

# Converting Colors

XYZ(62.1716, 44.1109, 67.5195)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(62.1716, 44.1109, 67.5195)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.2121, 44.1904,  
67.5380)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8AD4
RGB	255, 138, 212
RGB Percent	100%, 54%, 83%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4588, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	322°, 100%, 77%
HSV	322°, 46%, 100%
XYZ	62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380
YIQ	181.4190, 45.9780, 47.8180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

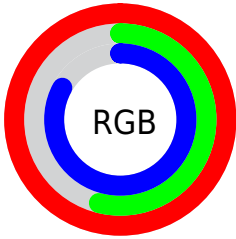
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 138, 212</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16747220</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.36, 53.28, -18.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 56.315, 341.113</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.1904, 0.3577, 0.2541</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294937300 (0xFFFF8AD4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">181.4190, 15.0764, 64.5305</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.4759, 50.7183, -13.7042</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **54.5834, 80.2603, 56.3341**, and the grayscale version is **44.0524, 46.3466, 50.4714**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.5818, 67.0636, 103.4106**, and **32.0211, 20.5107, 34.1696** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.8255, 37.2546, 60.4113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.5282, 52.8750, 75.3142**.

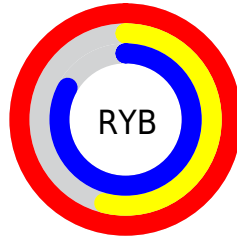
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (54%)

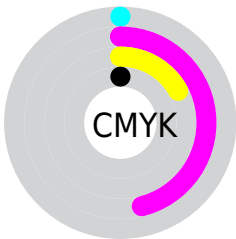
Blue (83%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (83%)

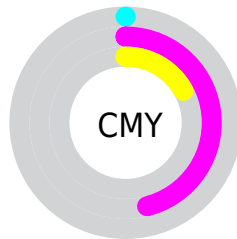


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62.2121, 44.1904,  
67.5380

 62.2121, 44.1904,  
67.5380

422.4096,  
363.4847, 470.4109


 45.4604, 30.8202,  
49.0576

 107.1202, 81.5042,  
117.3389

 32.0230, 20.4620,  
34.2993


 136.0073,  
106.2166, 149.4966

 21.5347, 12.7313,  
22.8444


 169.6702,  
135.4785, 187.0504

 13.6301, 7.2438,  
14.2744

208.4743,  
169.6743, 230.4189

 7.9438, 3.6150,  
8.1709

252.7849,  
209.1884, 280.0207

 4.1105, 1.4606,  
4.1151

302.9675,

 1.7648, 0.2608,

254.4053, 336.2742

1.6887

359.3872,  
305.7092, 399.5981

■ 0.4964, 0.0000,  
0.3530

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 62.2121, 44.1904,  
67.5380

■ 62.2121, 44.1904,  
67.5380

■ 57.8255, 37.2546,  
60.4113

■ 67.5282, 52.8750,  
75.3142

■ 54.3030, 31.9392,  
53.9050

■ 73.8268, 63.4132,  
83.7616

■ 51.5755, 28.1077,  
47.9908

■ 81.1606, 75.9082,  
92.9036

■ 49.5611, 25.5982,  
42.6355

■ 89.5774, 90.4542,  
102.7615

■ 48.1584, 24.2099,  
37.7989

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 47.6976, 23.8430,  
35.9353

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.4831, 44.1904, 100.5552



62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380



63.0654, 44.1904, 38.5459

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380



38.5117, 44.1904, 12.4520



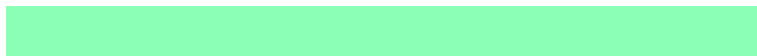
29.4698, 44.1904, 92.4235

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



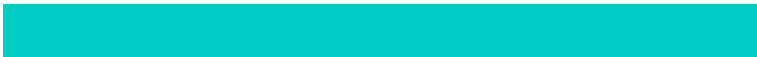
62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380



54.5834, 80.2603, 56.3341

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.2433, 44.1904, 59.1515



62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380



30.9027, 44.1904, 18.0706

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380



48.3261, 44.1904, 13.2280



26.7240, 44.1904, 32.8275



36.2545, 44.1904, 118.3220



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380



60.0582, 44.1904, 25.4742



26.7240, 44.1904, 32.8275



27.9840, 44.1904, 81.2917

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.2132, 44.1924, 67.5389



82.6587, 78.4833, 94.7013



46.1730, 35.2110, 98.9706



17.3250, 16.1673, 19.8288



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.2132, 44.1924, 67.5389



58.1759, 37.7980, 61.0130



56.1294, 41.7588, 35.5019



18.4928, 18.1804, 21.2124



24.9975, 12.4883, 19.1689



2.4866, 1.2370, 2.1438



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.2132, 44.1924, 67.5389



58.1759, 37.7980, 61.0130



61.8816, 83.1796, 94.7660



18.4928, 18.1804, 21.2124



24.9975, 12.4883, 19.1689

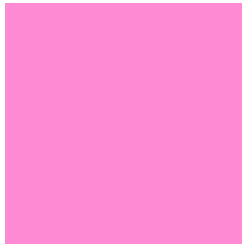


2.4866, 1.2370, 2.1438



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

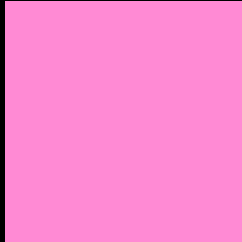
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

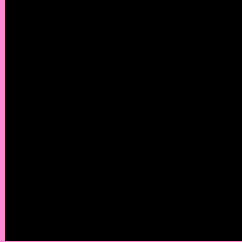
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.2121, 44.1904,

67.5380.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380

### Protanopia

45.6025, 44.7562, 87.8967

### Deuteranopia

45.3756, 44.2885, 64.5495



## Tritanopia

56.1595, 44.1727, 38.8240

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380



## Protanomaly

49.5689, 43.0999, 79.8353



## Deuteranomaly

50.2505, 43.2510, 65.3743



## Tritanomaly

58.0457, 44.0147, 48.0842

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380



## Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202



## Achromatomaly

48.9820, 44.1259, 55.8047

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 138, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 138, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 138, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 138, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 138, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 138, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 138, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 138, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 138, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 138,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.2121, 44.1904, 67.5380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 138, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
138, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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