

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.3805, 39.3300, 43.1314)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.3805, 39.3300, 43.1314)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.3849, 35.7886,  
42.5696)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF70AB
RGB	255, 112, 171
RGB Percent	100%, 44%, 67%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5608, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	335°, 100%, 72%
HSV	335°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696
YIQ	161.4830, 66.2890, 48.6650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

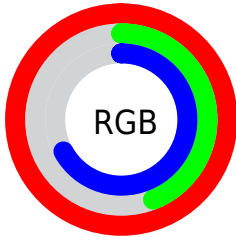
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 112, 171</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16740523</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.36, 60.11, -4.25</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">66, 60.255, 355.958</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.7886, 0.4097, 0.2696</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294930603 (0xFFFF70AB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">161.4830, 4.6919, 82.0144</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.8236, 57.5810, -0.3134</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **52.4077, 78.9511, 64.7057**, and the grayscale version is **34.0595, 35.8332, 39.0224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.9701, 54.7563, 78.8854**, and **27.1546, 15.5723, 19.0273** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.6110, 30.3980, 34.6617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.1189, 42.8404, 51.5966**.

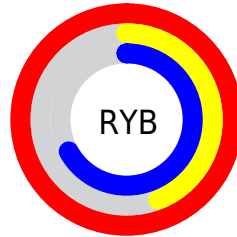
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (44%)

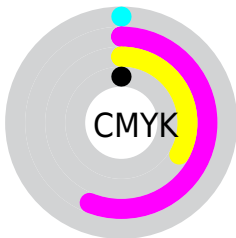
Blue (67%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (67%)

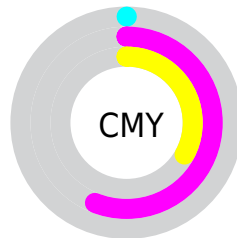


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)


Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.3849, 35.7886,  
42.5696

 54.3849, 35.7886,  
42.5696

393.7505,  
328.0356, 372.7078


 39.1414, 24.2710,  
29.2187


 95.7927, 68.7057,  
80.3403

 27.0509, 15.5348,  
18.9993


 122.6878, 90.8739,  
105.5972

 17.7483, 9.1955,  
11.4930


 154.1973,  
117.3611, 135.6598

 10.8680, 4.8689,  
6.2811

190.6867,  
148.5516, 170.9467

 6.0448, 2.1706,  
2.9452

232.5214,  
184.8300, 211.8764

 2.9132, 0.7039,  
1.0667

280.0667,

 1.1081, 0.0000,

226.5805, 258.8675

0.0000

333.6879,  
274.1876, 312.3384

■ 0.0318, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.3849, 35.7886,  
42.5696

■ 54.3849, 35.7886,  
42.5696

■ 50.6110, 30.3980,  
34.6617

■ 59.1189, 42.8404,  
51.5966

■ 47.7200, 26.5226,  
27.8197

■ 64.8765, 51.6724,  
61.7882

■ 45.6260, 24.0001,  
21.9873

■ 71.7188, 62.3986,  
73.1892

■ 44.2224, 22.6268,  
17.0992

■ 79.7010, 75.1221,  
85.8411

■ 43.8002, 22.2841,  
15.4121

■ 88.8745, 89.9384,  
99.7834

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.4825, 35.7886, 73.8564



54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696



52.0875, 35.7886, 21.0372

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696



26.9834, 35.7886, 9.2184



25.2117, 35.7886, 96.2218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696



52.4077, 78.9511, 64.7057

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6980, 35.7886, 64.9647



54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696



21.5870, 35.7886, 17.2722

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



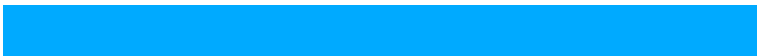
54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696



35.2515, 35.7886, 7.4745



19.4981, 35.7886, 35.5749



32.8097, 35.7886, 112.3528



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696



47.5342, 35.7886, 13.0796



19.4981, 35.7886, 35.5749



23.3395, 35.7886, 86.6104

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.3858, 35.7904, 42.5703



78.9137, 73.8592, 84.6177



46.4594, 30.4682, 98.0400



16.5321, 15.2347, 17.5508



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.3858, 35.7904, 42.5703



50.3078, 29.9783, 33.9852



51.3632, 36.8263, 19.7326



18.3201, 18.1114, 20.3028



22.9565, 11.6719, 8.4214



2.2880, 1.1576, 1.0978



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.3858, 35.7904, 42.5703



50.3078, 29.9783, 33.9852



56.8088, 74.8167, 106.0547



18.3201, 18.1114, 20.3028



22.9565, 11.6719, 8.4214



2.2880, 1.1576, 1.0978



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

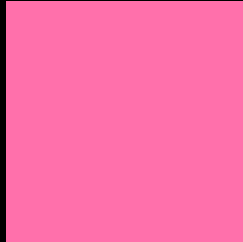
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

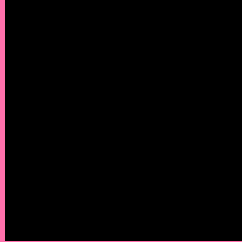
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.3849, 35.7886,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696

### Protanopia

36.1804, 36.0813, 60.9346

### Deuteranopia

36.6623, 36.0244, 40.1430



## Tritanopia

50.9447, 35.9552, 25.0238

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696



## Protanomaly

40.2127, 34.2253, 53.7769



## Deuteranomaly

41.6768, 34.8189, 41.0833



## Tritanomaly

52.0205, 35.8531, 30.5641

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696



## Achromatopsia

33.8758, 35.6400, 38.8120



## Achromatomaly

39.1197, 33.9636, 40.0911

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 112, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 112, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 112, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 112, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 112, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 112, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 112, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 112, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 112, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 112,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.3849, 35.7886, 42.5696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 112, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
112, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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