

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.5740, 57.2209, 53.6856)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.5740, 57.2209, 53.6856)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.4523, 57.0480,  
53.6714)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDBBB9
RGB	237, 187, 185
RGB Percent	93%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.0706, 0.2666, 0.2745
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.22, 0.07
HSL	2°, 59%, 83%
HSV	2°, 22%, 93%
XYZ	61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714
YIQ	201.7220, 30.4420, 9.9780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

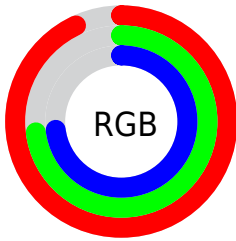
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 187, 185
Decimal	15580089
CIE Lab	80.21, 17.67, 7.89
CIE LCh	80, 19.347, 24.052
Yxy	57.0480, 0.3569, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293770169 (0xFFEDBBB9)
YUV	201.7220, -8.2439, 30.9388
Hunter-Lab	75.5301, 13.0522, 10.7399

# Details

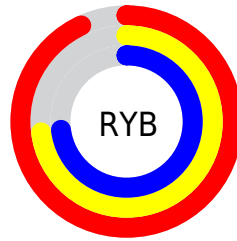
The XYZ color **61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.0011, 75.8431, 91.3343**, and the grayscale version is **56.0036, 58.9201, 64.1640**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.1678, 91.7121, 96.2216**, and **31.5123, 28.4194, 25.6544** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.6996, 47.2180, 40.0887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.3922, 68.5840, 69.7086**.

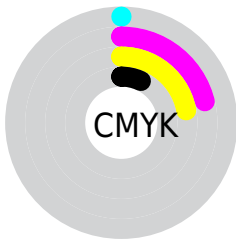
# Distribution



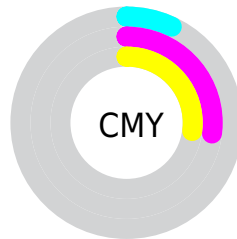
- Red (93%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 61.4523, 57.0480,  
53.6714

 61.4523, 57.0480,  
53.6714

419.6799,  
413.6291, 417.9949

 44.8442, 41.0438,  
37.9476


 106.0280,  
100.5352, 97.0431

 31.5355, 28.3533,  
25.6405


134.7263,  
128.7870, 125.5282

 21.1608, 18.5921,  
16.3316


168.1853,  
161.8901, 159.1040

 13.3547, 11.3759,  
9.6022

206.7706,  
200.2289, 198.1893

 7.7519, 6.3203,  
5.0339

250.8473,  
244.1878, 243.2025

 3.9871, 3.0408,  
2.2081

300.7808,

 1.6948, 1.1531,

294.1513, 294.5621

0.6790

356.9366,  
350.5036, 352.6867

■ 0.4530, 0.0229,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.4523, 57.0480,  
53.6714

■ 61.4523, 57.0480,  
53.6714

■ 54.6996, 47.2180,  
40.0887

■ 69.3922, 68.5840,  
69.7086

■ 49.0727, 39.0058,  
28.8361

■ 78.5675, 81.8932,  
88.3092

■ 44.5117, 32.3270,  
19.7838

■ 88.7352, 96.7446,  
108.6045

■ 40.9494, 27.0865,  
12.7878

■ 38.3108, 23.1787,  
7.6868

■ 36.5105, 20.4834,  
4.2958

■ 35.4471, 18.8590,  
2.3925

■ 35.0243, 18.2029,  
1.6675

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.1266, 57.0480, 64.3952



61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714



58.8009, 57.0480, 46.1289

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714



48.3076, 57.0480, 50.2096



53.4398, 57.0480, 86.3389

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714



65.0011, 75.8431, 91.3343

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8880, 57.0480, 81.4253



61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714



47.0188, 57.0480, 59.8904

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714



51.1877, 57.0480, 44.3064



47.5831, 57.0480, 71.4020



57.3748, 57.0480, 84.1529



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714



56.3345, 57.0480, 43.4729



47.5831, 57.0480, 71.4020



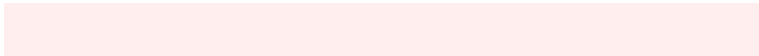
52.1637, 57.0480, 85.4458

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.4539, 57.0506, 53.6726



87.0754, 88.4381, 92.7166



67.3084, 58.7167, 86.5856



18.4980, 18.7267, 19.5619



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.4539, 57.0506, 53.6726



69.0795, 62.2945, 56.3567



67.4097, 68.9623, 55.6579



15.1120, 15.1471, 15.6459



19.1435, 9.9813, 0.9176



1.5197, 0.8167, 0.0775



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.0011, 75.8431, 91.3343



73.9119, 87.9005, 107.6787



58.1602, 62.1612, 89.0539



15.4650, 17.0164, 19.3917



23.4952, 33.6374, 48.9973

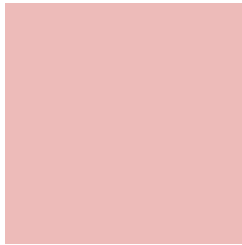


1.8605, 2.6724, 3.8526



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

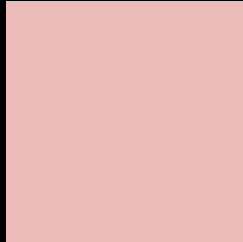
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

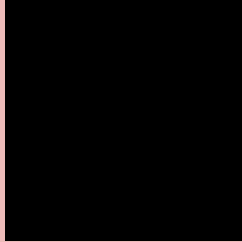
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.4523, 57.0480,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714

### Protanopia

54.7749, 57.1289, 57.4302

### Deuteranopia

58.2418, 57.0073, 53.2812



## Tritanopia

63.2544, 57.1722, 61.7343

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714

## Protanomaly

57.0924, 57.0094, 56.1389

## Deuteranomaly

59.3783, 56.9456, 53.2094

## Tritanomaly

62.5564, 57.1900, 58.7806

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714

## Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184

## Achromatomaly

57.9544, 58.3651, 60.4356

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 187, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 187, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 187, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 187, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 187, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 187, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 187, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 187, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 187, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 187,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.4523, 57.0480, 53.6714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 187, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
187, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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