

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.6921, 33.2842, 97.7807)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.6921, 33.2842, 97.7807)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.6725, 33.2451,  
97.7742)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF49FF
RGB	255, 73, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 29%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7137, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 64%
HSV	300°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742
YIQ	148.1660, 50.0500, 95.1860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

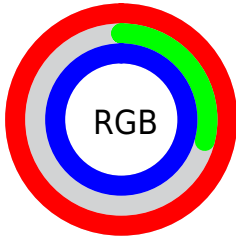
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	255, 73, 255
Decimal	16730623
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.36, 86.49, -54.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 102.179, 327.830
Yxy	33.2451, 0.3201, 0.1725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294920703 (0xFFFF49FF)
YUV	148.1660, 52.6692, 93.6934
Hunter-Lab	57.6586, 90.0239, -60.1797

# Details

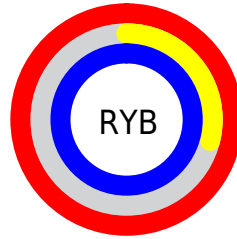
The XYZ color **61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **39.7113, 73.4180, 18.3830**, and the grayscale version is **27.9920, 29.4498, 32.0708**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.2357, 46.3713, 99.9619**, and **32.3262, 15.5006, 54.1114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.3270, 30.5540, 97.3257**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.7055, 37.3110, 98.4518**.

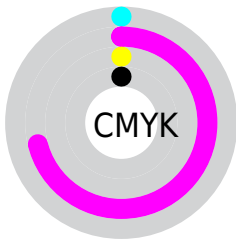
# Distribution



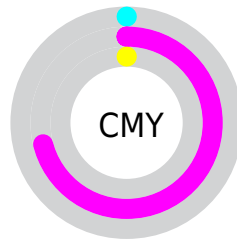
- Red (100%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 61.6725, 33.2451,  
97.7742

 61.6725, 33.2451,  
97.7742


420.4721,  
316.7527, 574.2183


 45.0227, 22.3143,  
73.8365

 106.3447, 64.7580,  
160.1201


 31.6767, 14.0880,  
54.1642


 135.0978, 86.1089,  
199.3655

 21.2690, 8.1819,  
38.3389


 168.6160,  
111.7019, 244.5504

 13.4344, 4.2116,  
25.9420

 207.2648,  
141.9214, 296.0935

 7.8074, 1.7926,  
16.5549

251.4094,  
177.1519, 354.4133

 4.0227, 0.4826,  
9.7590

301.4153,

 1.7150, 0.0000,

217.7776, 419.9283

5.1360

357.6477,  
264.1831, 493.0572

■ 0.4656, 0.0000,  
2.2671

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7127

■ 61.6725, 33.2451,  
97.7742

■ 61.6725, 33.2451,  
97.7742

■ 60.3270, 30.5540,  
97.3257

■ 63.7055, 37.3110,  
98.4518

■ 59.5771, 29.0542,  
97.0757

■ 66.4988, 42.8976,  
99.3829

■ 59.2900, 28.4800,  
96.9800

■ 70.1182, 50.1364,  
100.5894

■ 74.6218, 59.1436,  
102.0906

80.0624, 70.0249,  
103.9041

86.4889, 82.8778,  
106.0463

93.9465, 97.7930,  
108.5322

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.5343, 33.2451, 163.2553



61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742



68.5898, 33.2451, 39.3157

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742



32.6690, 33.2451, 0.6192



12.7590, 33.2451, 87.9385

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742



39.7113, 73.4180, 18.3830

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.0823, 33.2451, 33.2502



61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742



20.2586, 33.2451, 1.5231

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742



48.9484, 33.2451, 1.9201



13.3462, 33.2451, 8.1092



18.9256, 33.2451, 155.1180



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742



66.3954, 33.2451, 16.7963



13.3462, 33.2451, 8.1092



11.7534, 33.2451, 66.6758

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.6732, 33.2463, 97.7744



80.2817, 70.4634, 103.9772



23.1815, 13.4031, 95.9730



16.8392, 14.3934, 22.1406



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.6732, 33.2463, 97.7744



59.9118, 29.7237, 97.1873



50.3244, 28.7068, 38.0127



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.6732, 33.2463, 97.7744



59.9118, 29.7237, 97.1873



45.2096, 75.6173, 47.3370



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

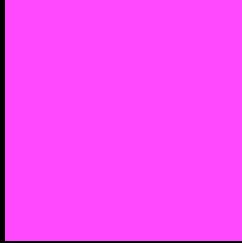
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.6725, 33.2451,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742

### Protanopia

36.2513, 33.5132, 99.1658

### Deuteranopia

34.4710, 33.5672, 88.6667



## Tritanopia

46.0624, 32.7542, 23.6331

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742



## Protanomaly

40.7747, 29.6346, 98.1787



## Deuteranomaly

39.3536, 29.4236, 91.6009

## Tritanomaly

49.8527, 31.7370, 43.0335

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742



## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495



## Achromatomaly

36.3005, 27.8274, 50.4717

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 73, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 73, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 73, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 73, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 73, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 73, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 73, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 73, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 73, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 73,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.6725, 33.2451, 97.7742 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 73, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 73,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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