

# Converting Colors

XYZ(62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.0686, 63.3451,  
73.2454)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6CED7
RGB	214, 206, 215
RGB Percent	84%, 81%, 84%
CMY	0.1608, 0.1921, 0.1569
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	293°, 10%, 83%
HSV	293°, 4%, 84%
XYZ	62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454
YIQ	209.4180, 1.8790, 4.4950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

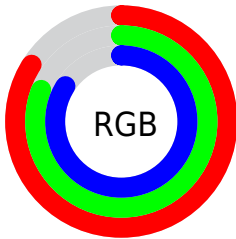
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	214, 206, 215
Decimal	14077655
CIE Lab	83.62, 4.38, -3.48
CIE LCh	84, 5.592, 321.556
Yxy	63.3451, 0.3124, 0.3189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292267735 (0xFFD6CED7)
YUV	209.4180, 2.7519, 4.0184
Hunter-Lab	79.5896, -0.0772, 1.1489

# Details

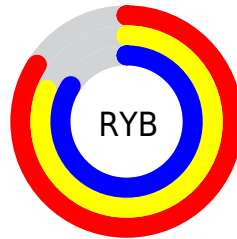
The XYZ color **62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.1756, 66.3242, 67.9734**, and the grayscale version is **60.8606, 64.0301, 69.7288**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **31.8715, 32.3655, 37.8251** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.5510, 53.3369, 71.6054**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.3081, 74.7800, 75.1246**.

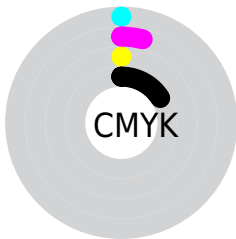
# Distribution



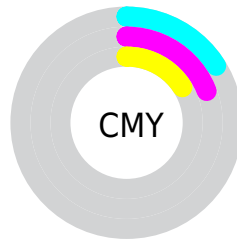
- Red (84%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62.0686, 63.3451,  
73.2454

■ 62.0686, 63.3451,  
73.2454

421.8948,  
436.8208, 490.9585

■ 45.3439, 46.1204,  
53.6836

106.9140,  
109.6672, 125.5497

■ 31.9309, 32.3409,  
37.9573

135.7656,  
139.5335, 159.1292

■ 21.4640, 21.6220,  
25.6480

169.3900,  
174.3824, 198.2184

■ 13.5780, 13.5794,  
16.3371

208.1529,  
214.5984, 243.2359

■ 7.9075, 7.8287,  
9.6061

252.4194,  
260.5659, 294.6000

■ 4.0871, 3.9856,  
5.0364

302.5550,

■ 1.7515, 1.6655,

312.6692, 352.7295

2.2095

358.9251,  
371.2927, 418.0428

■ 0.4882, 0.4012,  
0.6798

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 62.0686, 63.3451,  
73.2454

■ 62.0686, 63.3451,  
73.2454

■ 56.5510, 53.3369,  
71.6054

■ 68.3081, 74.7800,  
75.1246

■ 51.7212, 44.6901,  
70.1909

■ 75.2909, 87.6873,  
77.2480

■ 47.5505, 37.3465,  
68.9933

■ 77.8969, 91.8254,  
77.9094

■ 44.0060, 31.2403,  
68.0015

■ 78.6305, 92.2036,  
77.9437

41.0520, 26.3002,  
67.2037

79.3746, 92.5872,  
77.9785

38.6492, 22.4475,  
66.5867

80.1292, 92.9762,  
78.0138

36.7533, 19.5939,  
66.1358

80.8942, 93.3706,  
78.0496

35.3132, 17.6370,  
65.8340

81.6697, 93.7704,  
78.0859

34.2665, 16.4525,  
65.6605

82.4558, 94.1756,  
78.1227

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.0759, 63.3451, 75.4284



62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454



62.5642, 63.3451, 69.9658

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454



60.5536, 63.3451, 62.5214



58.0465, 63.3451, 71.4767

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454



61.1756, 66.3242, 67.9734

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.9110, 63.3451, 67.9877



62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454



59.3476, 63.3451, 62.8950

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454



61.6818, 63.3451, 63.8297



58.3842, 63.3451, 64.8682



58.7571, 63.3451, 74.3834



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454



62.5415, 63.3451, 67.6314



58.3842, 63.3451, 64.8682



57.9326, 63.3451, 70.3303

# Sweetspot

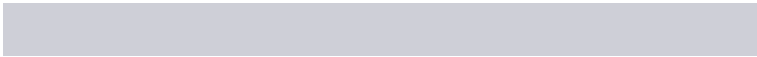
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.0704, 63.3478, 73.2468



94.1377, 98.3301, 108.6258



60.0470, 62.6811, 73.2247



20.1590, 21.0643, 23.2533



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.0704, 63.3478, 73.2468



90.5971, 91.8654, 107.5646



61.9246, 63.3233, 70.9509



13.2710, 13.3957, 15.8237



20.2588, 9.5963, 39.2377



1.2616, 0.5992, 2.3685



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3604, 63.0976, 67.9798



89.3452, 91.4246, 98.2610



61.3207, 66.3501, 70.1914



13.0656, 13.3234, 14.2950



16.8794, 8.6881, 1.4030

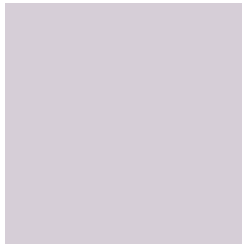


1.0374, 0.5317, 0.1863



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

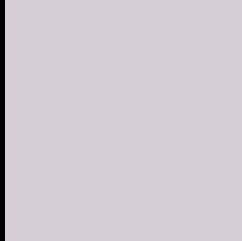
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

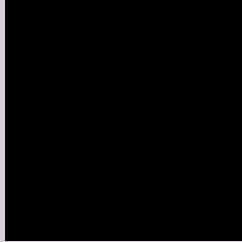
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454.



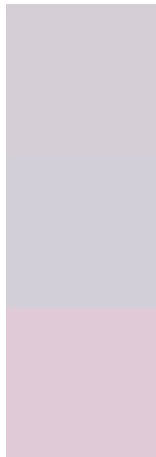
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.0686, 63.3451,

73.2454.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454

### Protanopia

61.2858, 63.2852, 73.9509

### Deuteranopia

64.5665, 63.2065, 73.7628



## Tritanopia

62.9068, 63.3302, 77.3150

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454

## Protanomaly

61.5715, 63.4324, 73.9643

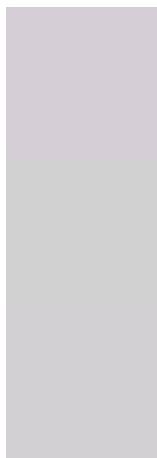
## Deuteranomaly

63.5694, 63.0419, 73.7836

## Tritanomaly

62.6418, 63.2242, 75.9197

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454

## Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

## Achromatomaly

61.1777, 63.6638, 70.6919

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(214, 206, 215) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 206, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 206, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 206, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 206, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 206, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 206, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 206, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 206, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 206,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.0686, 63.3451, 73.2454 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 206, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
206, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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