

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.6922, 59.1875, 50.4927)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.6922, 59.1875, 50.4927)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(61.6979, 59.1871,  
50.2919)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	<a href="#">ECC1B2</a>
RGB	<a href="#">236, 193, 178</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">93%, 76%, 70%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.0745, 0.2431, 0.3020</a>
<a href="#">CMYK</a>	<a href="#">0.00, 0.18, 0.25, 0.07</a>
HSL	<a href="#">16°, 60%, 81%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">16°, 25%, 93%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">204.1470, 30.4430, 4.4510</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

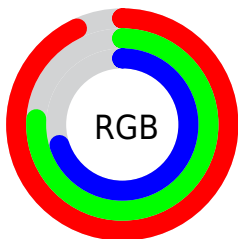
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 198, 178
Decimal	15516082
CIE Lab	81.39, 13.12, 13.32
CIE LCh	81, 18.700, 45.429
Yxy	59.1871, 0.3604, 0.3458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293706162 (0xFFECC1B2)
YUV	204.1470, -12.8905, 27.9351
Hunter-Lab	76.9332, 8.5182, 15.0948

# Details

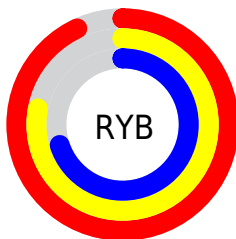
The XYZ color **61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **59.3563, 67.2322, 89.2059**, and the grayscale version is **57.5542, 60.5515, 65.9406**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.2769, 95.5717, 91.5310**, and **31.5247, 29.5296, 23.4403** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.8881, 51.0387, 37.6533**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.3761, 68.4191, 65.2325**.

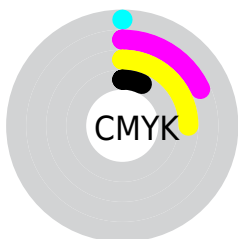
# Distribution



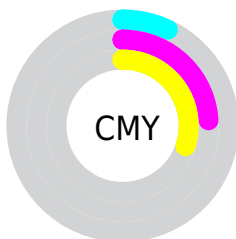
- Red (93%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 61.6979, 59.1871,  
50.2919

 61.6979, 59.1871,  
50.2919


420.5634,  
421.5949, 404.5741

 45.0433, 42.7638,  
35.2726


 106.3812,  
103.6495, 92.0080

 31.6930, 29.6998,  
23.5877


135.1406,  
132.4574, 119.5418

 21.2815, 19.6108,  
14.8187


168.6657,  
166.1623, 152.0842

 13.4436, 12.1125,  
8.5470

207.3218,  
205.1485, 190.0538

 7.8138, 6.8203,  
4.3542

251.4743,  
249.8005, 233.8690

 4.0268, 3.3500,  
1.8216

301.4884,

 1.7173, 1.3171,

300.5026, 283.9484

0.4421

357.7297,  
357.6393, 340.7106

■ 0.4671, 0.1544,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.6979, 59.1871,  
50.2919

■ 61.6979, 59.1871,  
50.2919

■ 55.8881, 51.0387,  
37.6533

■ 68.3761, 68.4191,  
65.2325

■ 50.9051, 43.9255,  
27.1977

■ 75.9524, 78.7644,  
82.5783

■ 46.7111, 37.8077,  
18.8012

■ 84.4610, 90.2618,  
102.4311

■ 43.2632, 32.6394,  
12.3257

■ 88.4022, 96.5729,  
108.5889

■ 40.5138, 28.3711,  
7.6160

■ 38.4096, 24.9483,  
4.4925

■ 36.8878, 22.3100,  
2.7361

■ 36.2638, 21.1761,  
2.1761

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.8177, 59.1871, 58.8848



61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919



58.1680, 59.1871, 45.7727

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919



49.2890, 59.1871, 59.1787



58.2794, 59.1871, 87.5058

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919



59.3563, 67.2322, 89.2059

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.3855, 59.1871, 87.6083



61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919



49.3157, 59.1871, 70.3440

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919



51.0683, 59.1871, 50.4855



51.1431, 59.1871, 81.0309



61.7827, 59.1871, 80.7655



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919



55.5473, 59.1871, 45.3000



51.1431, 59.1871, 81.0309



56.9699, 59.1871, 88.3415

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.6995, 59.1898, 50.2931



88.2310, 90.7493, 93.1018



63.6309, 54.9215, 76.0041



18.7647, 19.2601, 19.6508



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.6995, 59.1898, 50.2931



70.2818, 65.9906, 52.7762



68.6171, 73.0251, 52.5990



15.3822, 15.6875, 15.7360



20.0778, 11.8499, 1.2290



1.6524, 1.0820, 0.1218

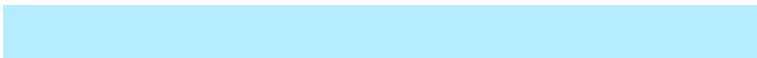


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.3563, 67.2322, 89.2059



67.0756, 76.9654, 105.9283



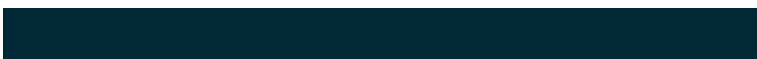
52.4607, 53.4411, 86.9074



15.1687, 16.4239, 19.2929



16.9001, 20.4473, 46.7990



1.4039, 1.7593, 3.7005



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

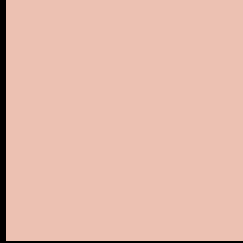
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

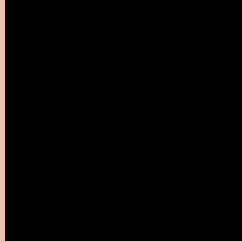
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.6979, 59.1871,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919

### Protanopia

56.5317, 59.5088, 53.3066

### Deuteranopia

60.5060, 59.2335, 50.3637



## Tritanopia

64.6933, 59.1055, 65.1255

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919

## Protanomaly

58.2791, 59.3987, 52.1095

## Deuteranomaly

60.9319, 59.1216, 50.3196

## Tritanomaly

63.5237, 58.9442, 59.6591

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919

## Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

## Achromatomaly

58.8235, 59.8476, 60.0812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 193, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 193, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 193, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 193, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 193, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 193, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 193, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 193, 178); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 193, 178); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 193, 178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.6979, 59.1871, 50.2919 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 193, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
193, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor