 170, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 170, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 170,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.3645, 52.3094, 36.9994 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 170, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
170, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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