

# Converting Colors

XYZ(61.7582, 57.0373, 46.2842)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(61.7582, 57.0373, 46.2842)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.8717, 57.1128,  
46.2910)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3BAAB
RGB	243, 186, 171
RGB Percent	95%, 73%, 67%
CMY	0.0471, 0.2706, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.30, 0.05
HSL	13°, 75%, 81%
HSV	13°, 30%, 95%
XYZ	61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910
YIQ	201.3330, 38.7870, 7.4190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

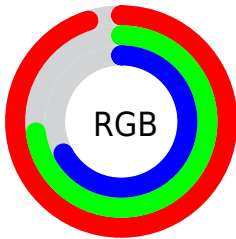
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 190, 171
Decimal	15973035
CIE Lab	80.24, 18.49, 15.55
CIE LCh	80, 24.161, 40.060
Yxy	57.1128, 0.3744, 0.3456
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294163115 (0xFFFF3BAAB)
YUV	201.3330, -14.9542, 36.5420
Hunter-Lab	75.5730, 13.8854, 16.5840

# Details

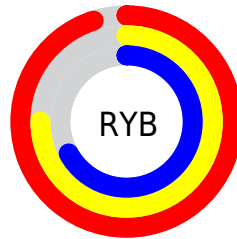
The XYZ color **61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.7147, 70.6134, 95.2238**, and the grayscale version is **55.7983, 58.7042, 63.9288**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.7196, 90.2552, 84.8019**, and **31.9670, 28.5461, 21.2779** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.9819, 48.7053, 33.9316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.7359, 66.7870, 61.0771**.

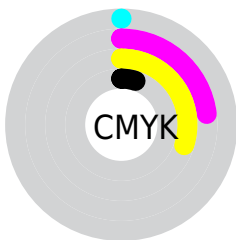
# Distribution



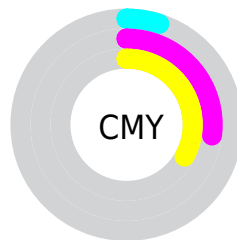
- Red (95%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 61.8717, 57.1128,  
46.2910

 61.8717, 57.1128,  
46.2910


421.1880,  
413.8719, 388.2889

 45.1842, 41.0958,  
32.1252


 106.6311,  
100.6298, 85.9932

 31.8045, 28.3940,  
21.1915

135.4337,  
128.8985, 112.3667

 21.3670, 18.6228,  
13.0715


169.0054,  
162.0200, 143.6465

 13.5065, 11.3981,  
7.3465

207.7116,  
200.3786, 180.2511

 7.8577, 6.3353,  
3.5980

251.9176,  
244.3587, 222.5991

 4.0550, 3.0500,  
1.4075

301.9887,

 1.7333, 1.1579,

294.3446, 271.1090

0.1476

358.2904,  
350.7209, 326.1994

■ 0.4770, 0.0269,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.8717, 57.1128,  
46.2910

■ 61.8717, 57.1128,  
46.2910

■ 55.9819, 48.7053,  
33.9316

■ 68.7359, 66.7870,  
61.0771

■ 51.0170, 41.5039,  
23.8652

■ 76.6120, 77.7694,  
78.4069

■ 46.9298, 35.4549,  
15.9504

■ 85.5409, 90.1095,  
98.3940

■ 43.6669, 30.4972,  
10.0286

■ 90.7722, 97.7947,  
108.6998

■ 41.1688, 26.5639,  
5.9190

■ 39.3671, 23.5804,  
3.4077

■ 38.1665, 21.4555,  
2.1556

■ 38.1304, 21.3912,  
2.1192

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.1687, 57.1128, 57.5608



61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910



57.5833, 57.1128, 39.9867

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910



45.8471, 57.1128, 53.3749



55.9577, 57.1128, 92.9496

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910



60.7147, 70.6134, 95.2238

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.1132, 57.1128, 91.3758



61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910



45.4704, 57.1128, 67.0528

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910



48.4057, 57.1128, 43.6268



47.3435, 57.1128, 81.3577



60.6200, 57.1128, 85.3791



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910



54.2740, 57.1128, 38.7858



47.3435, 57.1128, 81.3577



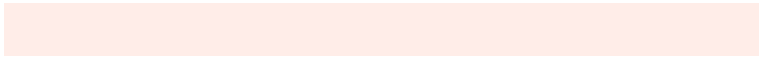
54.2940, 57.1128, 93.4966

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.8732, 57.1155, 46.2922



86.0484, 87.5607, 88.7468



65.6124, 53.8159, 80.7658



18.1259, 18.3362, 18.3473



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.8732, 57.1155, 46.2922



64.6647, 57.5033, 42.4354



70.2753, 73.9197, 49.0929



16.7789, 17.0420, 17.2026



21.0049, 11.8955, 1.1890



1.9171, 1.1875, 0.1282



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7147, 70.6134, 95.2238



63.1529, 74.9429, 105.7447



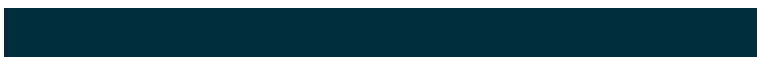
51.9545, 53.0929, 92.3037



16.6864, 18.1370, 21.1639



19.3680, 24.5298, 50.2519



1.7741, 2.2997, 4.4406



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

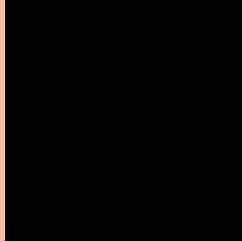
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.8717, 57.1128,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910

### Protanopia

54.3717, 57.4311, 49.8146

### Deuteranopia

58.4184, 57.2596, 46.0034



## Tritanopia

64.6978, 57.0342, 59.8233

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910

## Protanomaly

56.8484, 57.0509, 48.5731

## Deuteranomaly

59.6008, 57.2216, 45.9338

## Tritanomaly

63.5593, 56.8673, 54.6403

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910

## Achromatopsia

55.5167, 58.4078, 63.6061

## Achromatomaly

57.3531, 57.7965, 56.8482

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 186, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 186, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 186, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 186, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 186, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 186, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 186, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 186, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 186, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 186,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.8717, 57.1128, 46.2910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 186, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
186, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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