

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.4033, 63.4992, 69.6783)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.4033, 63.4992, 69.6783)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(61.3863, 63.4249,  
69.9796)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5CFD2
RGB	213, 207, 210
RGB Percent	84%, 81%, 82%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1882, 0.1765
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.16
HSL	330°, 7%, 82%
HSV	330°, 3%, 84%
XYZ	61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796
YIQ	209.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

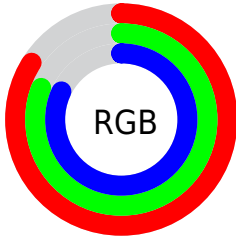
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	213, 207, 210
Decimal	14012370
CIE Lab	83.67, 2.60, -0.76
CIE LCh	84, 2.713, 343.724
Yxy	63.4249, 0.3151, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292202450 (0xFFD5CFD2)
YUV	209.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887
Hunter-Lab	79.6398, -1.7818, 3.6496

# Details

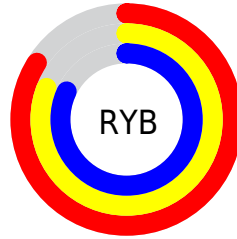
The XYZ color **61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.1617, 65.5088, 70.3970**, and the grayscale version is **60.6907, 63.8514, 69.5341**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **31.4925, 32.4519, 36.0565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.2867, 53.2795, 61.6131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.2741, 75.0035, 79.0466**.

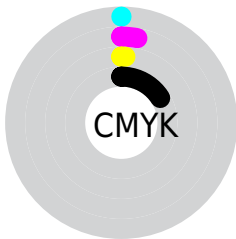
# Distribution



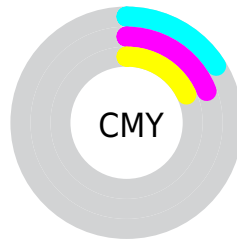
- Red (84%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 61.3863, 63.4249,  
69.9796

■ 61.3863, 63.4249,  
69.9796

419.4423,  
437.1099, 479.2656

■ 44.7907, 46.1850,  
51.0332

105.9330,  
109.7823, 120.8605

■ 31.4932, 32.3919,  
35.8581

134.6149,  
139.6686, 153.6321

■ 21.1284, 21.6610,  
24.0358

168.0562,  
174.5392, 191.8492

■ 13.3309, 13.6080,  
15.1477

206.6223,  
214.7784, 235.9302

■ 7.7353, 7.8485,  
8.7754

250.6787,  
260.7707, 286.2939

■ 3.9764, 3.9982,  
4.5001

300.5905,

■ 1.6888, 1.6725,

312.9005, 343.3586

1.9035

356.7233,  
371.5521, 407.5430

■ 0.4493, 0.4058,  
0.4950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.3863, 63.4249,  
69.9796

■ 61.3863, 63.4249,  
69.9796

■ 55.2867, 53.2795,  
61.6131

■ 68.2741, 75.0035,  
79.0466

■ 49.9405, 44.5030,  
53.9247

■ 75.9724, 88.0598,  
88.8275

■ 45.3183, 37.0383,  
46.8968

■ 79.2237, 92.0754,  
97.5785

■ 41.3864, 30.8214,  
40.5092

■ 80.8714, 92.7345,  
106.2550

■ 38.1085, 25.7825,  
34.7405

■ 81.2510, 92.8864,  
108.2542

■ 35.4449, 21.8451,  
29.5679

■ 33.3510, 18.9235,  
24.9665

■ 31.7760, 16.9192,  
20.9091

■ 30.6587, 15.7137,  
17.3644

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.0762, 63.4249, 71.4495



61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796



61.3996, 63.4249, 68.2860

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796



60.0130, 63.4249, 65.9303



59.4620, 63.4249, 71.3442

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796



61.1617, 65.5088, 70.3970

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.1809, 63.4249, 69.8377



61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796



59.4976, 63.4249, 66.7223

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796



60.6041, 63.4249, 65.9669



59.1939, 63.4249, 68.1464



59.9640, 63.4249, 72.2461



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796



61.2382, 63.4249, 67.2591



59.1939, 63.4249, 68.1464



59.3387, 63.4249, 70.8906

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.3881, 63.4276, 69.9810



94.0371, 98.3019, 107.5524



60.9037, 63.1343, 71.9280



20.1385, 21.0585, 23.0349



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

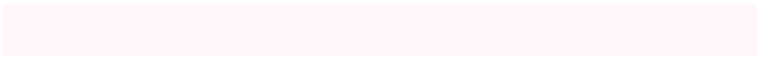


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.3881, 63.4276, 69.9810



92.0477, 94.9717, 104.8895



61.0182, 63.2797, 68.0329



13.4550, 13.8150, 15.3103



18.4165, 9.3029, 9.4972



1.1526, 0.5778, 0.7929



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3881, 63.4276, 69.9810



92.0477, 94.9717, 104.8895



61.5386, 65.6596, 72.3820



13.4550, 13.8150, 15.3103



18.4165, 9.3029, 9.4972

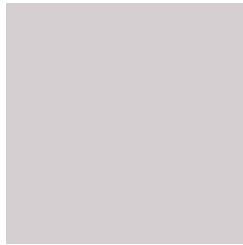


1.1526, 0.5778, 0.7929



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

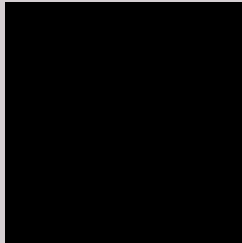
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

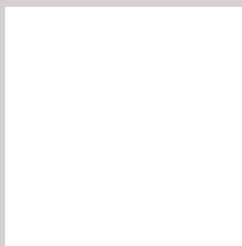
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796.



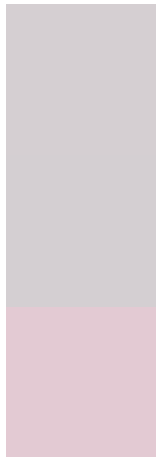
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.3863, 63.4249,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796

### Protanopia

61.0971, 63.2758, 69.9661

### Deuteranopia

64.5570, 63.2751, 70.4388



## Tritanopia

62.9068, 63.3302, 77.3150

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796

## Protanomaly

61.0971, 63.2758, 69.9661

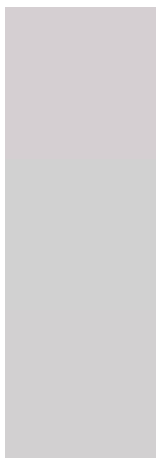
## Deuteranomaly

63.4749, 63.4185, 70.5235

## Tritanomaly

62.3272, 63.4485, 74.6074

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796

## Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

## Achromatomaly

60.6428, 63.4168, 69.3661

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(213, 207, 210) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 207, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 207, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 207, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 207, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 207, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 207, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 207, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 207, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 207,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.3863, 63.4249, 69.9796 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 207, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
207, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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