

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.6742, 45.6343,  
59.5905)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF91C7
RGB	255, 145, 199
RGB Percent	100%, 57%, 78%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4313, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	331°, 100%, 78%
HSV	331°, 43%, 100%
XYZ	61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905
YIQ	184.0460, 48.2260, 40.1140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

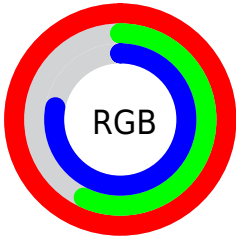
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	255, 145, 199
Decimal	16748999
CIE Lab	73.31, 47.92, -9.62
CIE LCh	73, 48.880, 348.654
Yxy	45.6343, 0.3695, 0.2734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294939079 (0xFFFF91C7)
YUV	184.0460, 7.3723, 62.2267
Hunter-Lab	67.5532, 44.7476, -5.0141

# Details

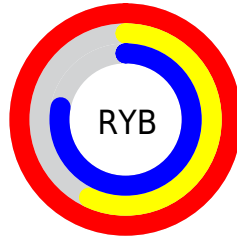
The XYZ color **61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **57.9815, 81.7577, 67.9868**, and the grayscale version is **45.5285, 47.8995, 52.1625**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.1766, 70.2533, 103.9422**, and **31.6169, 21.2623, 29.2257** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.7622, 38.1205, 50.8309**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.5914, 54.9524, 69.3207**.

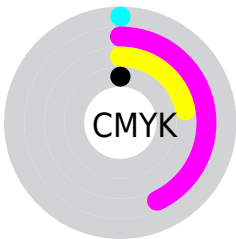
# Distribution



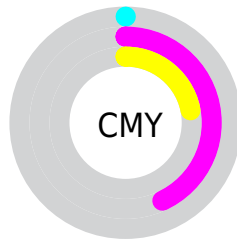
- Red (100%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 61.6742, 45.6343,  
59.5905


 61.6742, 45.6343,  
59.5905


420.4782,  
369.3365, 440.8494

 45.0241, 31.9573,  
42.6655

 106.3471, 83.6714,  
105.7730

 31.6778, 21.3289,  
29.2933


 135.1006,  
108.8004, 135.8675

 21.2698, 13.3646,  
19.0553


168.6194,  
138.5155, 171.1890

 13.4350, 7.6801,  
11.5330

207.2686,  
173.2011, 212.1560

 7.8078, 3.8910,  
6.3079

251.4138,  
213.2416, 259.1869

 4.0230, 1.6128,  
2.9614

301.4202,

 1.7151, 0.3662,

259.0214, 312.7005

1.0750

357.6532,  
310.9249, 373.1151

■ 0.4657, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.6742, 45.6343,  
59.5905

■ 61.6742, 45.6343,  
59.5905

■ 56.7622, 38.1205,  
50.8309

■ 67.5914, 54.9524,  
69.3207

■ 52.7896, 32.2851,  
43.0028

■ 74.5673, 66.1772,  
80.0529

■ 49.6878, 27.9957,  
36.0672

■ 82.6554, 79.4108,  
91.8203

■ 47.3762, 25.0971,  
29.9803

■ 91.9044, 94.7462,  
104.6533

■ 45.7577, 23.4005,  
24.6918

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 44.9529, 22.7452,  
21.4820

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.9982, 45.6343, 87.9606



61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905



60.9875, 45.6343, 36.0373

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905



38.3009, 45.6343, 16.9870



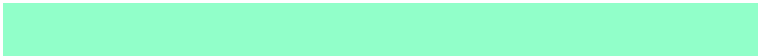
33.3492, 45.6343, 94.3510

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905



57.9815, 81.7577, 67.9868

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.5273, 45.6343, 66.4123



61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905



32.1148, 45.6343, 24.5257

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905



46.7064, 45.6343, 16.2351



29.1075, 45.6343, 40.9482



40.2041, 45.6343, 112.0206



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905



57.5987, 45.6343, 25.6046



29.1075, 45.6343, 40.9482



31.7083, 45.6343, 85.4925

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.6753, 45.6364, 59.5914



82.7721, 79.6032, 91.9860



51.9967, 39.7526, 99.5402



17.3128, 16.3738, 19.1128



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.6753, 45.6364, 59.5914



57.2711, 38.8864, 51.7774



56.4778, 43.5574, 32.2214



18.3810, 18.1357, 20.6237



23.5639, 11.9148, 11.6198



2.3493, 1.1821, 1.4211



# Inverse Universe

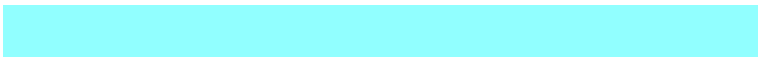
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.6753, 45.6364, 59.5914



57.2711, 38.8864, 51.7774



65.4882, 84.7603, 107.5165



18.3810, 18.1357, 20.6237



23.5639, 11.9148, 11.6198



2.3493, 1.1821, 1.4211



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

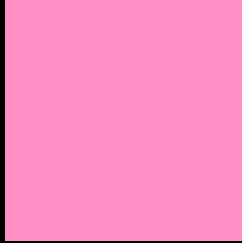
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.6742, 45.6343,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905

### Protanopia

45.9658, 46.1186, 74.8857

### Deuteranopia

46.8058, 45.7615, 57.4048



## Tritanopia

57.6228, 45.6100, 40.4169

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905



## Protanomaly

50.1861, 44.9981, 68.9912



## Deuteranomaly

51.2636, 44.9835, 58.2054



## Tritanomaly

58.7288, 45.3249, 46.7275

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905



## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980



## Achromatomaly

50.1384, 46.1252, 54.4046

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 145, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 145, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 145, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 145, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 145, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 145, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 145, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 145, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 145, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 145,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.6742, 45.6343, 59.5905 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 145, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
145, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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